

Evacuation Simulation Using Superscomputers

Nobuyasu Ito

Discrete Event Simulation Research Team and Quantum Computing Simulation Unit

RIKEN Center for Computational Science

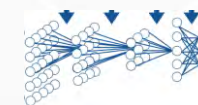
e-mail: nobuyasu.ito@riken.jp



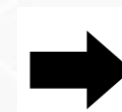
K 10PFLOPS, 2011-2019



Fugaku 442PFLOPS, 2020-



Fugaku NEXT
~2030



x10 performance
with
accelerator(GPU)



AI oriented
with QPU?

Advantage of supercomputer for social simulation and data-mining:

- scalable executions both for capability and capacity
- high data-bandwidth

flexible working bed for future society

RIKEN: organization

History

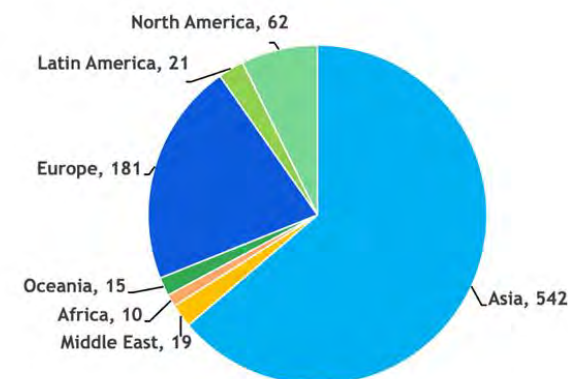
1917 – 1948 Research Foundation
 1948 – 1958 Co. Ltd
 1958 – now National Research Center

Transformative Research Innovation Platform of RIKEN platforms (TRIP)
 Creation of an innovative research platform that effectively generating new fields of knowledge across research fields by organically linking the cutting-edge platforms



Figures

- Personnel -
 Totally 3440
 Researchers 2770
 (non-Japanese 850)



- Budget -
 103.89B Yen
 $\approx 0.67\text{B USD}$ (155 Yen/USD)
 (84% from Government)

C: Wako Branch / Headquarters (Saitama)



[RIKEN Information R&D and Strategy Headquarters \(R-IH\)](#) / [RIKEN Cluster for Science, Technology and Innovation Hub \(RCSTI\)](#) / [Baton Zone Program \(BZP\)](#) / [Industrial Co-creation Program \(ICoP\)](#) / [TRIP Headquarters](#) / [Cluster for Pioneering Research \(CPR\)](#) / [Chief Scientist Laboratories](#) / [Interdisciplinary Theoretical and Mathematical Sciences Program \(iTHEMS\)](#) / [Center for Brain Science \(CBS\)](#) / [Center for Sustainable Resource Science \(CSRS\)](#) / [Center for Emergent Matter Science \(CEMS\)](#) / [Center for Advanced Photonics \(RAP\)](#) / [Nishina Center for Accelerator-Based Science \(RNC\)](#) / [Center for Quantum Computing \(RQC\)](#) / [RIKEN Center for Computational Science \(R-CCS\)](#) / [RIKEN SPring-8 Center \(RSC\)](#)

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I: Harima Branch (Hyogo)



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B: Tsukuba Branch (Ibaraki)



[RIKEN BioResource Research Center \(BRC^R\)](#) / [Tsukuba Branch](#)

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D: Tokyo Campus (Chuo-ku, Tokyo)

E: Yokohama Branch (Kanagawa)



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agawa 230-0045, Japan

113

F: Keihanna Campus (Keihanna Science City, Kyoto)



[Center for Advanced Intelligence Project \(AIP\)](#)

Email: aip-suishin [at] riken.jp

G: Osaka Campus (Osaka)



[Center for Biosystems Dynamics Research \(BDR\)](#)

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B: Singapore Office



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C: Beijing Office



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D: RIKEN BNL Research Center

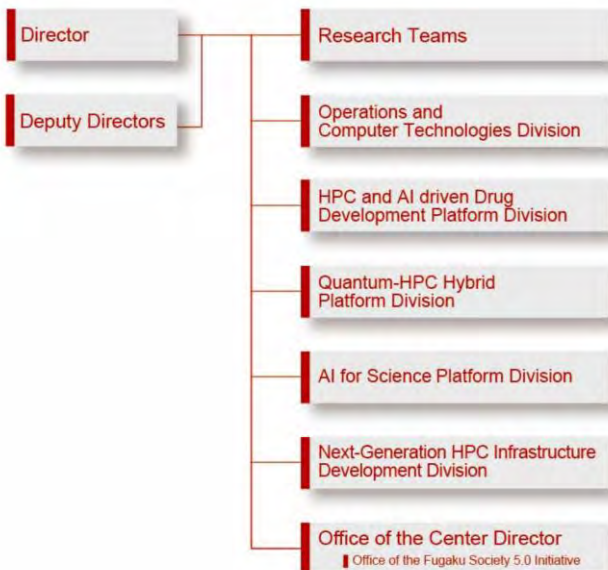


[RIKEN BNL Research Center](#)

