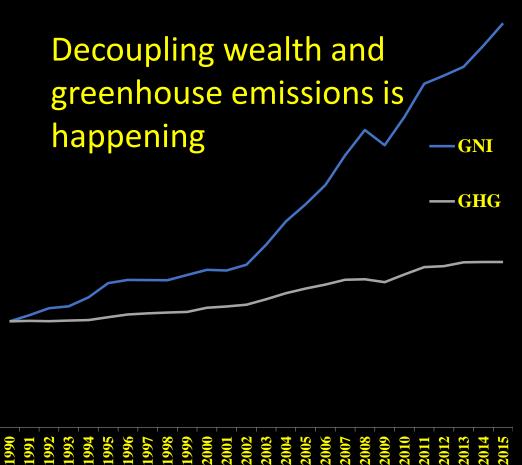
The Role of Railways in Building Resilient and Sustainable Cities and Communities

By Peter Newman AO Professor of Sustainability CUSP, Curtin University Perth, Australia Peter Newman, Timothy Beatley, and Heather M. Boyer

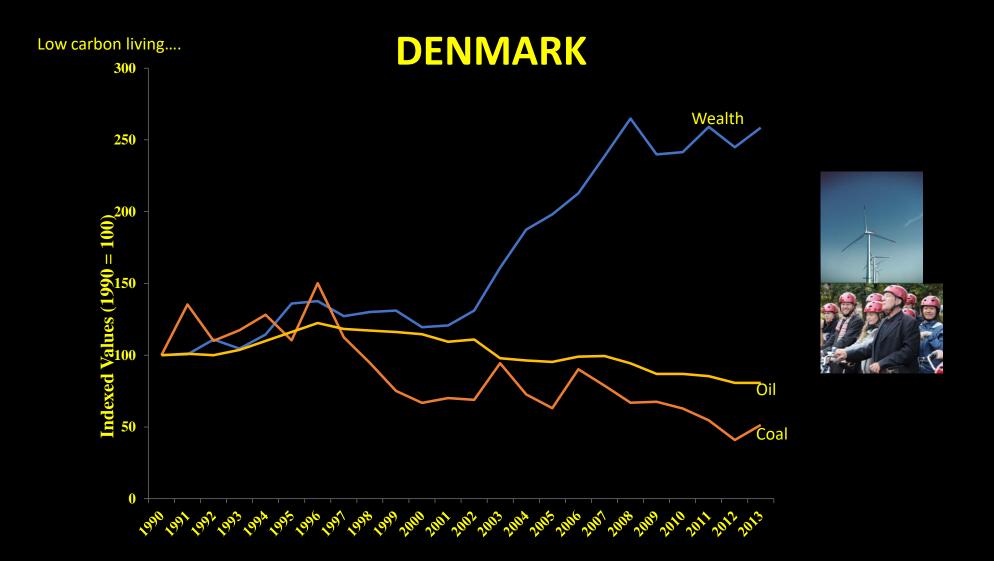
RESILIENT CITIES Turning point in world **Overcoming Fossil-Fuel** Dependence GHG going DOWN,

UP

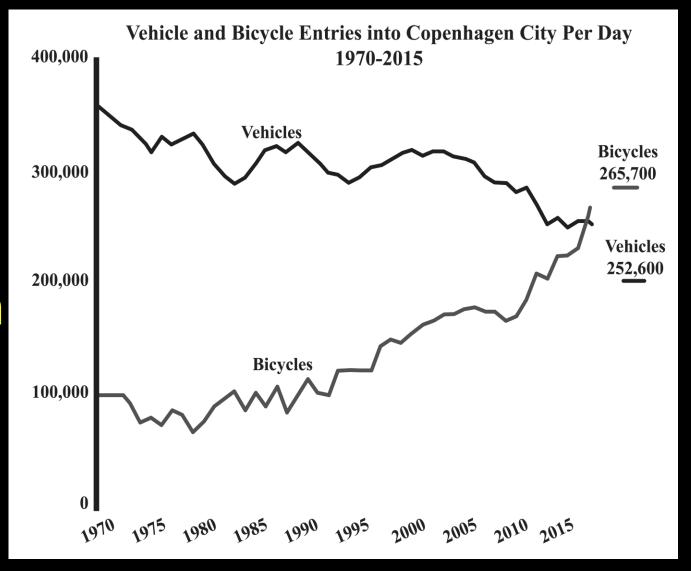
450 400 350 history.... es (1990,= 100) Value **4**00 Wealth going **50**

