Low Carbon High Volume Transport: Implications the Towards Paris Agreement



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Low Carbon, High Volume Transport Project Overview





4 research themes

- Long distance strategic road and rail transport
- Urban transport
- Low carbon transport
- Gender, vulnerable groups, and inclusion

Objectives

- Explore **current state of knowledge and capacity** of low carbon, high volume transport in selected project countries in Africa and South Asia
- Strengthen link between **research and implementation** to increase provision of low carbon passenger and freight transport measures









Capacity Building Strategy for Low Carbon, High Volume Transport

- Capacity building one of major planned deliverables of Theme 3
- Develop capacity building strategy for institutions responsible for uptake and implementation of research findings on low carbon HVT
- Selected project countries for Theme 3 low carbon transport research: *Asia: Bangladesh, India, Indonesia Africa: Ghana, Kenya, Nigeria, Rwanda, South Africa, Uganda*





Who we support

Transport decision-makers and development policy-makers, central and local government transport practitioners, private sector, and civil society





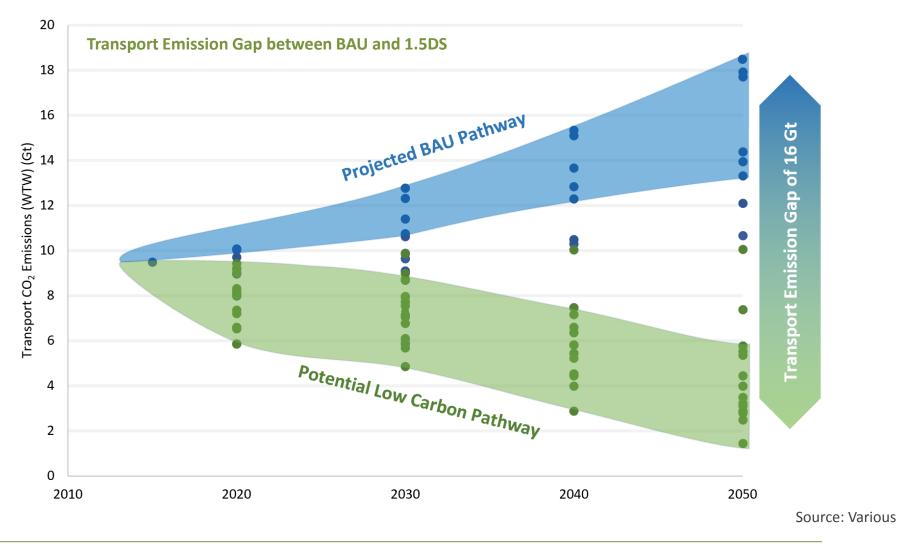




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Role of Transport in Achieving the Paris Agreement











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Transport Emissions Trends in Asia

- Most global transport demand between 2005 and 2015 has been added in Asia
- 92% growth in transport CO₂ emissions in Asia (2000 – 2016):
- Reaching a 1.5DS target requires implementation of low carbon HVT solutions in Asia

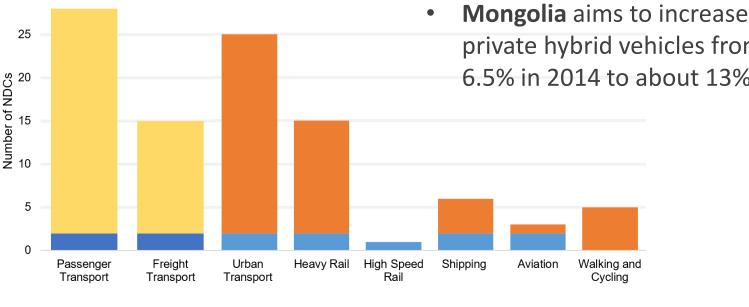


Source: IEA



Implementing Low Carbon High Volume Transport in Asia

- Transport is highlighted in **78% of Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)** in Asia, but only 9% have transport GHG mitigation target, e.g.
- Bangladesh: transport sector reduction target of 24% below 2030 BAU
- India became the second country in Asia and the fifth in the world with heavy-duty vehicle fuel economy regulations (April 2018)
- Mongolia aims to increase share of private hybrid vehicles from about 6.5% in 2014 to about 13% in 2030