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RIKEN R-CCS: Research Teams



Science of Computing



Large-scale Parallel Numerical Computing Research Team ▶

Parallel Algorithms
Team Principal
Toshiyuki Imamura



Next Generation High Performance Architecture Research Team ▶

Computer Architecture
Team Principal
Masaaki Kondo



High Performance Big Data Research Team ▶

Big Data Processing Platform
Team Principal
Kento Sato



High Performance Artificial Intelligence Systems Research Team ▶

High Performance Artificial Intelligence Systems
Team Principal
Mohamed Wahib



Supercomputing Performance Research Team ▶

Performance Modelling and Predictions
Team Principal
Jens Domke



Large-Scale Digital Twin Research Team ▶

Digital Twin Platform
Team Principal
Hirozumi Yamaguchi



High Performance Cloud Systems and Secure Software Research Team ▶

Cloud Computing
Team Principal
Atsuko Takefusa



Processor Research Team ▶

Computer Architecture
Team Principal
Kentaro Sano

Science by Computing



Field Theory Research Team ▶

Theory of Elementary Particles
Team Principal
Yasumichi Aoki



Discrete Event Simulation Research Team ▶

Statistical physics
Team Principal
Nobuyasu Ito



Computational Molecular Science Research Team ▶

Quantum chemistry
Team Principal
Takahito Nakajima



Computational Materials Science Research Team ▶

Condensed matter physics
Team Principal
Seiji Yunoki



Computational Biophysics Research Team ▶

Molecular Dynamics
Team Principal
Yuji SUGITA



Computational Climate Science Research Team ▶

Climate modeling
Team Principal
Hirofumi Tomita



Complex Phenomena Unified Simulation Research Team ▶

Fluid Dynamics
Team Principal
Makoto TSUBOKURA



Data Assimilation Research Team ▶

Data Assimilation
Team Principal
Takemasa Miyoshi



Computational Structural Biology Research Team ▶

Modeling
Team Principal
Florence Tama



Computational Disaster Mitigation and Reduction Research Team ▶

Automatic Urban Structure Modeling
Team Principal
Hirofumi Tomita

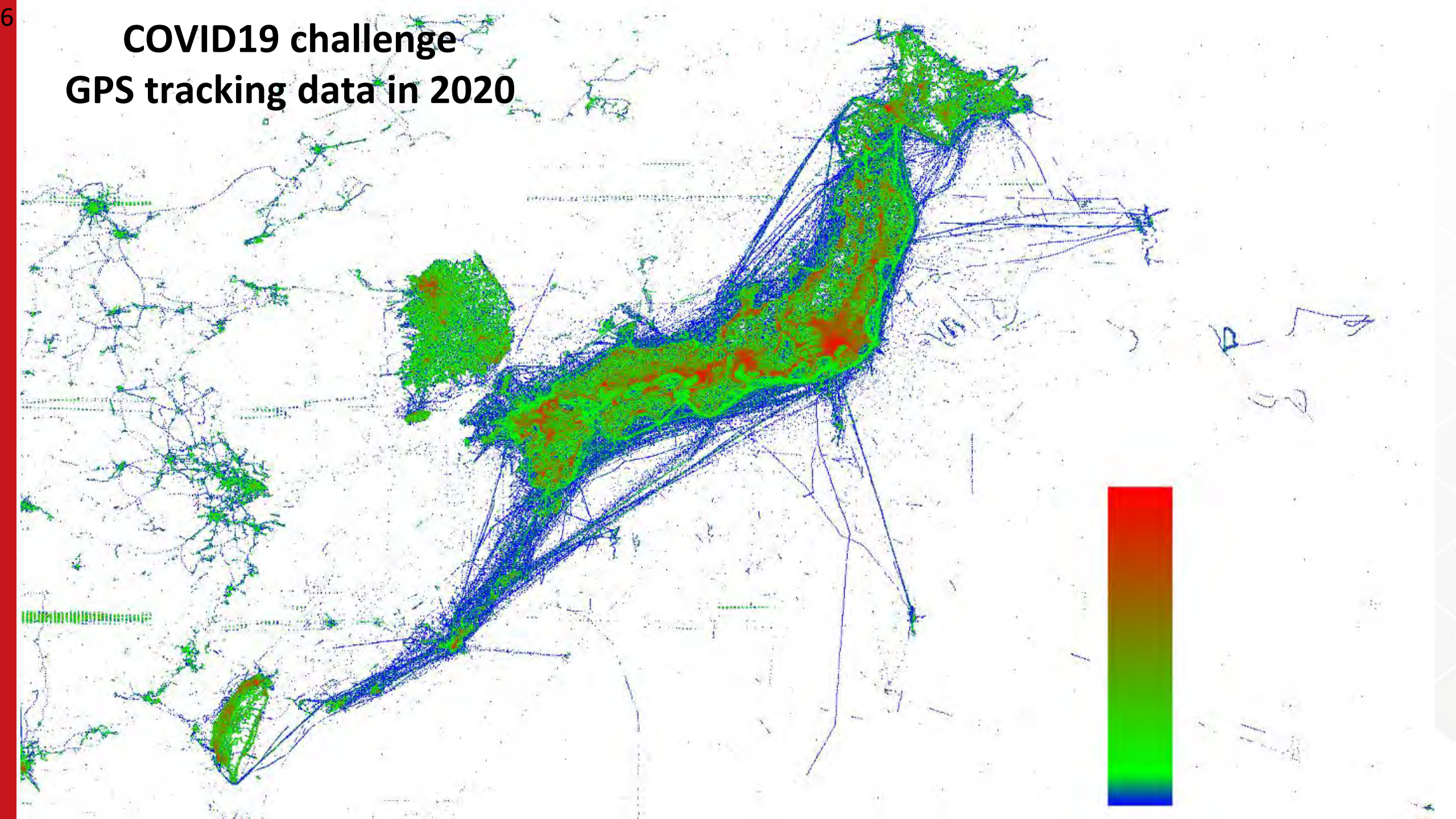


Digital Materials Science Research Team ▶

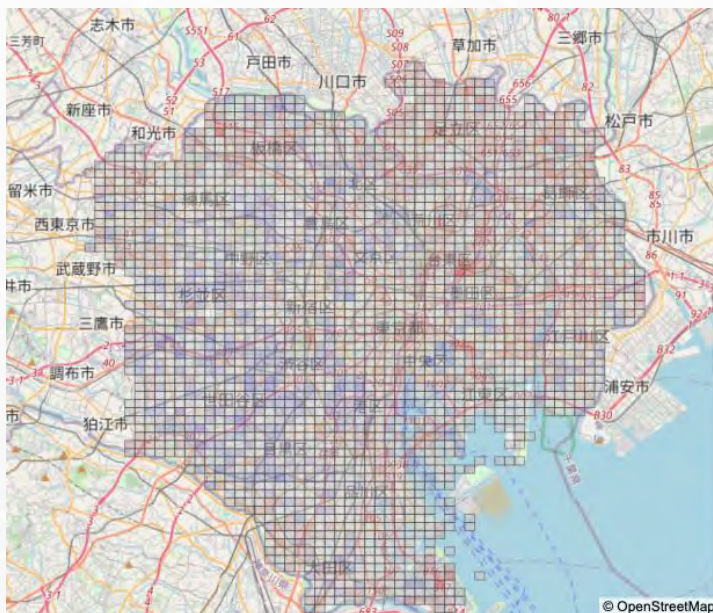
First-principles calculation
Team Principal
Shinji Tsuneyuki

COVID19 challenge

GPS tracking data in 2020



9th factor



OPEN Hotspot analysis of COVID-19 infection in Tokyo based on influx patterns

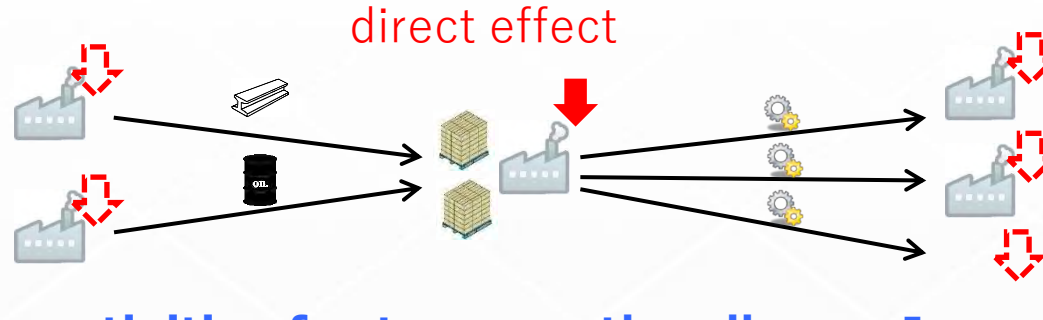
Yu Kimura^{1✉}, Tatsunori Seki¹, Keisuke Chujo¹, Toshiki Murata^{1✉}, Tomoaki Sakurai¹, Satoshi Miyata¹, Hiroyasu Inoue^{2,3} & Nobuyasu Ito³

We analyse the relationship between population influx and the effective reproduction number in the 23 wards of Tokyo during the COVID-19 pandemic to estimate hotspots of infection. We identify some patterns of population influx via factor analysis and estimate specific areas as infection-related hotspots by focusing on influx patterns that are highly correlated with the effective reproduction number. As a result, several influx patterns are assumed to be directly related to the subsequent spread of the infection. This analytical method has the potential to detect unknown hotspots related to pandemics in the future.