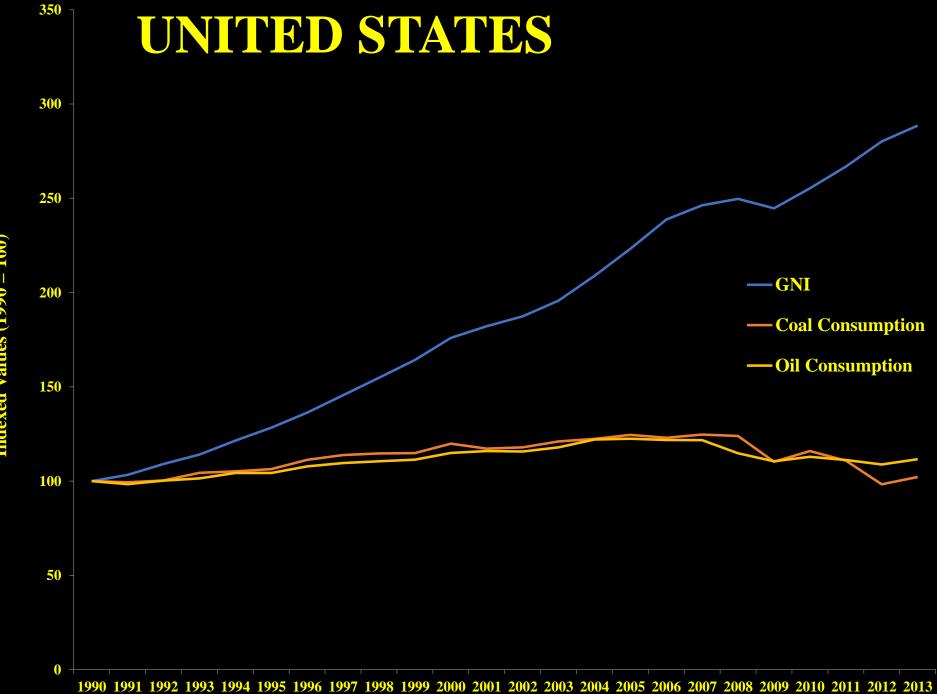


No longer is the climate and SDG agenda competing with the economic development agenda.....

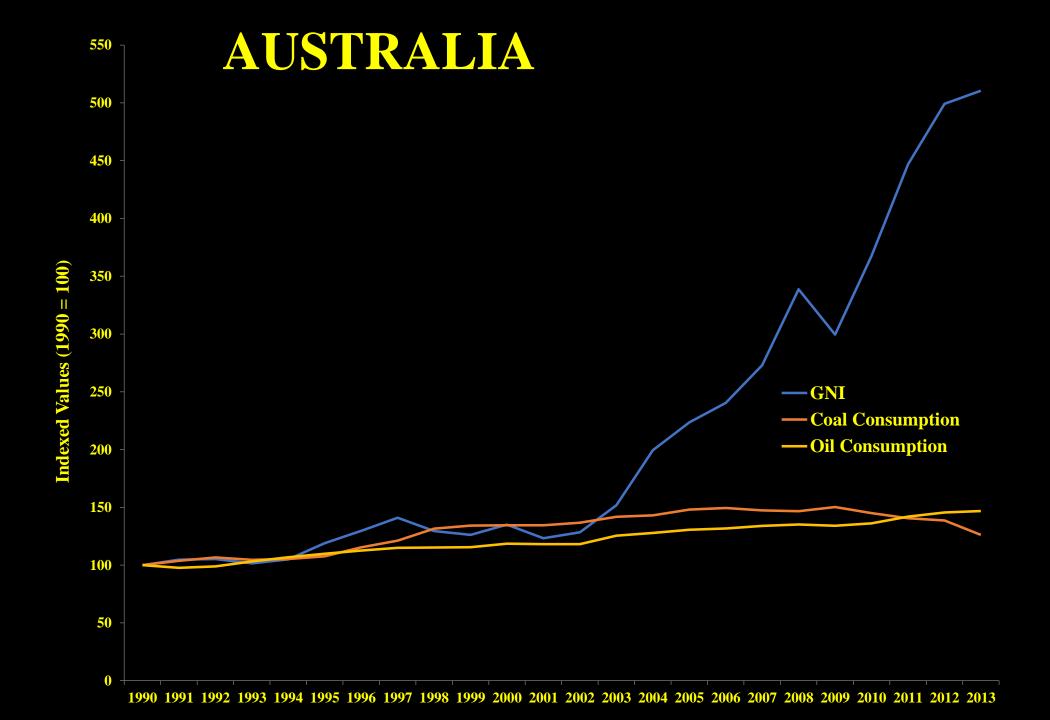


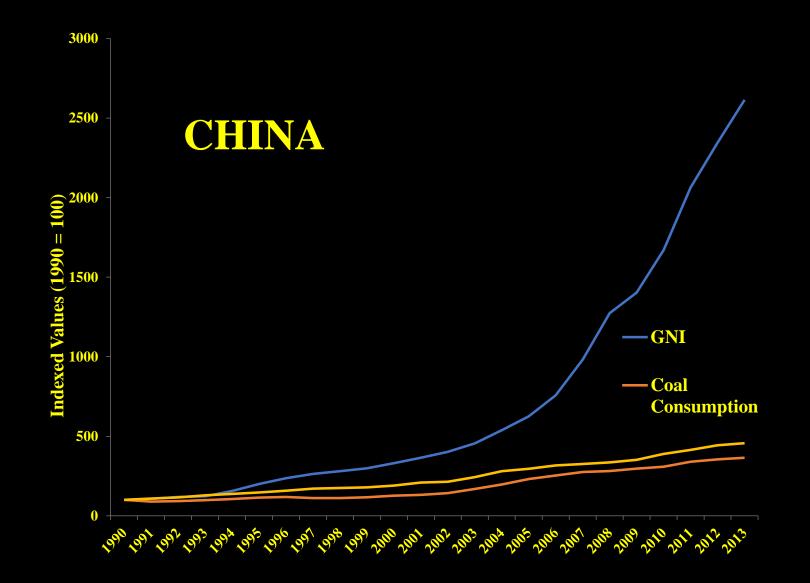
Cycling has now outstripped car use in Copenhagen and not harmed the economy