Coverage of Transport Modes

Non-Annex I Countries Annex I Countries

30

Annex I Countries

Non-Annex I Countries

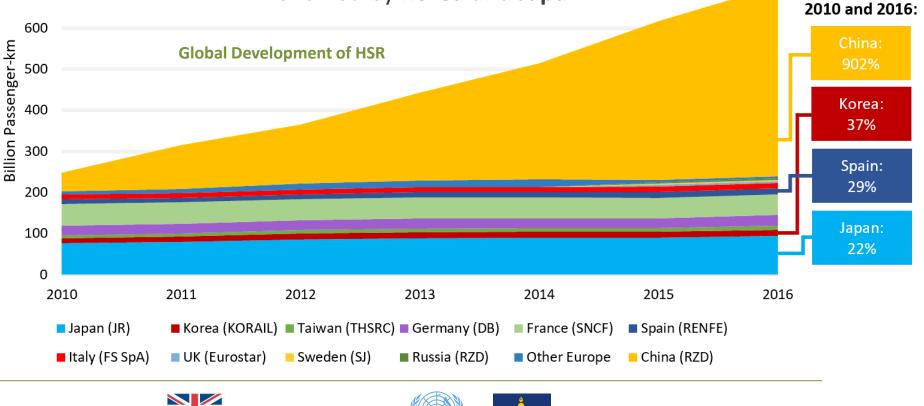
Source: SLoCaT TraKB



Railway Trends: High Speed Rail



- Total High-Speed Rail (HSR) network spans over 32,000 km
- Japan's Shinkansen Network has high passenger capacity and was biggest system in Asia until 2010
- In recent years China leads growth of high-speed rail, followed by Korea and Japan
 Growth Between

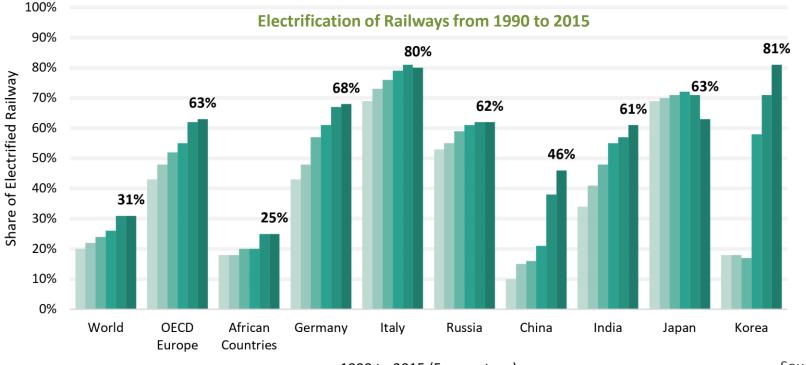


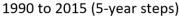




Railway Trends: Rail Electrification

- Rail electrification has reached 81% in Korea, 63% in Japan, 61% in India and 46% in China
- In September 2018, Indian Railways announced plans for 100% electrification by 2021-22













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- Railway improvements and complementary quick wins can spur needed national/local transport emissions reductions
- Transport sector can make a proportional contribution to Paris
 Agreement goals through bold national LCT plans and targets
- HVT stakeholder survey to identify strengths and gaps in knowledge/capacity to implement, monitor and evaluate LCT





Thank you for your attention

For more information on the HVT project, visit our website: http://slocat.net/lowcarbonhvt

> SLoCaT HVT stakeholder survey: https://bit.ly/2OVVHnl

DFID transport research website survey: http://bit.ly/2NUWXuS



