Development Strategy of High Speed Railway

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个 Tokaido and Sanyo Lines

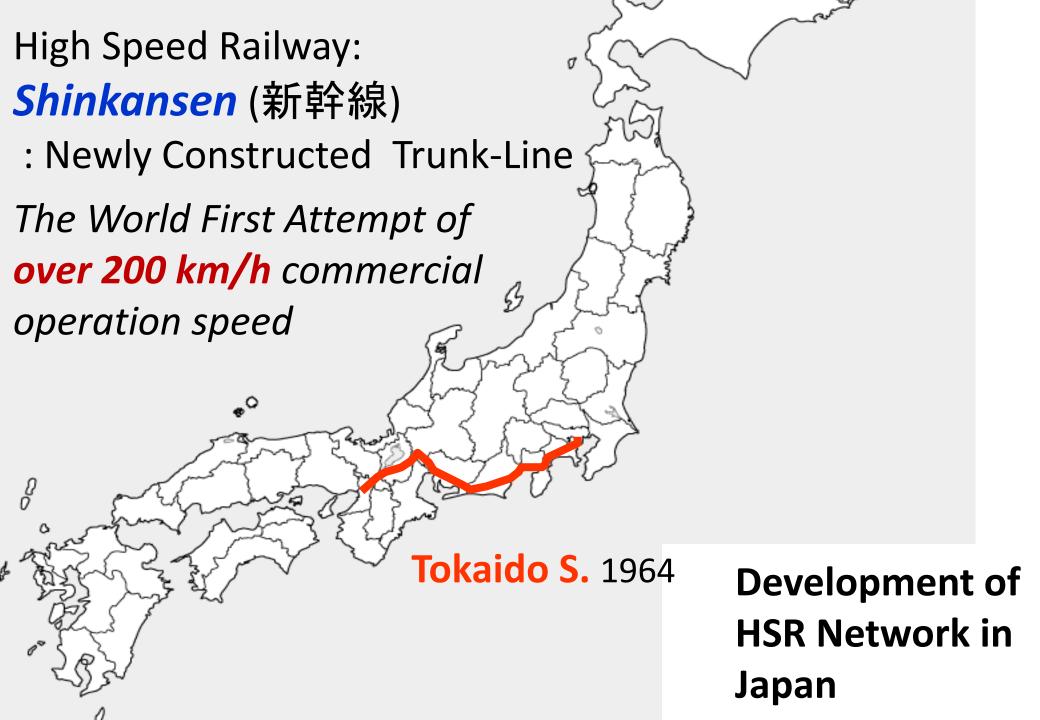




↑ Tohoku and Joetsu Lines ← Hokuriku Line

- 1. Development of HSR Network in Japan
- 2. World-wide Development of HSR
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The Birth of Tokaido Shinkansen 東海道新幹線の誕生

- ■1964 Tokaido Shinkansen Opened 東海道新幹線の開業
- 1st over 200 km/h commercial railway operation in the world 世界初の200キロ営業運転
- Pacific Corridor of Japan (Tokyo-Osaka) 太平洋ベルトを通って首都と第二の都市を繋ぐ
- transp. capacity problem in existing narrow gauge railway 狭軌在来線の輸送容量問題
- completely new system on newly constructed standard gauge track

標準軌新線上の完全独立システムの構築

Speed Comparison of Express Trains (early 1960s) 特急列車の速度比較(1960年代前半)

Max. Speed

T-Table Speed

Kodama (NG-Tokaido, Japan)

Red Arrow (USSR)

Edelweis (Belgium)

Rheingold (Nederland)

Cettevelo (Italy)