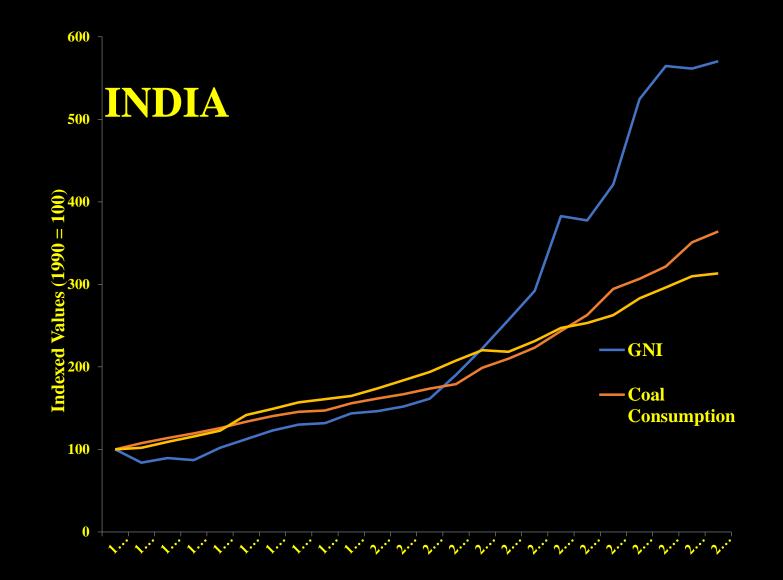




Indexed Values (1990 = 100)







The challenge....

INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON Climate change

CLIMATE CHANGE 2014

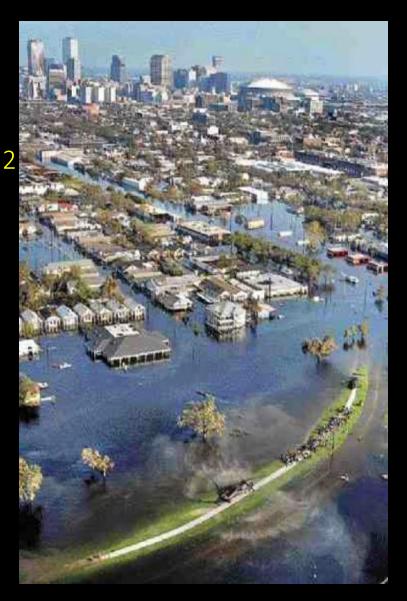
Mitigation of Climate Change



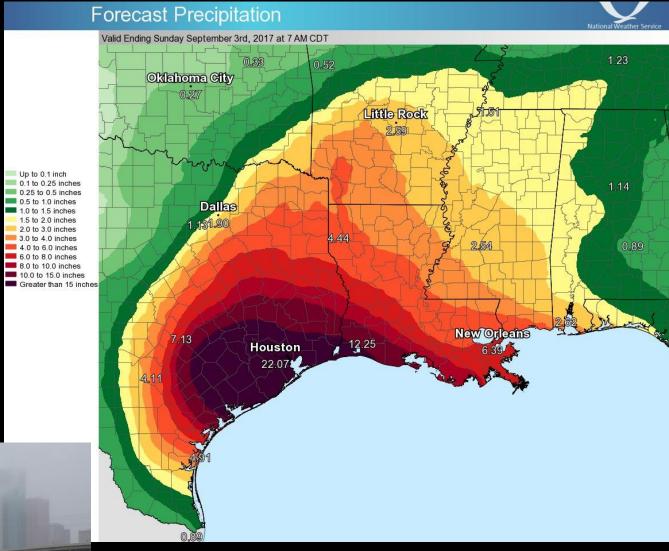
(A) (D) WMO UNEP

WORKING GROUP III CONTRIBUTION TO THE FIFTH ASSESSMENT REPORT OF THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE 80% less CO₂ by 2050 to avert climate disaster

Paris Agreement!



Hurricane Harvey









Bangladesh 2/3rds under water – 40 million impacted





Even with Paris Agreement we will get 2C rise Coral reefs will disappear







Coral Reefs...bleach due to ocean absorbing CO_2 and lowering pH.



We must do better, quicker...





Met Office

IPCC Special Report on I.5°C Global Warming

Second Lead Author Meeting Exeter, United Kingdom 5-9 June 2017

DCC

00

Now the goal must be 1.5C...

What will it take....

- 1. Continued decoupling....accelerating in emerging cities by leapfrog development.
- 2. Moving to 100% renewables power.
- 3. Electrifying everything, especially transport.
- 4. Industrial fuels and international transport breakthroughs.
- 5. Carbon sequestration in forestry and agriculture NOT SRM...

Railways must be a major catalyst and driver....in the first three, maybe the fourth too.

Green TODs for recharging EV's and Electric Transit

• Stations should be where smart grids and renewables are fully integrated with green buildings....





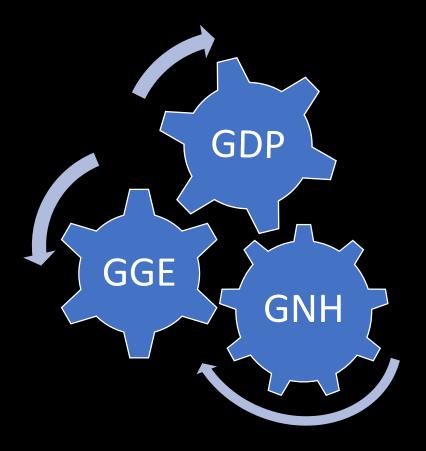
Case studies...

Bhutan – integrating GDP, GHG and GNH

Bhutan's Trilemma

- to be a self reliant economy and aid-free;
- to remain carbon neutral (expand carbon sink);
- to grow GNH status.