Several years have passed since Coronavirus disease 2019, hereafter referred to as COVID-19, spread worldwide in 2019. Each country has taken measures to prevent the spread of infection, such as travel and commercial restrictions, which have been studied from the viewpoint of their effectiveness^{1–4}. According to a paper by Tian et al⁵ the travel ban in Wuhan in January 2020 delayed the arrival of the disease in other cities in China

Y. Kimura et al., “Hotspot analysis of COVID-19 infection in Tokyo based on influx patterns”, Sci. Rep. (2025) 15:1081, <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-82962-y>

indirect effect
demand side



indirect effect
supply side

a model with
1.5~2.0 million nodes

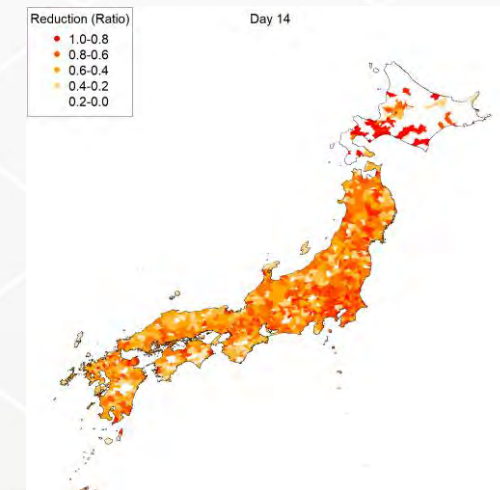
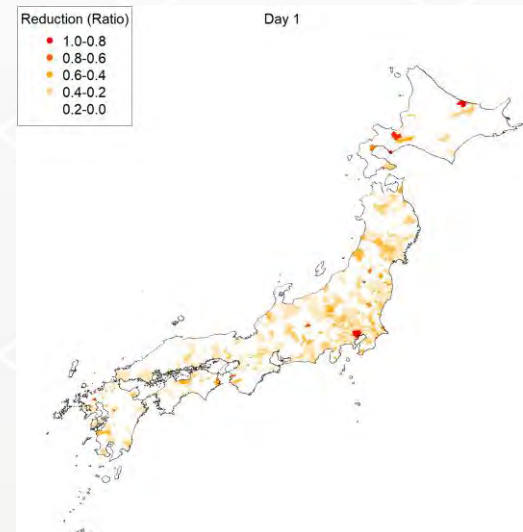
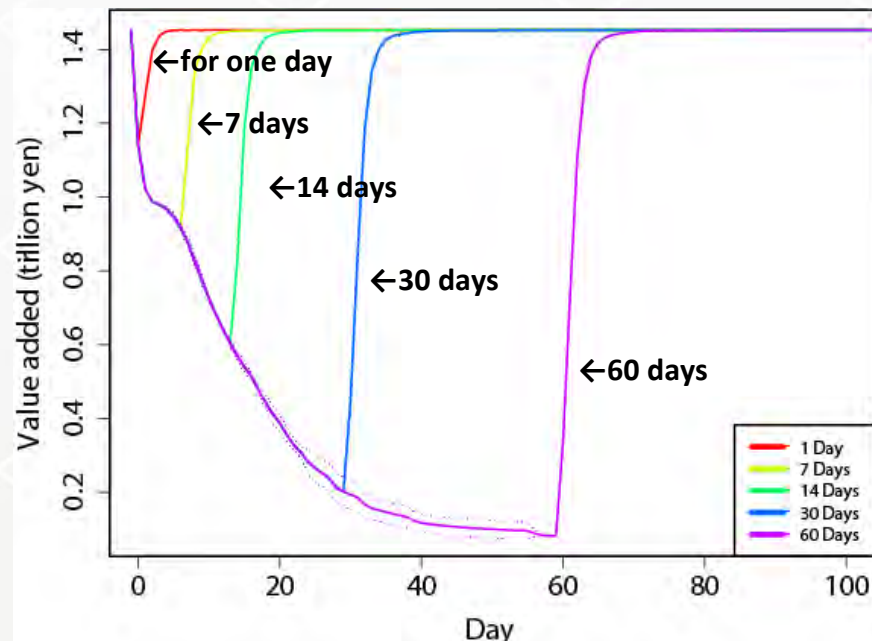
Minimize economic activities for two months all over Japan

→ estimated GDP from a supply chain model: -7.8%

in reality: -7.8%

(https://www.esri.cao.go.jp/jp/sna/data/data_list/sokuhou/gaiyou/pdf/main_1.pdf)

