FOR PARTICIPANTS ONLY 14 March 2017 ENGLISH ONLY

UNITED NATIONS CENTRE FOR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

In collaboration with

Ministry of Public Works and Transport, Lao People's Democratic Republic Ministry of the Environment (MOE), Japan Partnership on Sustainable, Low Carbon Transport United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, and United Nations Office for Sustainable Development

TENTH REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTALLY SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT (EST) FORUM IN ASIA, 14-16 MARCH 2017, VIENTIANE, LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

2030 Vision for Sustainable Transport in Asia: Aligning Government Policies with Sustainable Development Goals

(Presentation for EST Plenary Session 1 the Provisional Programme)

Final Draft

⁻⁻⁻⁻⁻

This presentation has been prepared by Mr. Cornie Huizenga, SLoCaT Partnership for the Tenth Regional EST Forum in Asia. The views expressed herein are those of the author only and do not necessarily reflect the views of the United Nations.

Disclaimer: The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

2030 Vision for Sustainable Transport in Asia: Aligning Government Policies with Sustainable Development Goals



Cornie Huizenga *Partnership on Sustainable, Low Carbon Transport*



Plenary Session 1, Intergovernmental Tenth Regional Environmentally Sustainable Transport (EST) Forum in Asia Vientiane, Lao PDR 14 March, 2017



90+ Members: International Organizations – Governments – Development Banks – NGOs – Private Sector – Academe

Mission: Integrate Sustainable Transport in Global Policies on Sustainable Development and Climate Change





Key Global Processes on sustainable development and climate change

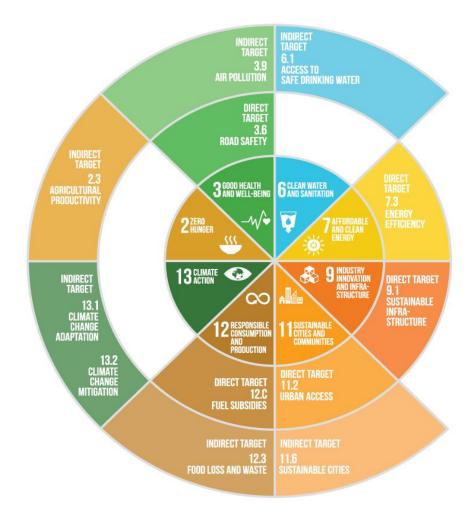


Global Processes on Sustainable Development and Climate Change present Transport Sector with Opportunities and Responsibilities





- Transport not a standalone SDG, but mainstreamed in 8 out of 17 SDGs:
 - SDG 2 Zero Hunger
 - SDG 3 Health
 - SDG 6 Clean Water
 - SDG 7 Energy
 - SDG 9 Infrastructure
 - SDG 11 Cities
 - SDG 12 Sustainable
 Consumption
 - SDG 13 Climate
 Change





Linkage Global Agreements with Sustainable Transport

Themes	Poverty Alleviation & Food Security	Social Inclusion & Equity	Urban/ Rural Access/ Regional Connectivity	Climate Change Mitigation	Climate Change Adaptation	Road Safety
2030 Agenda						
Paris Agreement						
New Urban Agenda						
Addis Ababa Action Agenda						
Global Decade of Action on Road Safety						
Sendai Framework 2015-2030						
Nairobi Mandate						

Level of Contribut	tion
High	Low
Medium	None



Reporting Format

- Most global agreements, except the recently adopted Nairobi Mandate, have set up reporting mechanism
- 2030 Agenda and the Paris Agreement calls for bottom-up, national-level reporting:
 - NDCs, National Communications, BUR, NAPA –Climate Change
 - Voluntary National Reviews (VNR) 2030 Agenda)
- 8 EST member countries committed to submit their VNRs in 2017 and Singapore has committed to submit its VNR in 2018
- Other global agreements adopt a more top-down approach to track and monitor progress and impacts in a global context (e.g. global status reports

Asia –Global Reporting Mechanisms

<u>Asia</u>

- ADB Transport DataBank
- UN ESCAP Biennial Review of Developments in Transport in Asia and the Pacific

Global

- International Transport/ Energy Model Comparison Project (iTEM)
- ITDP/SLoCaT Mobility Analytics Partnership
- SLoCaT Partnership Global Status Report on Sustainable Transport
- UN-Habitat SLoCaT MoU on Transport in NUA
- Sustainable Mobility for All (SUM4ALL) Global Tracking Framework on Sustainable Transport



Section II

LINKAGES BETWEEN THE BANGKOK DECLARATION FOR 2020 AND GLOBAL AGREEMENTS

Linkages between the Bangkok Declaration for 2020 and the SDGs

		Direct Transport Targets Indirect Transport Targets				S						
Bangkok 2020 Goals	3.6 Road Safety	7.3 Energy Efficiency	9.1 Sustainable Infrastructure for All	11.2 Sustainable Transport System for All	12.C Fuel Subsidies	2.3 Agricultural Productivity	3.9 Air Pollution	6.1 Access to Safe Drinking Water	11.6 Sustainable Cities	12.3 Food Loss and Waste	13.1 Climate Change Adaptation	13.2 Climate Change Mitigation
Goal 1: Land-use & Transport Planning												
Goal 2: Mixed-use Development												
Goal 3: Information and Communications Technologies												
Goal 4: Non-Motorized Transport												
Goal 5: Public Transport Services												
Goal 6: Transport Demand Management												
Goal 7: Inter-city Passenger and Goods Transport												
Goal 8: Transport Fuels and Technology												
Goal 9: Fuel Economy												
Goal 10: Vehicle Inspection and Maintenance												
Goal 11: Intelligent Transport System												
Goal 12: Freight Transport												
Goal 13: Safety												
Goal 14: Health												
Goal 15: Air Quality and Noise												
Goal 16: Global Climate Change & Energy Security												
Goal 17: Social Equity												
Goal 18: Financing												
Goal 19: Information & Awareness												9
Goal 20: Institution & Governance												<u> </u>