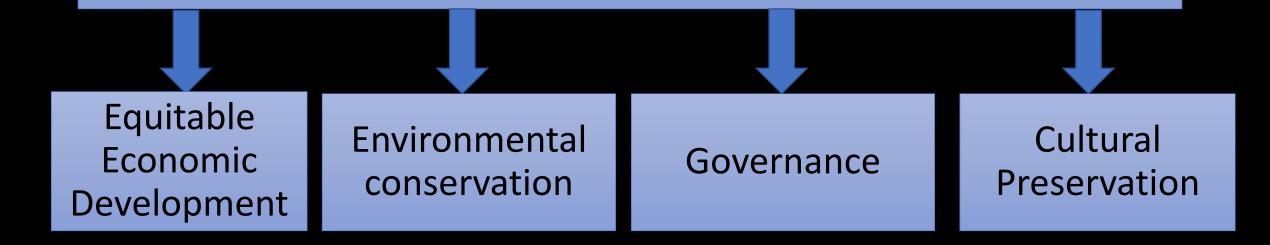




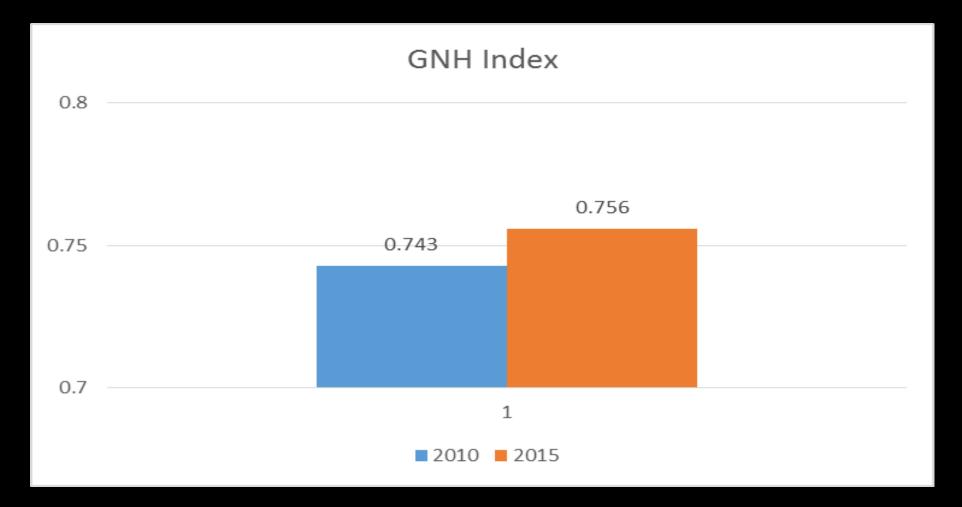
GNH Vs. SDGs

9 domains of GNH	17 SDGs		
Psychological well-being	End poverty		
Time Use	End hunger		
Health	Ensure healthy lives		
Education	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education		
Cultural diversity and resilience	Achieve gender equality		
Living Standard	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation		
Community vitality	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy		
Ecological diversity and resilience	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all		
Good Governance	Build resilient infrastructure		
	Reduce inequality		
	Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable		
	Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns		
	Urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts		
	Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources		
	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems		
	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies		
	Global partnership for sustainable development		

Gross National Happiness



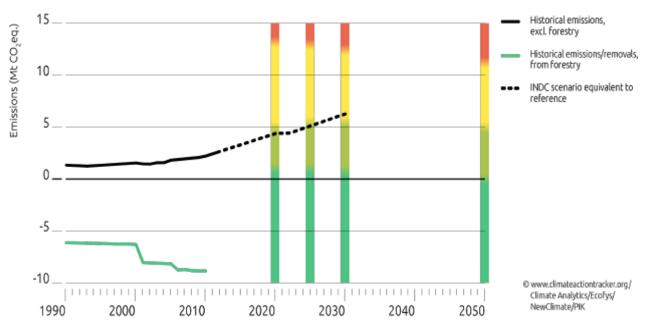
• The GNH development philosophy is the Bhutanese version of the global concept of sustainable development (RGoB, 2012).