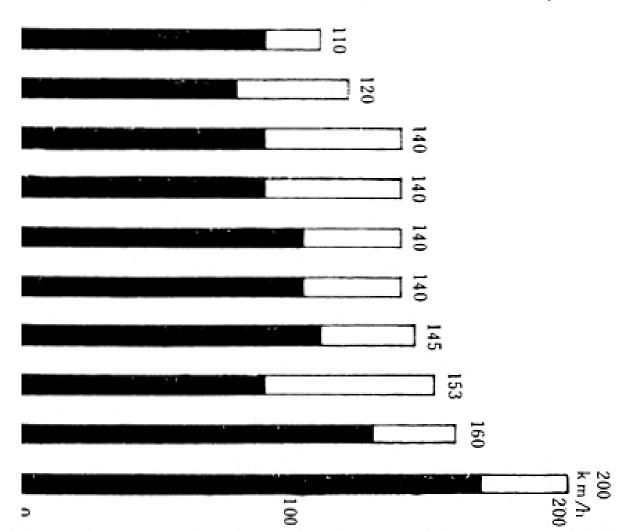
Schauinsland (W-Germany)

Bristrian (UK)

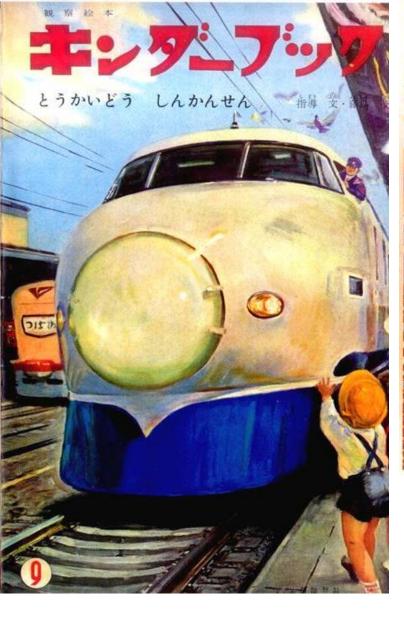
Broadway Limited (USA)

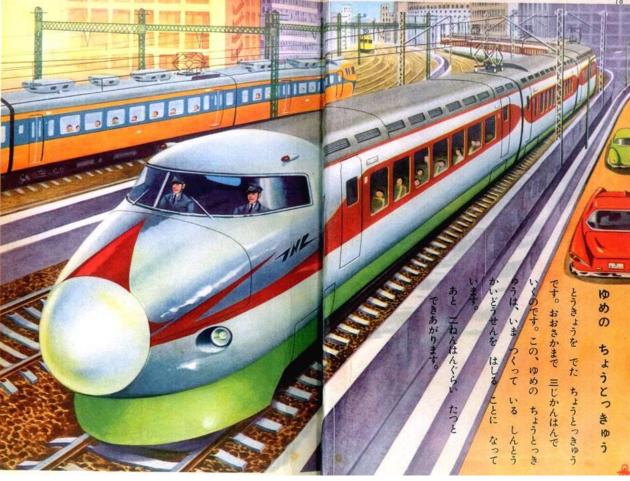
Mistral (France)

Hikari (Shinkansen, Japan)