Minimize in Tokyo Metropolitan area



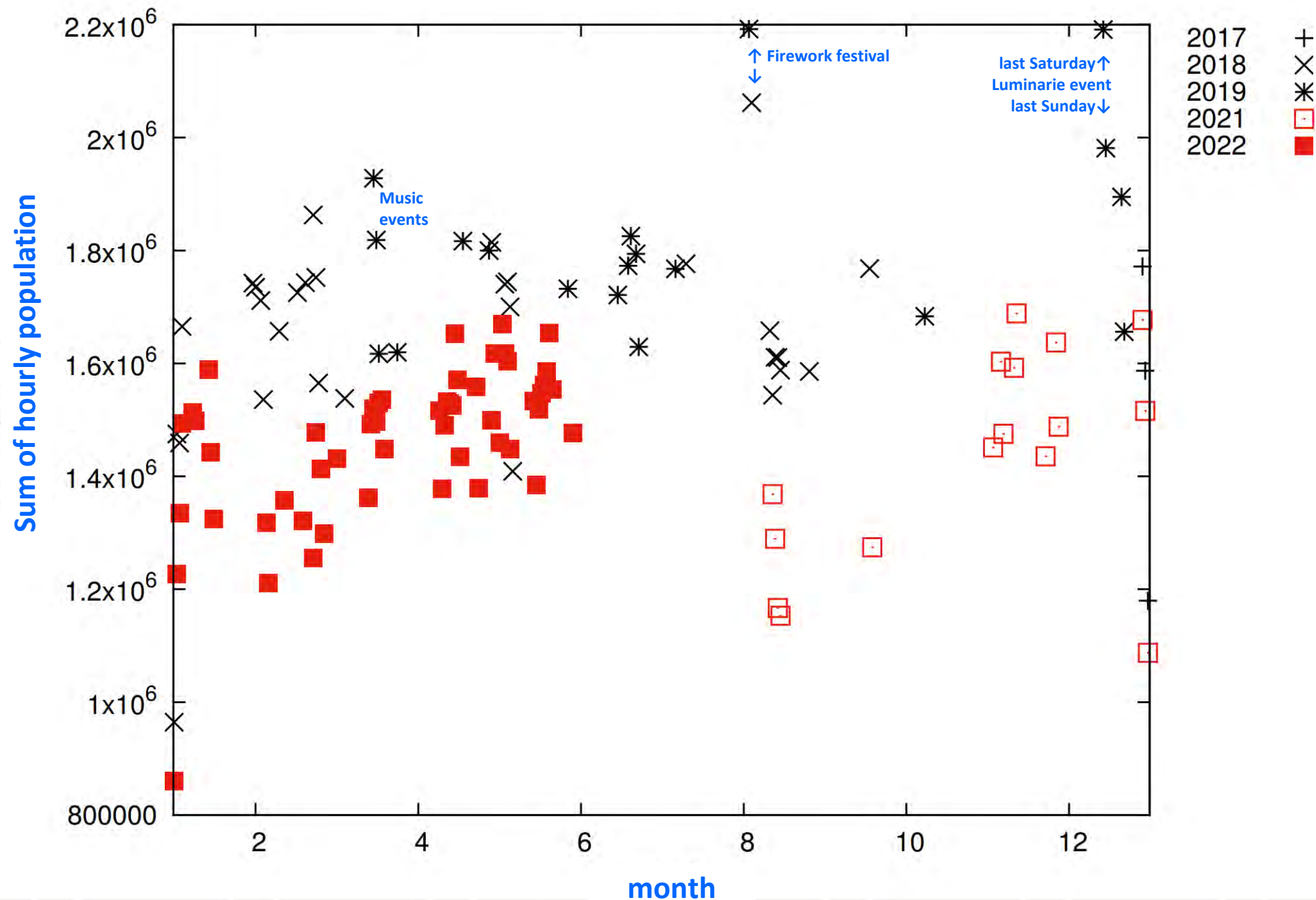
Results by Hiroyasu Inoue and Yasuyuki Todo

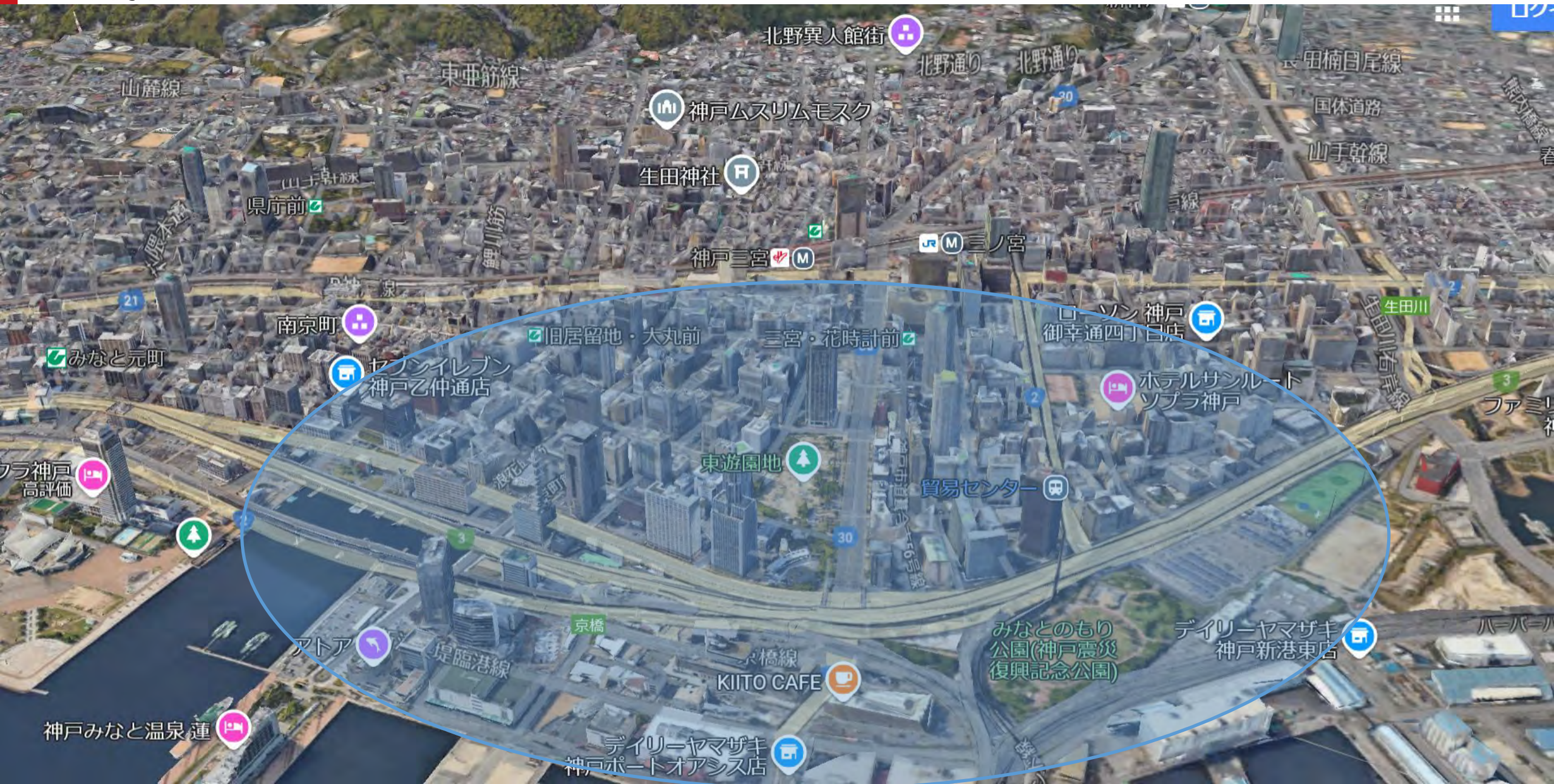
Kobe

An aerial photograph of Kobe, Japan. The city is built on a steep, mountainous peninsula that slopes down towards a large, deep harbor. The terrain is rugged with many ridges and valleys. The harbor is filled with several large piers and docks, and a few ships are visible. The city's urban area is concentrated along the coast and in the lower parts of the peninsula. The surrounding area is mostly mountainous and forested.