Bhutan: Carbon Neutral

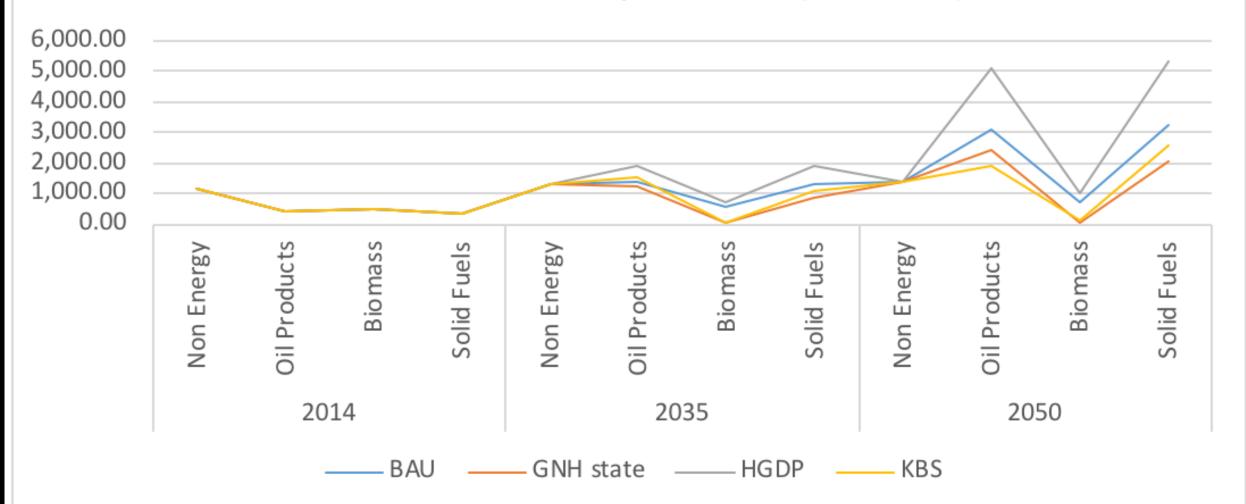


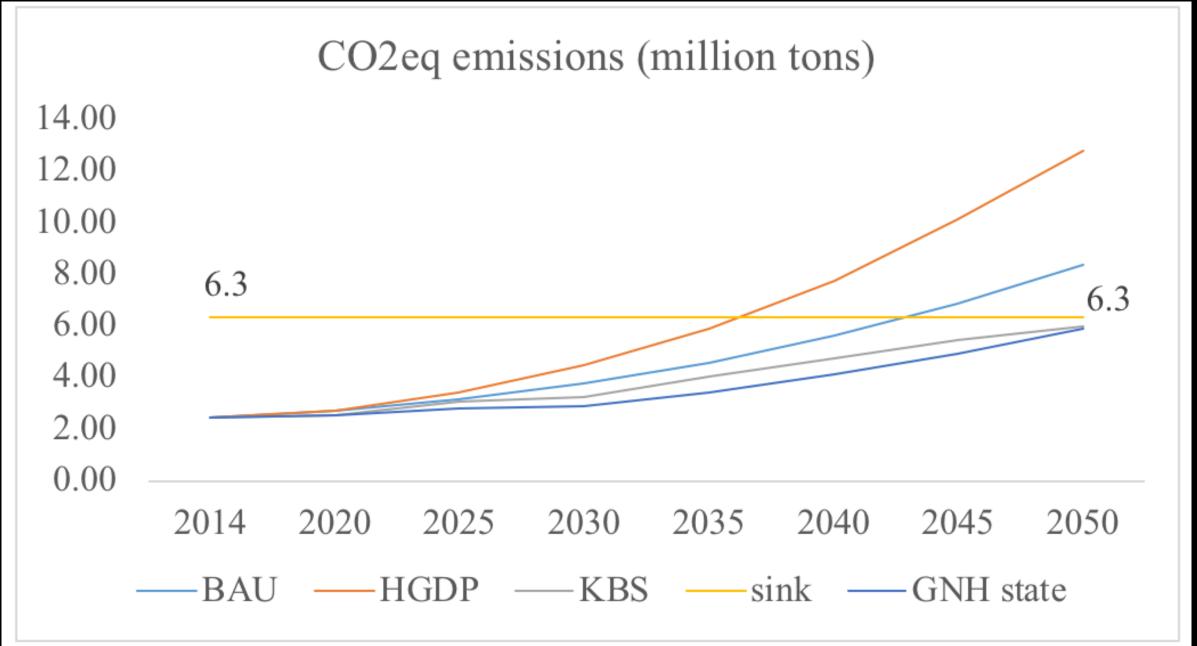
Climate Action Tracker, 2015

Scenario	Residential Sector 33%	Service sector 11%	Transport sector 19%	Industry sector 37%
BAU (GDP growth rate of 5.6% and increasing to 7.8% and sustaining at 5.6% until 2050)	Energy demand increases with the increase in the number of household; Fuelwood usage is all end-uses expected to decline to 23% by 2050	Energy demand increases with value added of the commercial sector; Fuelwood usage expected to decline;	Energy demand in passenger transport increases with per capita GDP and that for freight increases with the value added of the transport sector; bus share increases from 15% to 25% by 2050; air transport increases from 20 to 25% by 2050; light diesel truck share increases from 17% to 30% by 2050;	Energy demand increases with value added of the
GNH state	Firewood and kerosene used in the building sectors reaches zero by 2030 and substituted by electricity and biogas.		Walking meets 10% and light rail meets 30% of the passenger travel demand by 2050. Electric vehicles were assumed to penetrate at half the rate specified in the 2DS of (IEA, 2016).	down from 11.70% in 2014 to 10.70% by 2050;
HGDP	High economic outlook of 10% in	the medium term and declinir	ng to 5.6% by 2050	
			Walking and light rail meets 10% and 30% of the passenger travel demand respectively by 2050; Electric vehicles assumed to reach following share by 2050: 100% for 2-wheelers; 60% for light duty vehicles; 30% for buses and trucks; (this assumptions exceeds the rate provided in the 2DS of IEA (2016).	declines from 11.70% in 2014 to 10.70% by 2050;

Scenarios for the future

Variations of CO2eq missions (kilo tons)





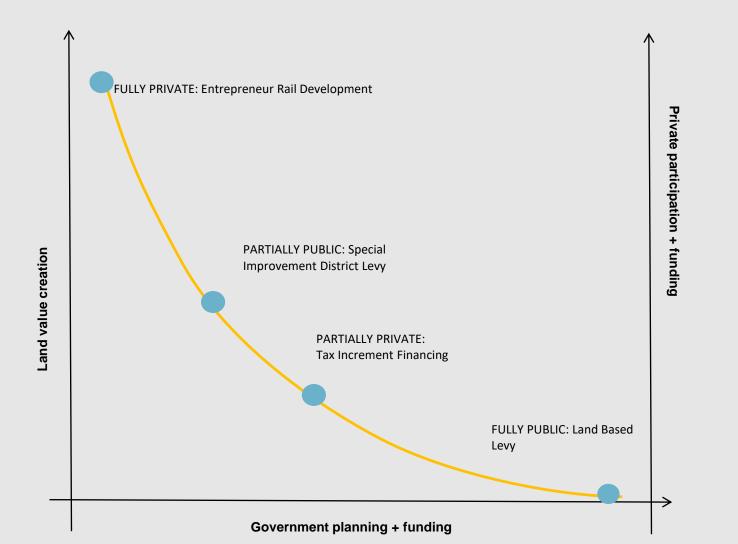
Must reduce oil growth...how?