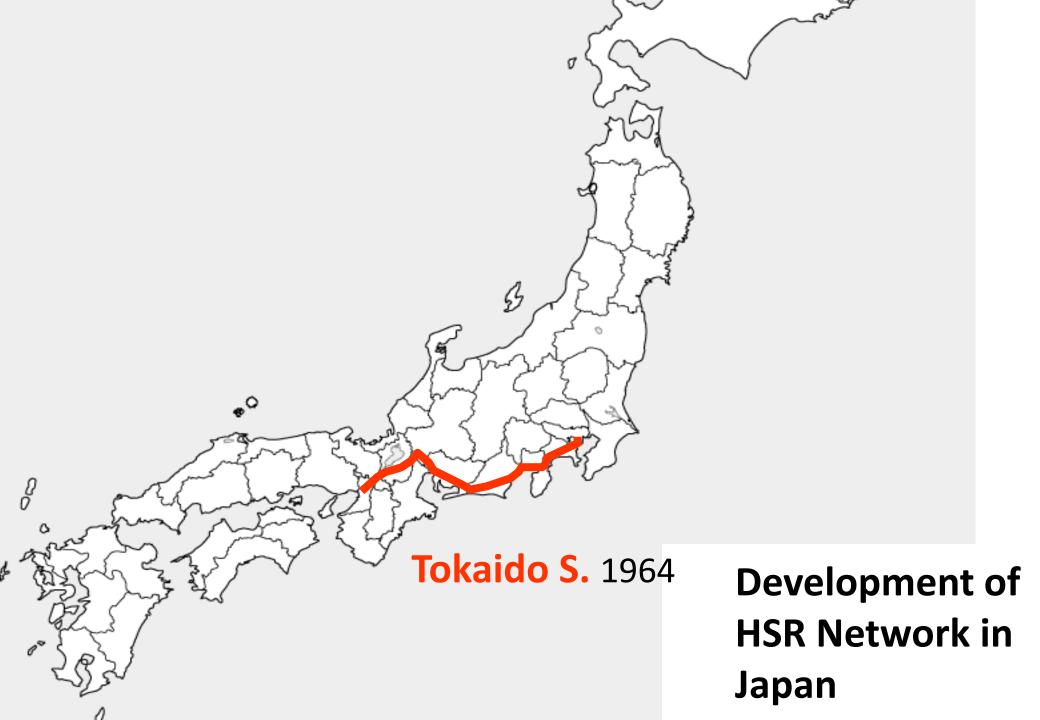
出典: 加藤一郎監修「東海道新幹線」(ダイヤモンド社)1964年

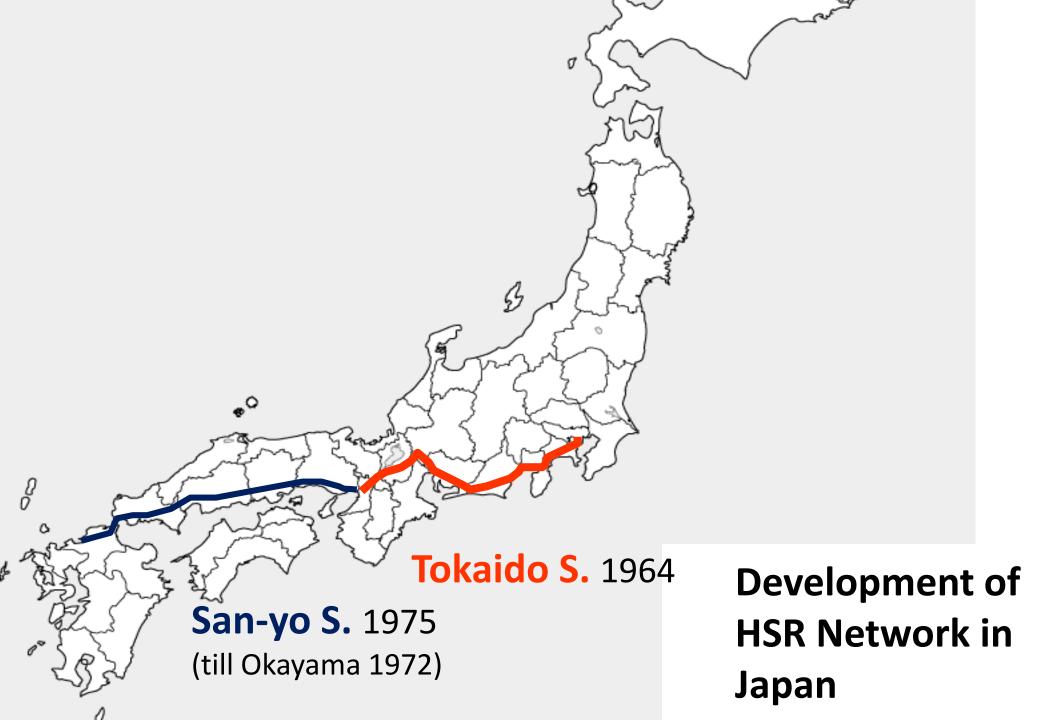