with Fernando Cucchietti and Carlos Garcia in Barcelona Supercomputer Center

Daily population in Sannomiya area





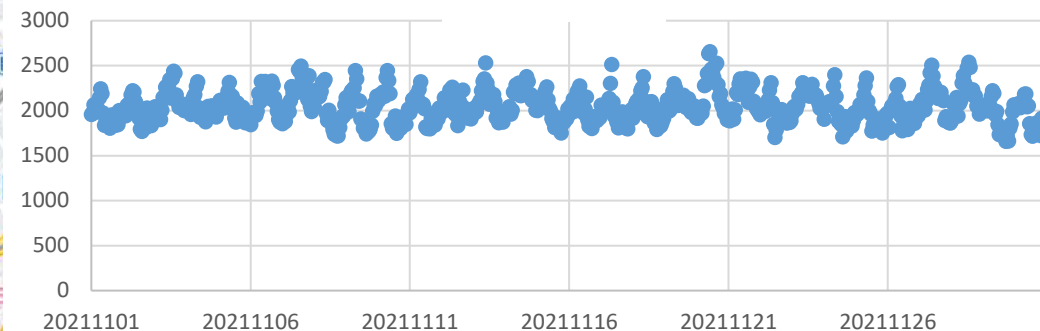


Sannomiya center

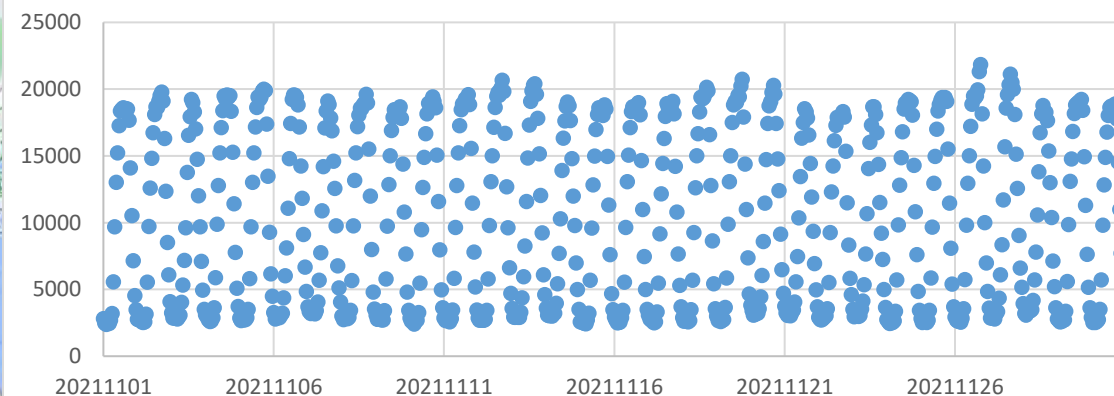
Hourly population in November 2021



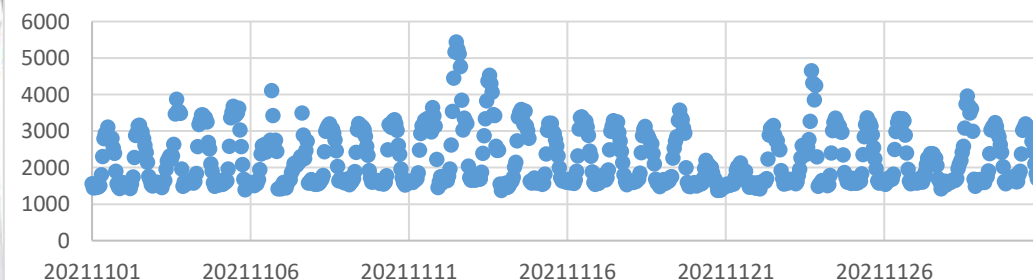
Shin-Kobe



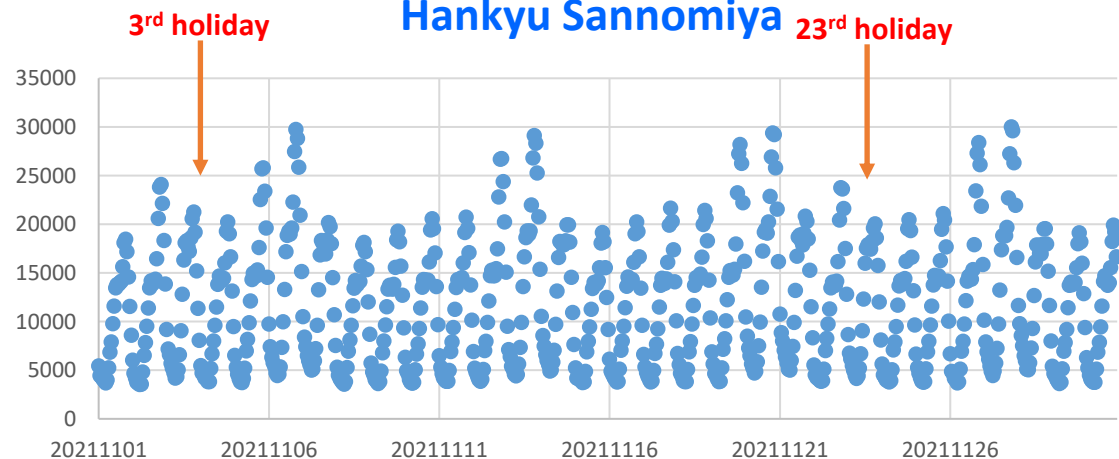
JR Sannomiya



World Hall



Hankyu Sannomiya



2021年11月3日(水・祝)	キューソネコカミ
2021年11月6日(土)	THE IDOLM@STER
2021年11月6日(日)	THE IDOLM@STER
2021年11月11日(木)	藤井 風
2021年11月12日(金)	藤井 風
2021年11月13日(土)	golgo/vanillas
2021年11月14日(日)	golgo/vanillas
2021年11月23日(火)	マクロスF
2021年11月28日(日)	RIZIN