- Electric vehicles
- Electric transit
- More focused development in TOD's.



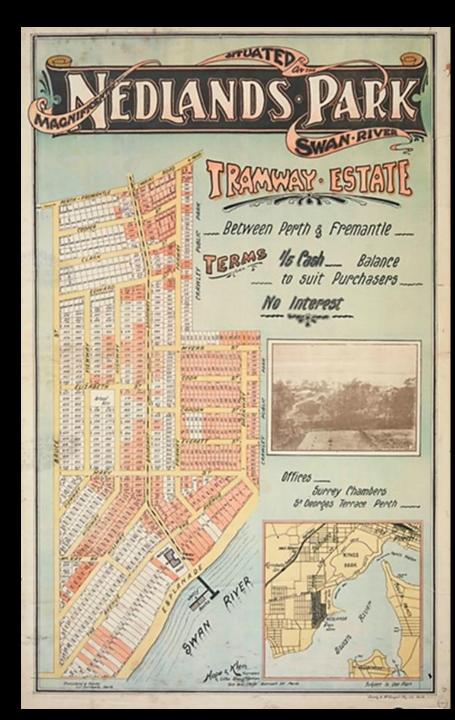
Useful for Thimphu as it goes from 100,000 to 400,000?

How economic value increases with earlier involvement of private investment....

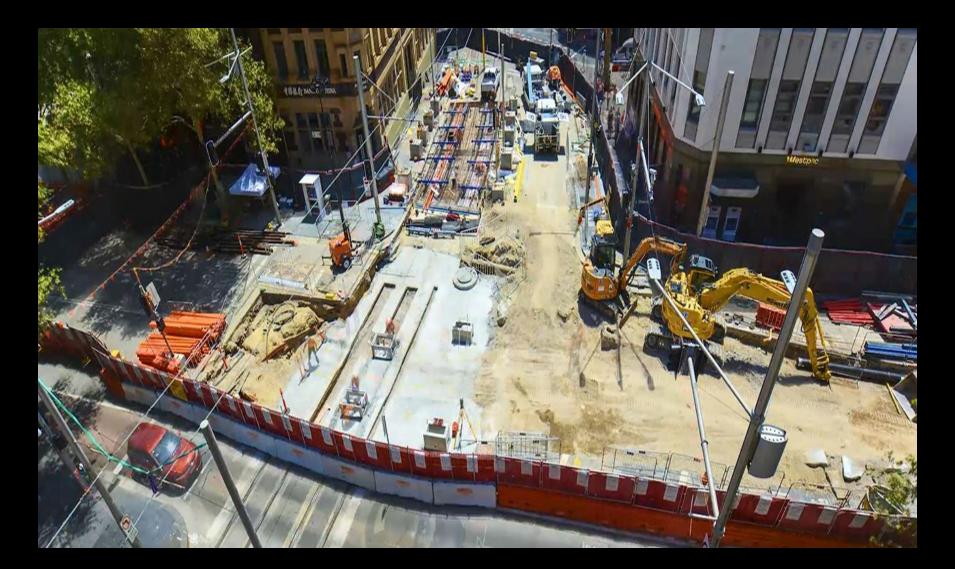


This is how we always built railways for nearly 100 years...

Now we have a new demand maybe we can do it again...?

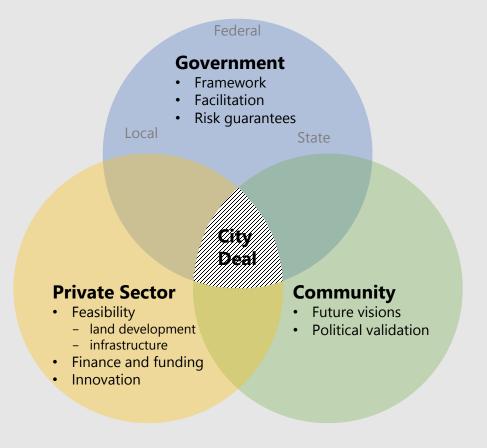


And no disruption.... Sydney LRT \$120/km due to services rejuvenation



REQUIRES PARTNERSHIP....a City Deal

A new way of Building Australian cities for their long term based on partnerships...



Other private rail systems....

- 1. Japan
- 2. Hong Kong
- 3. Florida, Brightline

A NEW TRAVEL ALTERNATIVE FOR SOUTH FLORIDA

First private
 passenger
 rail service

brightline

 Designed to serve tourists, business travelers and Florida residents



WEST PALM BEACH (1 hour)

(3

hours)



FORT LAUDERDALE (30 minutes)



DOWNTO WN MIAMI



36







FORT LAUDERDALE STATION

Pearl District LRT paid for entirely through land development....



Bangalore metro – how can it find alternative finance from land

development



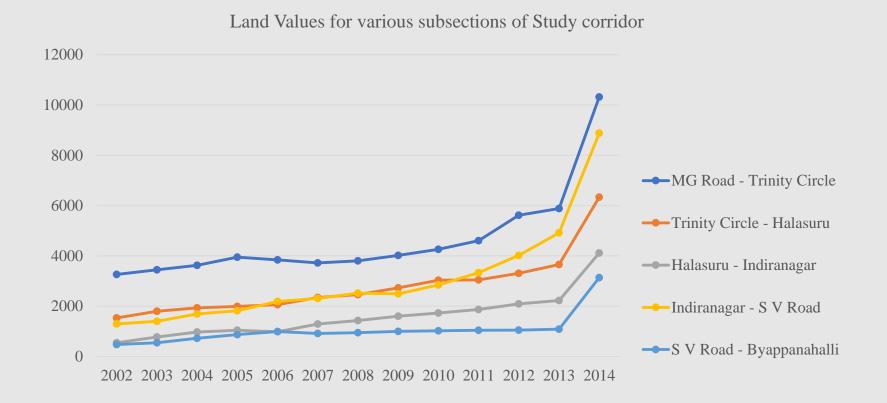
Bangalore workshop...to consider innovative funding options to extend rail and options for helping the displaced poor



