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UNITED NATIONS CENTRE FOR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

In collaboration with

Ministry of Public Works and Transport, the Government of Lao PDR, Ministry of the Environment (MOE), Japan Partnership on Sustainable, Low Carbon Transport, United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, and United Nations Office for Sustainable Development

TENTH REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTALLY SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT (EST) FORUM IN ASIA, 14-16 MARCH 2016, VIENTIANE, LAO PDR

Country Presentation (Pakistan)

(Presentation for EST Plenary Session 8 of the Provisional Programme)

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Country Presentation - Pakistan

By:

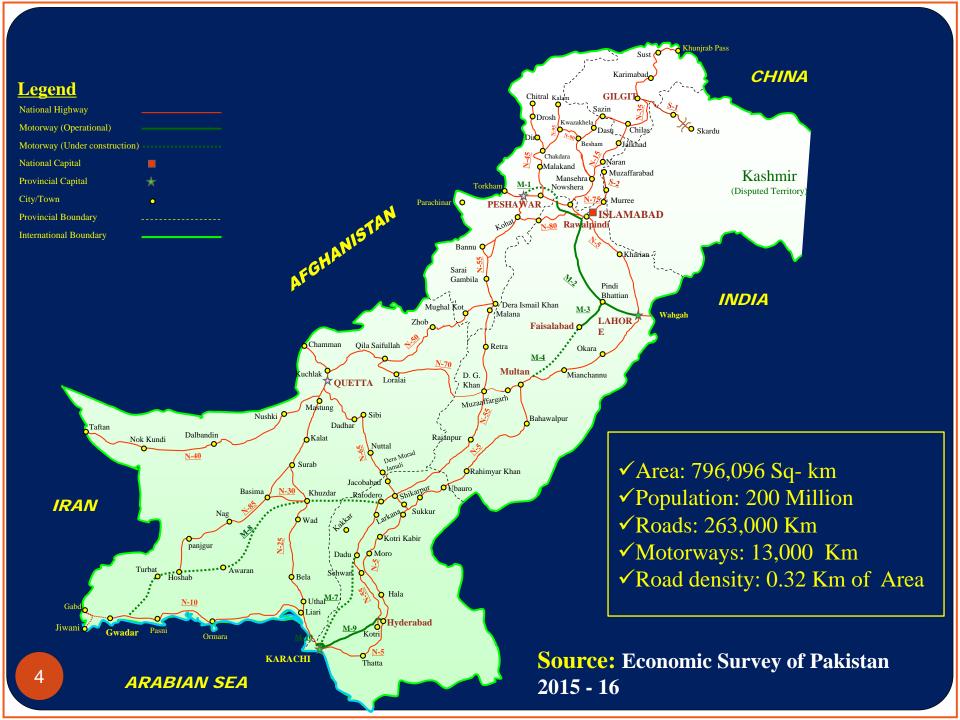
Muhammad Ali Shahzada

Additional Secretary – Ministry of Communications

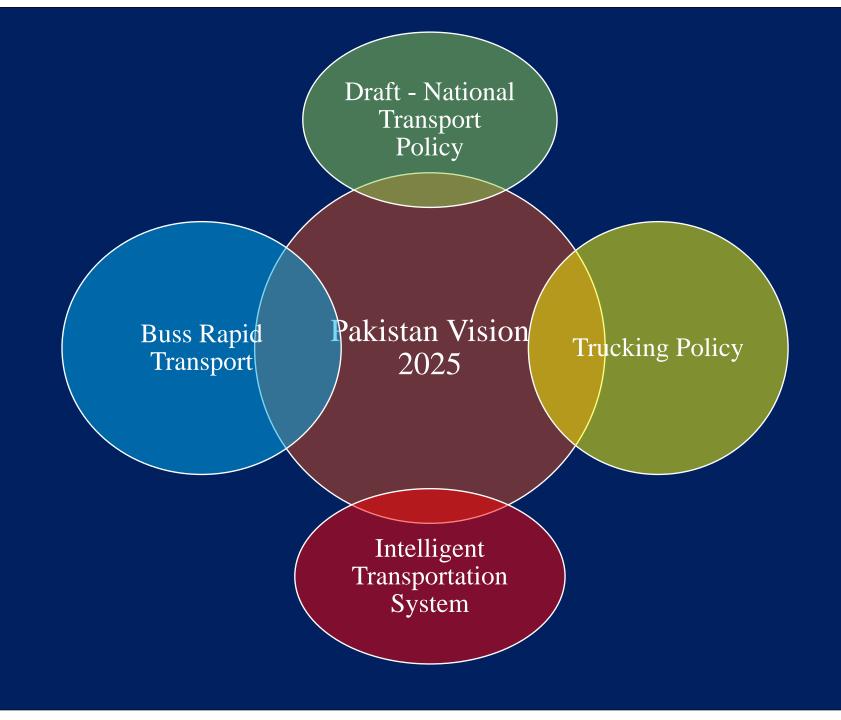
Government of Pakistan







Major initiatives



Implementing Tools

- Strengthen existing railway system for urban and suburban traffic in major cities.
- Inter-modal changes to save time and money of the users.
- Regulation of Transport Demand Management
 - o linking fuel prices with international oil prices
 - o introduction of parking fees etc
- Improving Fuel Quality & Minimizing Emissions

- Conversion of two stroke engines to four stroke engines.
- Elimination of lead from Petrol and minimizing sulphur from Diesel.