Events in World Hall



淡路大震災

Kobe earthquake
1995 January 17
5:46 am



神戸市内、土曜部分がふたれて傾いたビル(写真:1995年1月17日撮影) © 写真:時事

East Japan mega earthquake 2011 March 11 14:44



08

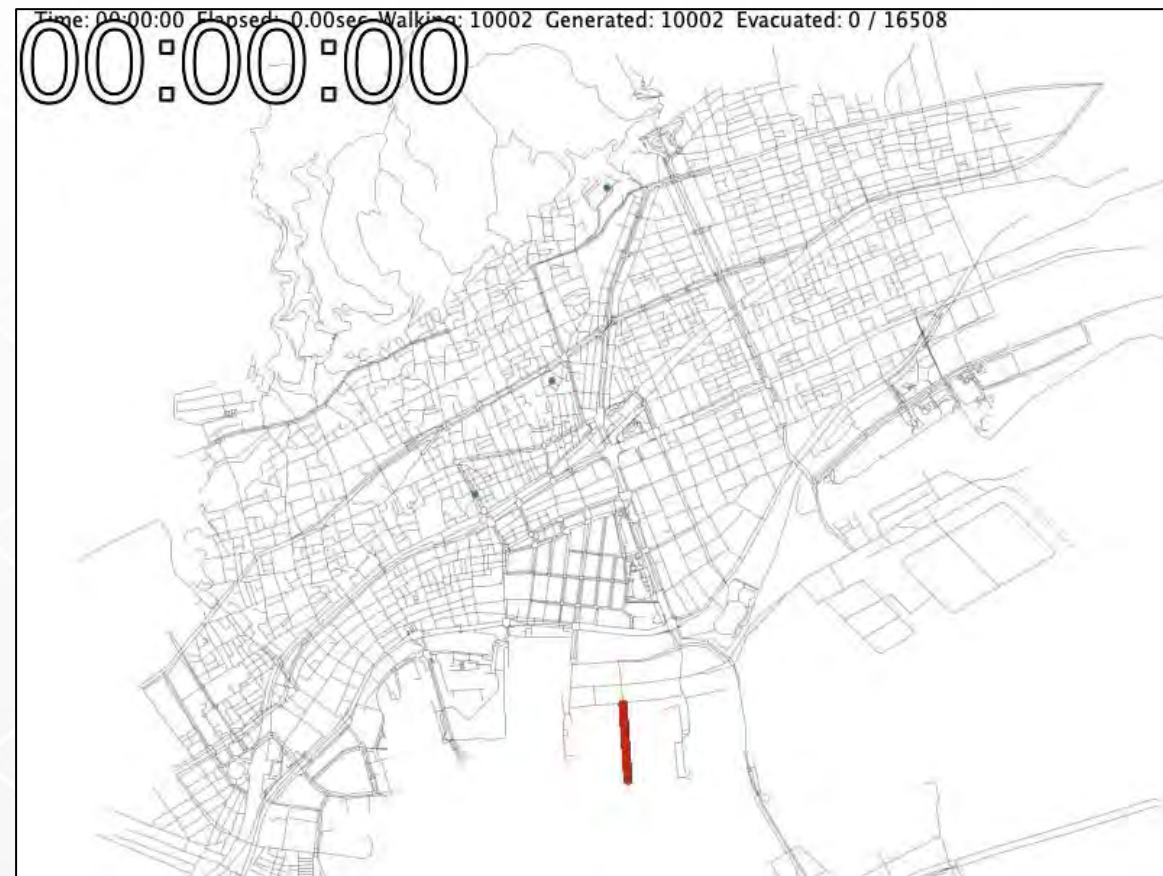
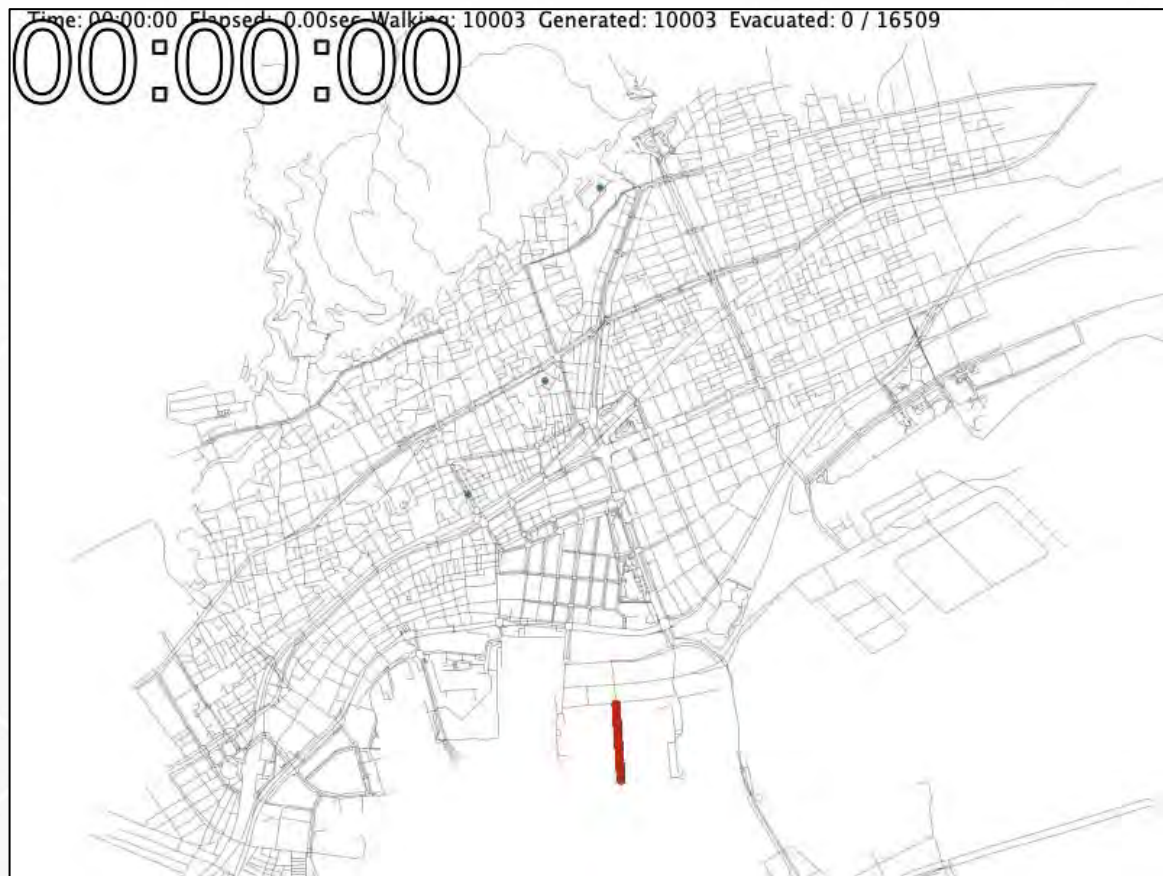
32