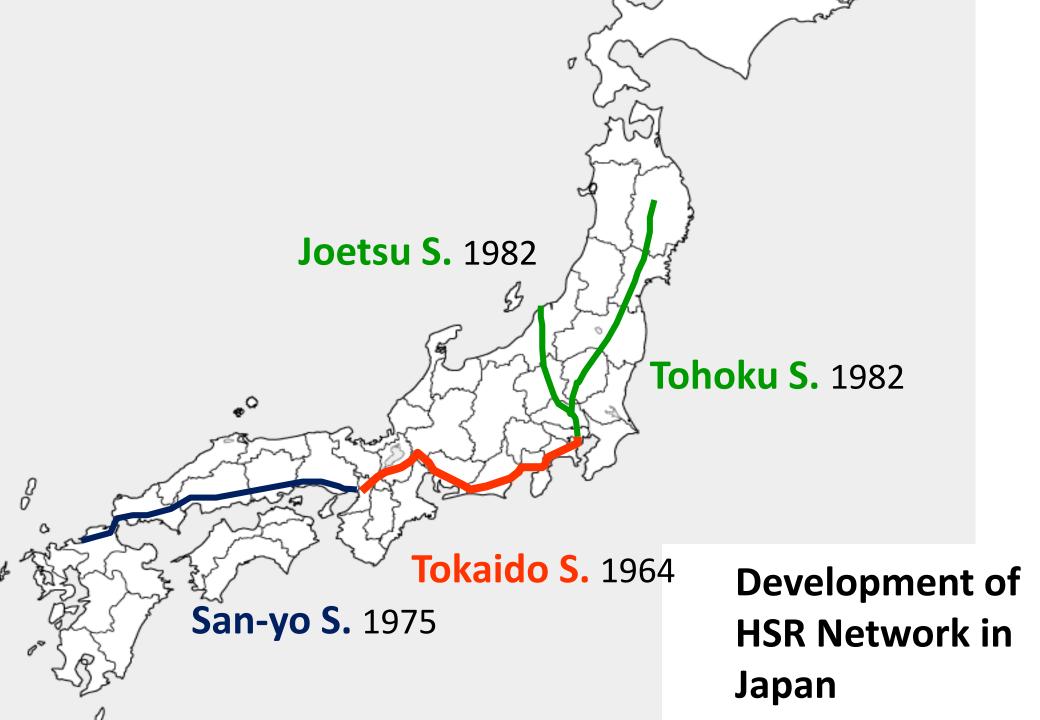


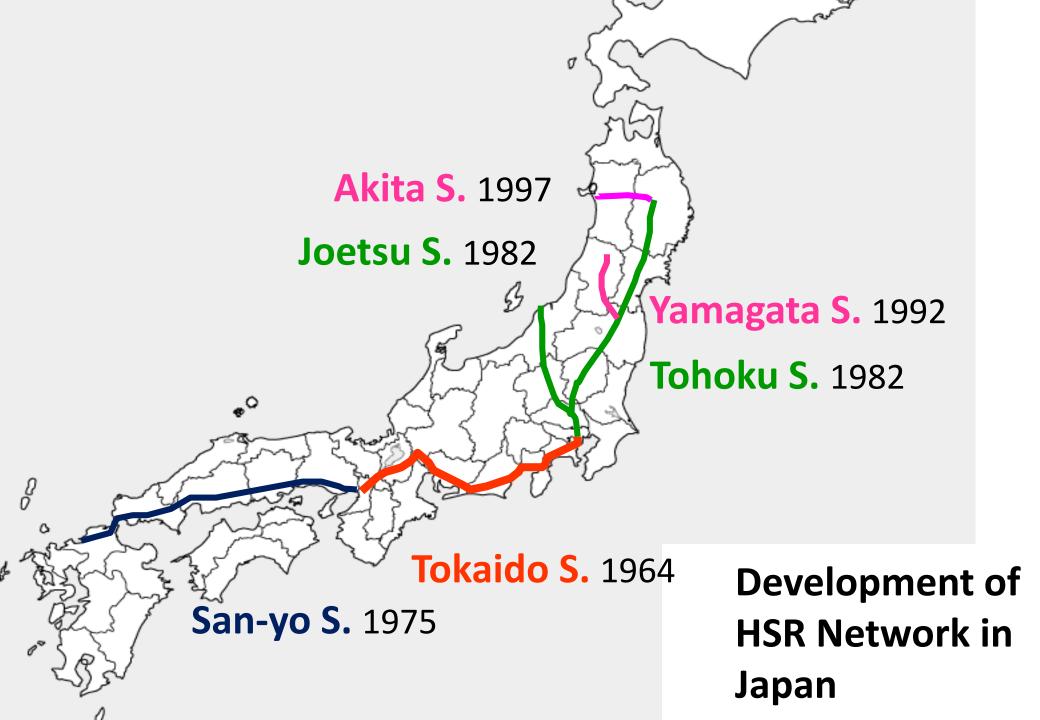
from child books in early 1960s 1960年代初頭のこども用絵本から