- Conversion of vehicles to CNG
- Specialized police patrolling force for Motorways, Expressways and Highways





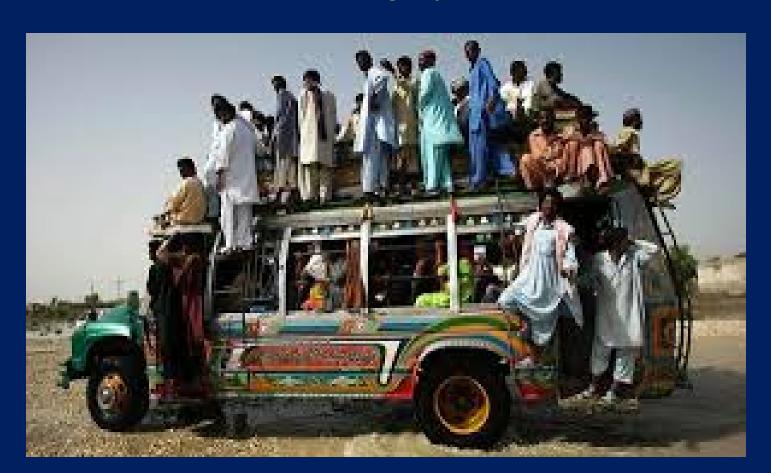
- > BRT has helped increase productivity as passengers have regained 19 minutes of the lost time
- > BRT in three cities has removed 1 million cars from roads
- > 9% of commutes have stopped using cars in five cities where BRT is operating
- > Providing a 2-minute frequency per 1 0000 ridership a day in

Islamabad alone

> Has contributed towards human resource development

Islamabad - Pakistan

- Reduction of around 668 small sized public transport vehicles
- > Electronic fare system in all BRT & Railways
- ➤ Introduction of E Tolling System



> Total emission from transport sector - 78,018 t CO₂ equiv.



Net annual greenhouse gases reduction due to metro bus in Islamabad are :

- \rightarrow CH₄=8582.459 Kg
- $> N_2O=13892.028 \text{ Kg}$
- $ightharpoonup CO_2 = 4486.76 \text{ Tons}$
- ➤ Projected reduction from 5 BRT Corridors 60,672 t CO₂ equiv. 21% of baseline of 2017 till 2030
- Source: Final Report, Study on Carbon Emissions for the selected BRT lines and Potential for Clean Development Mechanism, Contract No. UNDP/CON/15/046



- i. Financial constraints
- ii. Capacity of human resource
- iii. Weak institutional mechanisms
- iv. BRT in built-up areas
- v. Protection of heritage sites viz-a-viz mass transit developments.
- vi. Protection of natural habitats