46

45





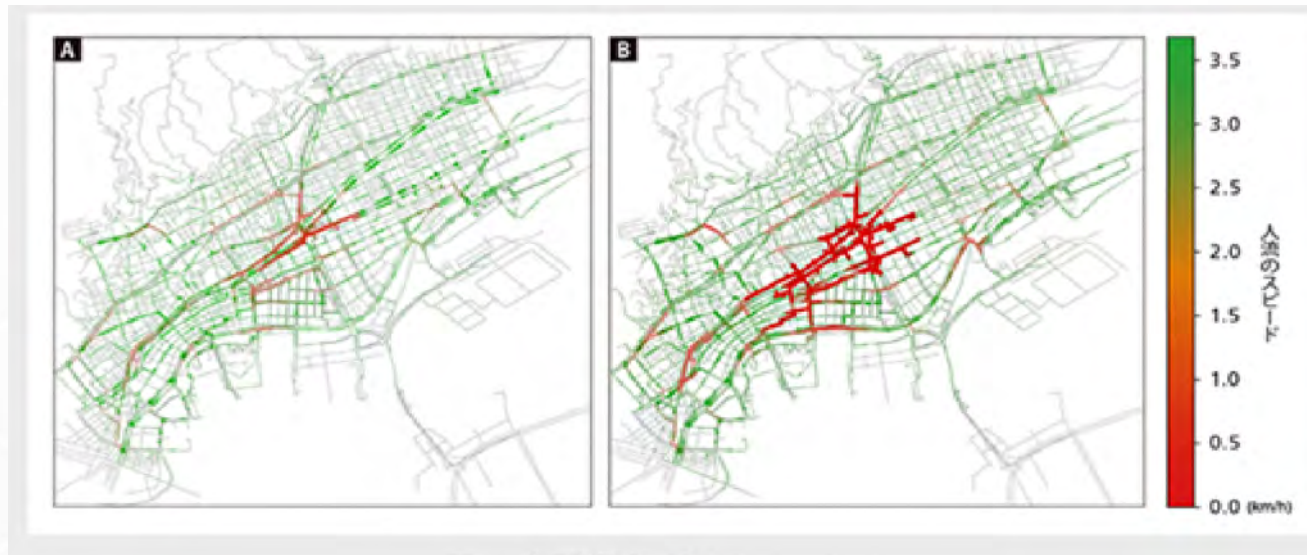


新港第2埠頭から三ノ宮駅への人流シミュレーション

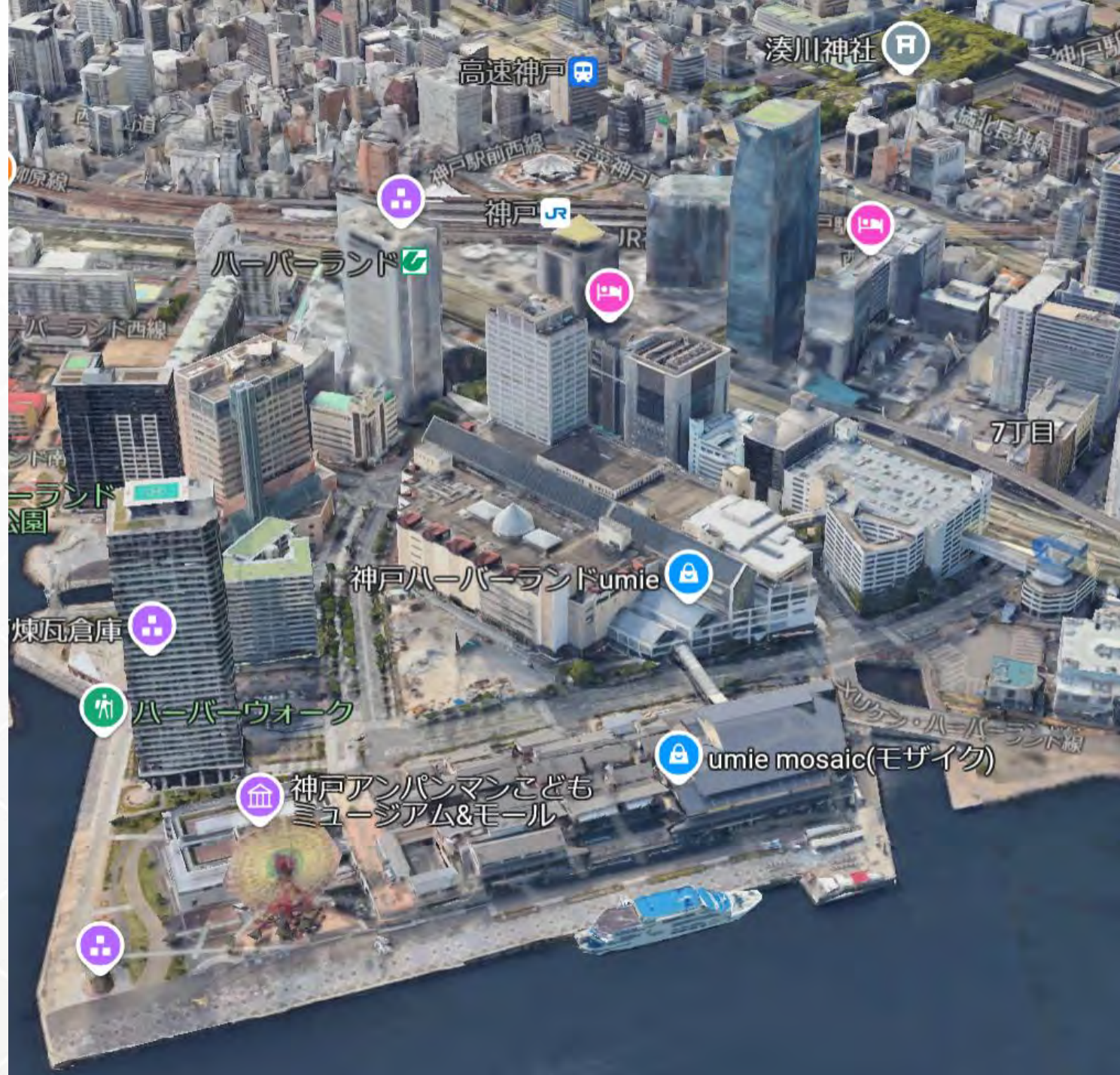
左：最短経路の京町筋のみで誘導した場合

右：フラワーロードへも誘導した場合

Collaboration with Kobe city and NTT Docomo



Harbor land area



Evacuation takes 28 min

神戸ガスビル6階
1分間に $35 \times 4 = 140$ 人が登り得る
162人が避難し得る

↓

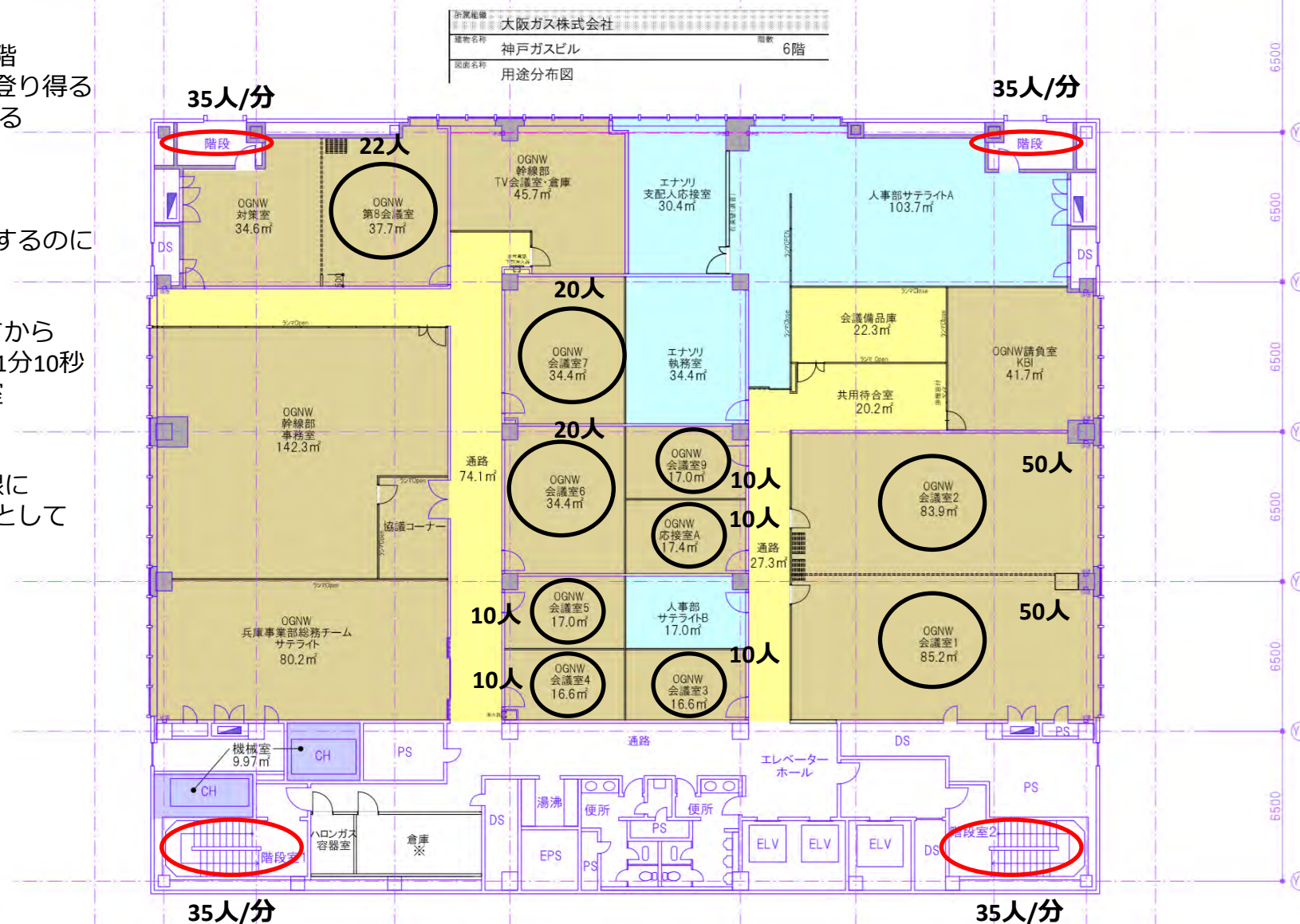
1階の人が6階まで到達するのに
15秒×5=75秒