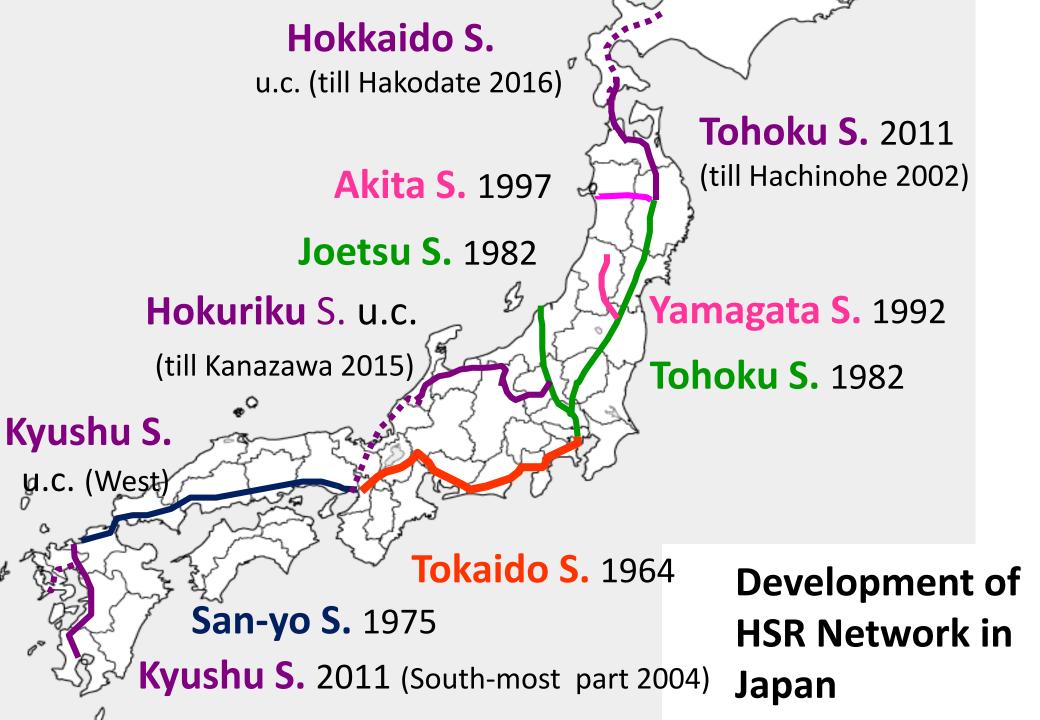
"Super Express Train of Dream"「夢の超特急」

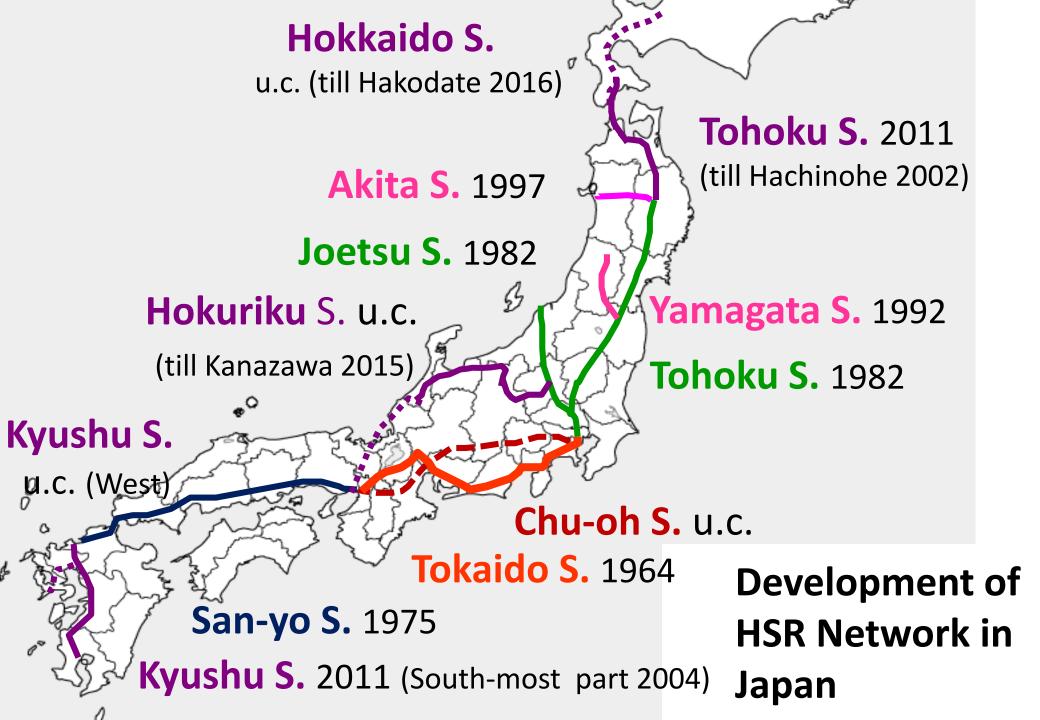












HSR Development after Tokaido-S 高速鉄道の展開

- Transp. capacity improvement → Development of backward regions 輸送力増強 → 地域開発
- Speed-up from 200 regime to 300 regime and other performance improvement 速度向上などの性能向上
- New track construction → Direct Operation into (improved) existing tracks (改軌した)在来線への直通運転
- Development of Non-Adhesion Train (MagLev Train) 超電導磁気浮上鉄道の開発