Linkages between the Bangkok Declaration and Other Global Agreements

	Global Agreements									
Bangkok 2020 Goals	Paris Agreement	New Urban Agenda	Addis Ababa Action Agenda	Global Decade of Action on Road Safety	Sendai Framework 2015-2030	Nairobi Mandate				
Goal 1: Land-use & Transport Planning										
Goal 2: Mixed-use Development										
Goal 3: Information and Communications Technologies										
Goal 4: Non-Motorized Transport										
Goal 5: Public Transport Services										
Goal 6: Transport Demand Management										
Goal 7: Inter-city Passenger and Goods Transport										
Goal 8: Transport Fuels and Technology										
Goal 9: Fuel Economy										
Goal 10: Vehicle Inspection and Maintenance										
Goal 11: Intelligent Transport System										
Goal 12: Freight Transport										
Goal 13: Safety										
Goal 14: Health										
Goal 15: Air Quality and Noise										
Goal 16: Global Climate Change & Energy Security										
Goal 17: Social Equity										
Goal 18: Financing										
Goal 19: Information & Awareness										
Goal 20: Institution & Governance										

Bangkok 2020 Declaration wellaligned with Global Agreements on Sustainable Development and Climate Change



Synergy between implementation of Bangkok 2020 Declaration and Global Agreements – Quick Win Actions

"Quick-win Actions" can accelerate coordinated implementation of Bangkok 2020 Declaration and Global Agreements in EST countries





Section III

THE WAY FORWARD FOR THE BANGKOK DECLARATION FOR POST-2020

Trendsetter

- in bringing Transport and Environment Ministries together. Reinforced later by adding cities and Health Ministries;
- Integrated approach to sustainable transport policy making
 - First efforts to do so, especially in the context of the developing world;

Direction in the planning

 The development of 20 goals – supported by indicators -under the Bangkok 2020 declaration supported countries with conceptual guidance in planning providing countries of their transport sector.

Predecessor Global Agreements

 Bangkok 2020 Declaration introduced Asian Countries to key-elements of sustainable transport





Global agreements in place

 acknowledge the importance of sustainable transport and are setting up reporting requirements on various dimensions of sustainable transport

Transport Sector is getting better organized

 The transport community is coming together in the SuM4All Initiative (SuM4All), which is also working on the development of a Global Tracking Framework on Sustainable Transport

Emerging Regional Leadership

 In addition to the EST Forum - Greater willingness to integrate sustainable transport in formal intergovernmental structures on sustainable transport (i.e. ASEAN Transport Strategic Plan or Kuala Lumpur Transport Strategic Plan, UNESCAP Ministerial Conference on Transport)



Questions and Issues on the future of EST Forum and following-up declaration

The orientation of the EST Forum

- Going beyond "environment" to overall "sustainable" Transport?
- Going beyond urban to include national/rural?
- Include Energy and other Ministries

Further integration of cities in the EST Forum

• Role of Mayors: separate of integrated?

Positioning vis-à-vis global agreements

• In terms of ambition level and indicators – reporting?

Relationship to other regional intergovernmental processes

• UN-ESCAP, ASEAN, SAARC

"Nesting" of the Asia Regional EST Forum into the global SuM4All initiative

• EST as Asian voice of SUM4ALL?

Shifting the emphasis towards implementation

• Role of regional policy forum in scaling up implementation (Finance?)

Future Role of non-governmental actors in the EST Forum

- Continue existing structure?
- Greater involvement private sector?

Funding base EST Forum

- Continuation existing funder?
- Possible broadening of donor support for the EST Forum and successor of the Bangkok Declaration for 2020



Plan for a decadal (2020-2030) Declaration?

2017-2018

- Consultations with stakeholders on the effectiveness of EST Forum and the Bangkok Declaration for 2020 to accelerate environmentally sustainable transport in Asia;
- In-depth look at the questions posed in previous slide;
- Development of possible scenarios for follow-up to the Bangkok Declaration for 2020 for discussion at EST Forum in 2018.

2018-2019

- Further elaboration of preferred scenario(s) by 2018 EST Forum participants;
- Drafting and circulation of successor document for comments.

2019 EST Forum

• Adoption of successor to Bangkok Declaration for 2020.

Ad-Hoc Task-force to plan discussions on follow-up Declaration :

- Four country representatives of EST Forum member countries. Ideally this would be persons who have been involved in at least three of the past EST Forums and who would be available for a two- or three-year period;
- One representative from the Ministry of Environment Japan, the main donor of the EST Forum;
- One representative from UN-ESCAP as principal inter-governmental actor on transport in Asia-Pacific; and
- One representative from among the (nongovernmental) international experts in the EST Forum.



Thank you for your attention!

For more information, visit our website:

http://slocat.net/ http://www.ppmc-transport.org/

And follow us on Twitter: @SLOCATCornie



SLoCaT Partnership