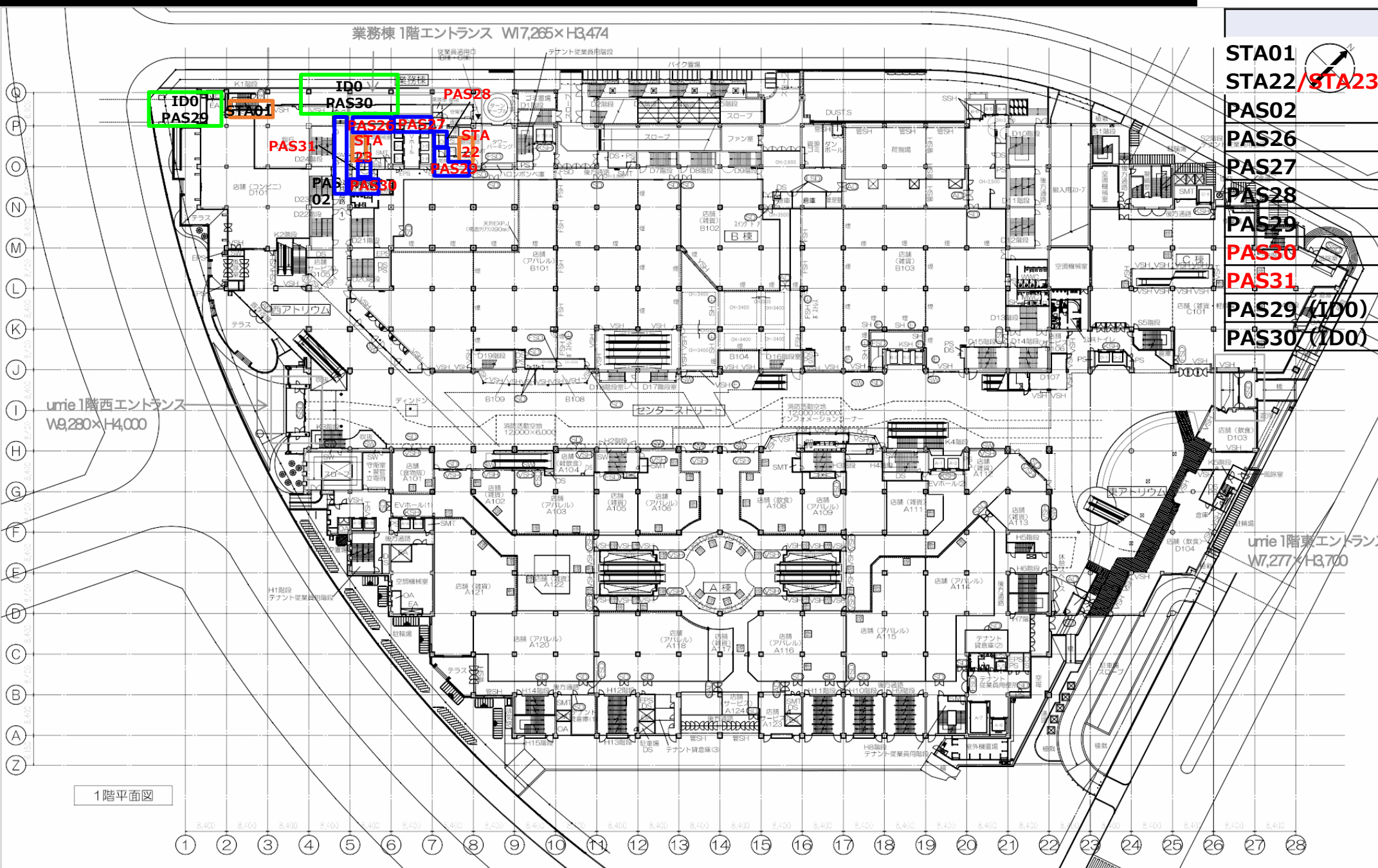
最初の人が到達してから
162人/140（人/分）=1分10秒
でフロアが満室

※6階までの動線に
ボトルネックがないとして



- 大阪ガスマーケティング
- Daigasエナジー
- Daigasガスアンドパワースソリューション
- O G
- 大阪ガスネットワーク
- グループ会社
- その他
- 共用





	幅(mm)	長さ (mm)
STA01	1600	11400
STA22/STA23	1600	16800
PAS02	4200	67200
PAS26	3400	8400
PAS27	3400	8400
PAS28	1400	2800
PAS29	1400	11700
PAS30	1800	5200
PAS31	1400	3200
PAS29/(ID0)		
PAS30/(ID0)		