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HSR Development after Tokaido-S 高速鉄道の展開in the World 世界の動き

1960s and 1970s: Shinkansen in Japan

1980s: Japan and France...

1981 TGV Paris-South-East opened at 260km/h

1989 TGV Atlantic opened

1990s: Japan and Europe

1991 ICE (Germany) opened

1992 AVE (Spain) opened ...

1994 Eurostar across the Channel (International Operation of HSR)

1996 Thalys in between 4 countries ...

2000-: Birth in Asia

2004 KTX (Korea)

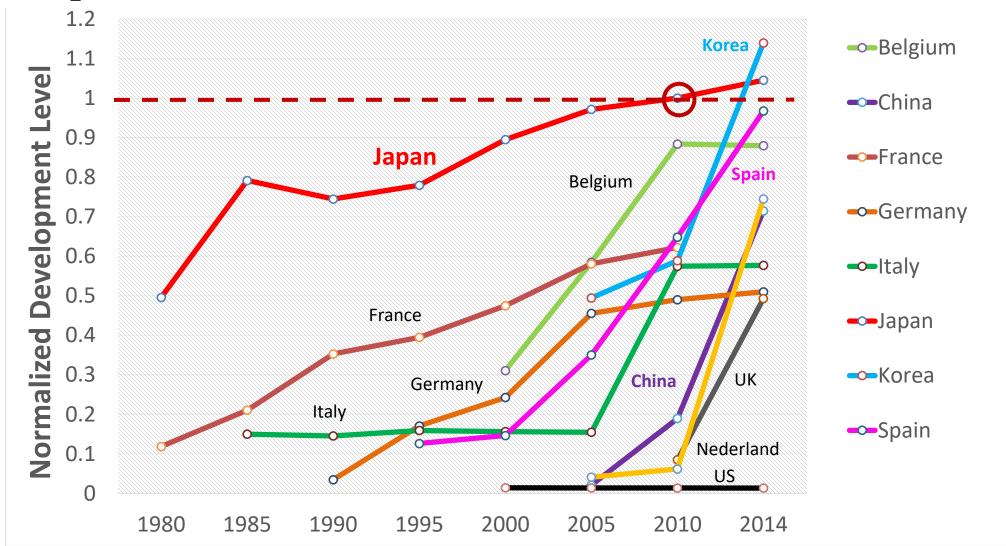
2007 HSR (Taiwan)

