

Ministry of Meteorology, Energy, Information, Disaster Management, Environment, Climate Change and Communications (MEIDECC)



KINGDOM OF TONGA COUNTRY REPORT





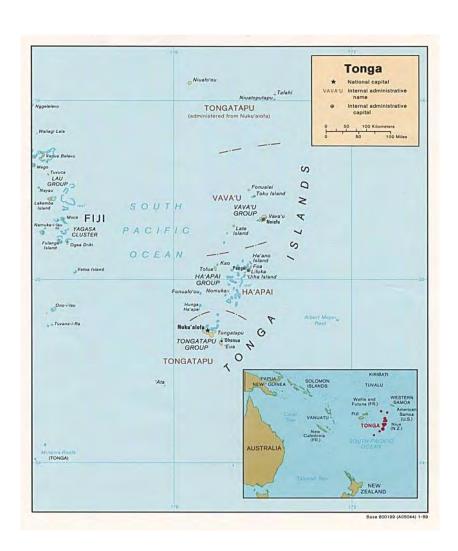
Presentation Outline

- Background
- 3R Initiatives
- Challenges
- Way Forward





Background



- Lies bet 15° and 213.5° S Latitude and 173° to 177° W Longitude
- Combined Land/Sea area of 720,000km²
- 172 named islands with an area of 747km²
- 36 inhabited islands cover an area of 650km²
- Consist of four clusters of islands;
 Tongatapu, 'Eua, Ha'apai, Vava'u and the Niuas
- Capital Nuku'alofa, Tongatapu
- Most islands originate from coralline, flat and encircled by fringing reefs.
 Some atolls and some of volcanic origin
- Population of just over 100,000
- Agricultural based economy
- Tropical climate of wet and dry seasons

3R Initiatives			
Legal Mandate	Policies/Plans/Strategies	Projects	
Waste Management Act 2005	Solid Waste Management Plan 2000	GEF ISLANDS (GEF/SPREP)	

PacWastePlus (EU/SPREP)

Hazardous Wastes and **Draft National Waste**

Management Strategy

Chemicals Act 2010 Public Health Act 1992

Water Policy

Environment Management Act 2010

Litter Control Regulation (JNAP)

2016

Public Health Act 1992

Climate Change Policy

Action Plan (NBSAP)

(NIP)

National Implementation Plan

Tonga Energy Road Map

Joint National Action Plan National Biodiversity Strategic

POLP (AUSAID)

JPRISM III (JICA)

Fourth National

Communications

SWAP (AFD)

(GEF/UNDP)

Clean School Programmes

Waste to Energy Projects



REDUCE

Reduce the amount of waste generated e.g School composting competition





REUSE

Reuse of unwanted items for new purpose e.g Clean School Programmes

Unwanted item: soda can

New purpose: wall

decoration





RECYCLE

There are private recyclers who accepts aluminium cans, steel/tin cans, scrap metals and car batteries





Challenges

- Limited number of human and financial resources
- Weak political support and commitment
- Weak coordination within governments, NGOs, civil societies and private sectors
- Lack of awareness programmes
- Lack of in-country trainings



Way Forward

- Increase financial support from Government towards the implementation of waste programmes
- Inclusion of high level segment where appropriate will ensure strong political support and commitment
- Strengthen the existing coordination system to strengthen networking and partnerships within government, NGOs, civil societies and private sectors and donor/development partners
- Information management system to be improved for accessibility and effective dissemination of waste information to public
- Training on waste issues should be conducted



Malo 'Aupito