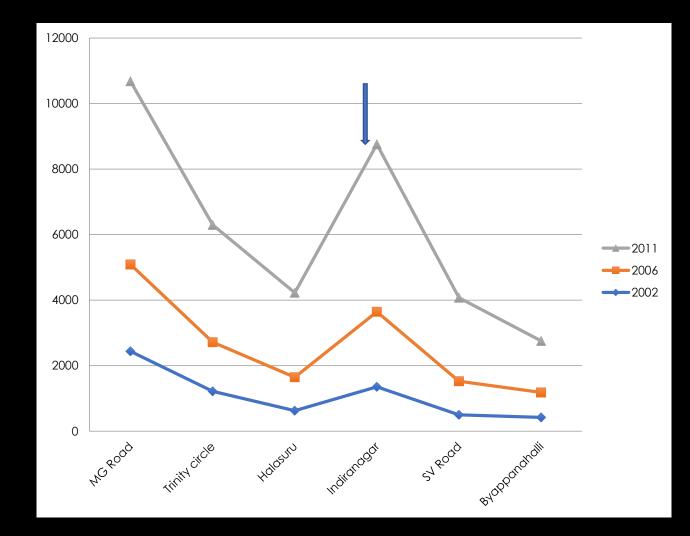
Success!



Land Values of subsections of study corridor



Multi-Nodal development around stations emerging





RNS SHRINIKETHAN A BLEND OF LUXURY AND CONNECTIVITY

PREMIUM APARTMENTS IN YESHWANTHPUR, ADJ. TO VIVANTA BY TAJ



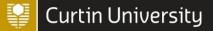




Change in Socio economic Profile

Indicator	Local residential area	New build developments (Transit based housing)
Housing characteristics		
 Average home price (₹) 	35,00,000	80,00,000
 Average rents (₹) 	3300	28500
Percentage of Owner occupied	30.07	66.01
houses		
Vehicle ownership rate per household		
Two wheeler	0.30	0.34
• Car	0.05	1.11

Need policies to avoid loss of traditional areas to gentrification...



Key conclusions...Bangalore

- DESIGN worked well
- DELIBERATION worked brilliantly
- DELIVERY could now work if we can produce a template for delivery including policies to keep affordable housing and build a proportion in any new build TOD's.

Increasing density decreases car dependence but is it greener? Case Study of Singapore

Biophilic design – greening buildings



In Green Urbanism in Asia, Newman and Matan have produced an impressive tour de force — the first study of its kind to document and analyze the emerging green urban trends, amazing projects and worderful stories of innovation found in Asian cities. Thoroughly researched and with remarkable detail, this path-breaking study will be the essential starting point and standard reference for years to come for anyone interested in understanding this fast-urbanizing part of the world. Newman and Matan show us what is possible, that there are compelling models for effectively integrating nature, sustainability and quality of ife. These emerging green Asian tigers, so elaquently described and celebrated by Newman and Matan, point the way for cities around the world, and offer hopeful and inspiring antidotes to the sense of clobal cloom that othen prevails.

> Dr Timothy Bentley Tarasa Heire Professor of Sustainable Communities, and Chair, Department of Urban and Environmental Planning, University of Virginia

Asian urbanism is THE story of the 21st century world-system: never before in history have we seen the speed, scale, and complexity of urbanisation that we are witnessing today across the whole Asian continent and island archipelagos. To date green urbanism is an oxymoron but this book promises to be part of a new wave of innovations of ideas, policy regimes, and practices that can change that from an empty slogan of property developers flagging gated communities to transforming all our cities into liveable and sustainable ecceystems. We had better hope so for the long-term welfare of our world as a whole is now in the hands of this generation of Asian cities and their makeral This book is therefore not only timely but necessary. It is a handbook for students and practitiones of the urban alike. Let us all get creation, book in hand!

Dr Trever Hogan DeputyDirector, Thesis Eleven Centre for Cultural Sociology, and Senior Lecturer, Faculty of Humanifies and Social Sciences, La Trobe University, Australia

This book is in a class of its own. It shows that Asia is in the forefront. Most new breakthroughs take place here, populations ask for it, and politicians respond. The book takes the jump from telling that we should green our cities to demonstrate how it can be done. That is the core of the book: How to do it.

Dr Joerges Oerstroem Moeller Visiting Serier Research Fellow at lestitute of Southeast Asian Studies, Singapore, and Adjunct Professor at Singapore Management University and Dependagee Business School

World Scientific www.worldscientific.com 8596 hc



Newman

Matan

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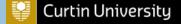
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The Emerging Green Tigers