2008 HST (Beijin-Tienjin, China)

2010s: Hard Competition for New Markets of HSR

Normalized Development Level of HSR Network (1980-2014) 高速鉄道ネットワークの整備水準(延長)

(Japan in 2010 = 1) by Ieda, Zhao Xi, et al. (2013, 2016)



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Types of HSR Development 高速鉄道整備の類型

Type 1: for solving existing transport capability problems in trunk lines

逼迫する輸送問題の解決を図る。

→ ex) Tokaido, Chuo-MagLev

Type 2: for **enhancing nation-wide economic growth** by improving passenger mobility along economically accumulated national land axes 国土の主軸(経済集積地)上の旅客移動速度を向上し国土全体の経済活力を増進する。

→ ex) Sanyo, Tohoku (south segment)

Type 3: for **promoting regional vitality in remote areas** by improving accessibility to/from there

僻遠地のアクセス性を向上し地方部の振興を図る。

→ ex) Joetsu, Hokuriku, Tohoku (north segment), Hokkaido, Kyushu

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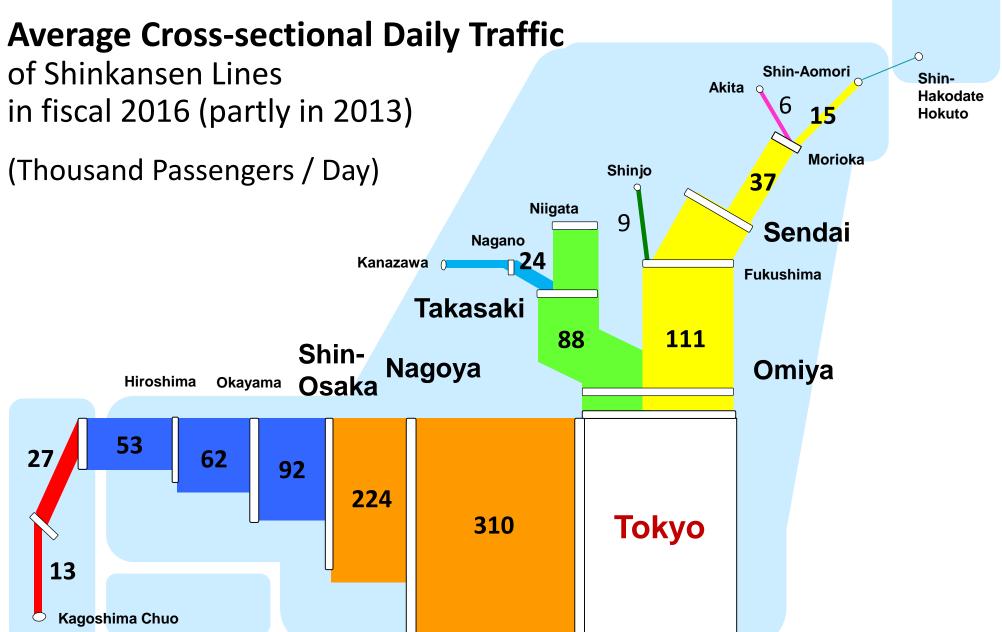
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Organizational, Financial as well as Technical frameworks highly depend on these types.

新幹線の断面輸送量



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Diversity in Design Concept of HSR 基本コンセプトの多様性

- Separated system or Inter-operability? 分離独立 or インターオペラビリティ
- Distributed power units or Concentrated power units?
 動力分散 or 動力集中
- Adhesion system or Non-Adhesion system? 粘着鉄道 or 非粘着鉄道
- Regional transport or Long-distance transport?
 地域輸送重視 or 長距離輸送重視
- Structure-oriented track or Maintenance-oriented track? **重構造**軌道 or メンテナンス軌道
- Ordinary train-set or Articulated train-set ? 通常車両 or 連接車両
- Station Space: Pax. Stock-function or Pax. Flow-function? 旅客を溜める機能重視 or 旅客を流す機能重視

.... etc.

Factors and Philosophy to Determine Design Concept

基本コンセプトを決める諸条件と計画思想

Surrounding Conditions 環境条件

- Geographic and Climatologic Factors 地形 気候条件
- Demographic and Socio-Economic Factors 人口 社会経済条件
- Technological Potential 技術的背景とポテンシャル
- Business and Industry Factors ビジネス環境
- Labor Factors 労働条件
- Factors about Existing Railway System 既存鉄道の状況
- User and Transport Market 利用者・交通市場の状況
- Political and Financial Factors 政治的 財政的状況

Philosophy / Value

Judgment of Planners and

the Society

理念・計画思想・価値観 本コンセプト

Fundamentals of HSR 高速鉄道の基



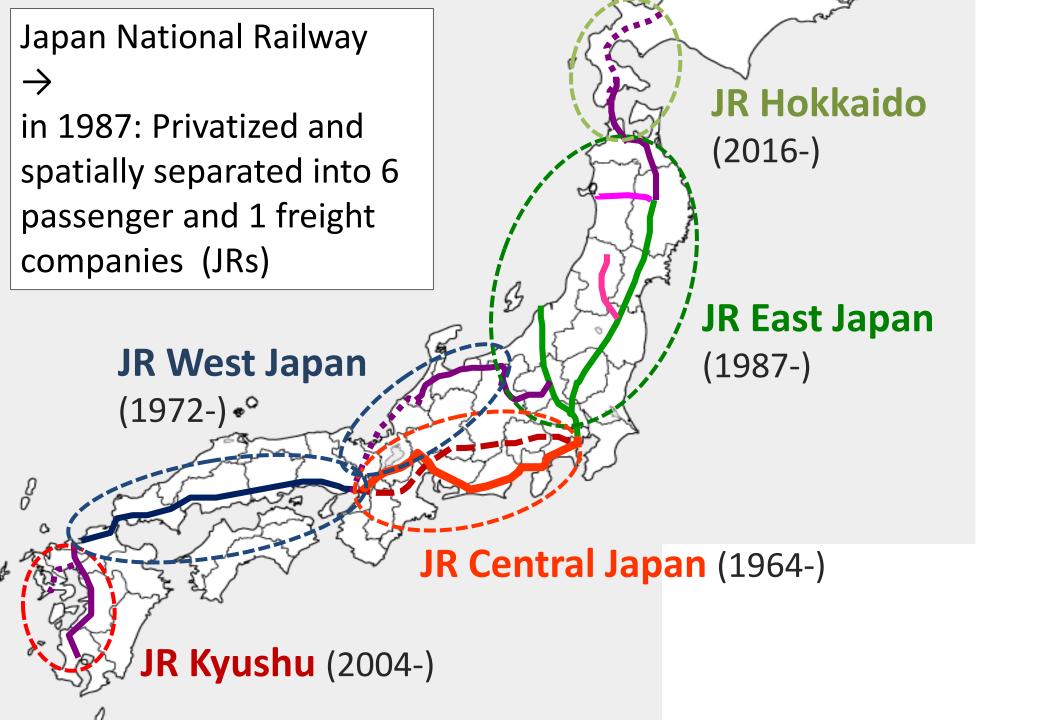




Extraordinary Large Space in Shanghai Honqiao HSR Station, China: Most space for pax. waiting

上海虹橋駅の広大な駅空間 ほとんどの空間が旅客の待合いスペースに充てられている。

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Diversification in Management Policies of HST after the Regional Division / Privatization of Japan National Railways in 1987

国鉄分割民営化と新幹線のマネジメント方針の多様化

	JR Kyushu	JR West	JR Central	JR East
Pax. Vol.	Light	Middle	Extremely Heavy!	Heavy!
Route	← Si	mple Linear L	ine — T	ree-Shape Nwk
Train Sets	← Severa	ol Types → (Extremely Standardized	Many Types (incld. Double Dck.)
Econ. Seats	— partly	4 rows —	← All 5 re	OWS
Aesthetic Extremely not bad Good! Design Good!				
Operation	← simp	le	very simple	varietied



个 Tokaido and Sanyo Lines





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Train-Set of Kyushu Shinkansen

END

ご清聴ありがとうございました。