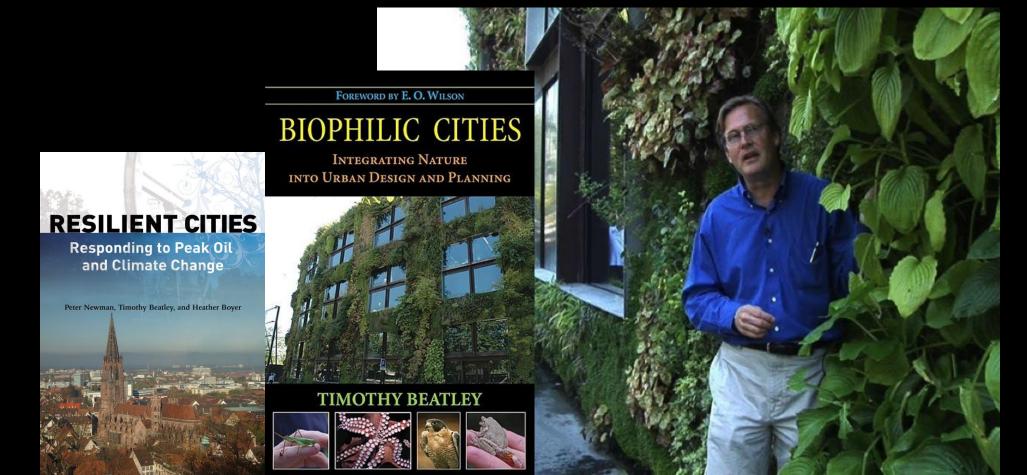
Peter Newman Anne Matan





E O Wilson 'Biophilia' – human beings need nature

Tim Beatley 'Biophillic Cities' – we need a daily dose of nature



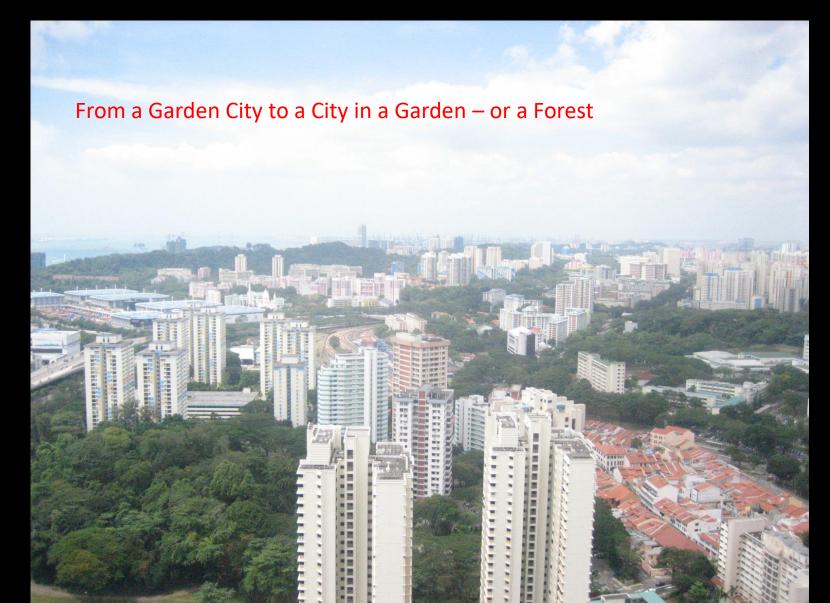
Liophillic City – andscaping buildings, ar conditioning the city, making beautiful public spaces...





CaixaForum Museum

Film: 'Singapore Biophillic City'



Singapore increased canopy cover 20% in 20 years



Every new government building had to replace floorplate with green...



R&D provided by NParks





Like a cathedral....



Creating healthy hospitals...



Healing rates went up and biodiversity improved...



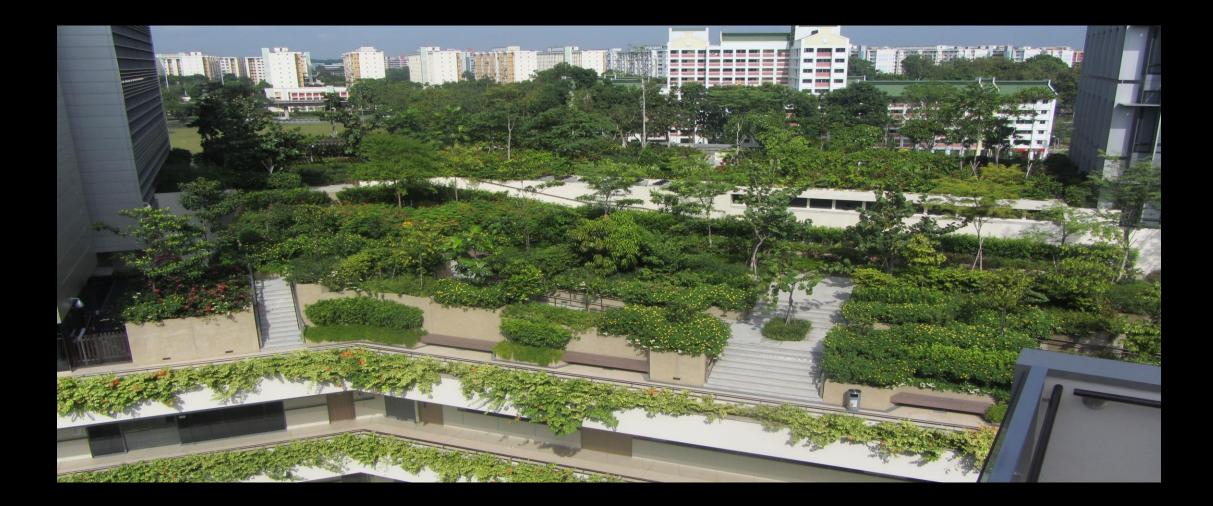
Hospital gardener and visiting schools...



Community food garden on roof



A daily dose...



The \$2b park on reclaimed land..

RAIL





The next phase of urban development....

- 1. MUST be zero carbon with solar-based electric vehicles and electric transit.
- 2. CAN be accelerated and improved by involving private sector funding partnerships and municipal management to create TOD land development opportunities.
- 3. CAN be done with 'inclusive, resilient, safe and sustainable' outcomes as long as they are built into projects from the start.