Seventh Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific

"Advancing 3R and Resource Efficiency for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development" Adelaide, SA, Australia, 2-4 November 2016

Country Report

(Draft)

<Nepal>

This country report was prepared by the Government of Nepal as an input for the Seventh Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific. The views expressed herein do not necessarily reflect the views of the United Nations.

NEPAL		

Country 3RProgress Report

Name of the Country: NEPAL

Name, Designation and Organization Respondent: Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of Science & Technology.

Other Ministries, Organizations, Agencies contributing to Country Report: Ministry of Industry, Department of Environment, Solid Waste Management Technical Support Center (SWMTSC)

Timeline of Submission: 30 September 2016 (Email: 3R@uncrd.or.jp)

<u>Progress and achievements towards implementation of the Ha Noi3R Declaration</u>
<u>-Sustainable 3R Goals for Asia and the Pacific (2013-2023)-</u>

With the objective of demonstrating renewed interest and commitment of Asia-Pacific countries towards realizing a resource efficient society, the Fourth Regional 3R Forum in Asia-Pacific in 2013 adopted the good-will and legally non-binding "Ha Noi3R Declaration – Sustainable 3R Goals for Asia and the Pacific 2013-23." The objective of the Country Reporting is to share among international community various initiatives launched and efforts made (such as new policy instruments, legislations, regulations, institutional arrangements, investments or financing, technological innovation or intervention, partnership mechanisms, such as PPPs, etc.) by the member countries of the Forum in addressing each of the underlined goals of the Ha Noi3R Declaration. This would not only help the member countries to learn various 3R best practices in place across the region, but it would also help bi-lateral and multi-lateral development agencies, donors, development banks in assessing the sustainable needs and challenges to better devise their existing as well as future capacity building programmes and technical assistance in the areas of 3Rs and sustainable waste management.

We request you to kindly fill in the below table as much as possible with relevant data/information. If additional spaces are required, separate sheets could be attached.

Thank you very much for your kind cooperation.

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)

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United Nations Centre for Regional Development (UNCRD)

Email: 3R@uncrd.or.jp

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)			NEPAL			
I. 3R Goals	in Urban/Industrial Areas	(3Rs in municipal solid	d waste)			
Goal 1	Significant reduction	in the quantity o	f municipal so	lid waste	generated,	by

Significant **reduction** in the quantity of **municipal solid waste** generated, by instituting policies, programmes, and projects at national and local levels, encouraging both producers and consumers to reduce the waste through greening production, greening lifestyle, and sustainable consumption.

Q-1 What specific 3R policies, programmes and projects, are implemented to reduce the quantity of municipal solid waste?

SWM policy 1996 AD focused on 3R approach for municipal solid waste management. SWM Act 2011 has made mandatory provision of source segregation of municipal waste. Local Self Government Act, 1992 and Local Self Governance Regulations, 1993 are also the major steering law to reduce municipal solid waste in the country.

Q-2 What is the level of participation of households in "source" segregation of municipal waste streams? (Please check the appropriate box)

\sqcup Very High (> 9	90%)
☐ High (>70%)	
☐ Average (50-~	70%)
☑ Low or not sati	sfactory (< 50%)

☐ Does not exist

Q-3 Total annual government expenditure per capita (US\$ per capita) in municipal solid waste management in 2014-2015

2.16 USD

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- > Weak institutional capacity
- > Rare use of innovative technology
- > Financial sustainability
- ➤ Community bargaining in and around landfill sites
- Lack of technical human resources for better management of solid waste
- Lack of awareness and self ownership
- > Low level of research and development

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

SWM strategic plans has made in more than 25 municipalities. In few municipalities pilot projects has been implemented including source segregation (swmtsc.gov.np). Global Partnership for Output Based Aid (GPOBA) for Solid Waste Management in Selected Municipalities of Nepal (Pokhara, Ghorahi, Lalitpur, Tansen and Dhankuta Municipality). Secondary Town Integrated Urban Improvement Projects in Biratnagar, Birgung and Butwal Sub-Metropolitan City through Ministry of Urban development

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Source segregation, optimize reuse and recycling practices at house-hold and community level, avoid open dumping, PPP in SWM, peoples participation through TLOs and ward citizen forum.

Is this	Goal relevant	for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	\square Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	

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I. 3R Goals	in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in	municipal solid w	raste)	
Goal 2	Full-scale utilization of the cowaste, as a valuable resour reduction of waste flows to improvement in resource efficients.	rce, thereby ach o final disposa ciency, energy re	nieving multiple l sites, reduction ecovery, and empl	benefits such as the of GHG emission, loyment creation.
	he central government have pomposting, energy recovery and			
compost fr Household	nt have policy to provide sulton organic waste and tax exelevel composting, community rams to reduce organic waste in	emption for important to the compostion of the c	ort the equipment	for waste to bio-gas.
Q-2 What	is happening to country's orgo	anic waste?(Ple	ase check the appr	ropriate box)
☑ mostly l	and filled			
□ mostly i	ncinerated			
□ both lan	d filled and incinerated			
□ mostly o	open dumped or open burned			
Challenges	s (policy/ institutional/ techno	logical/ financio	al) faced in imple	mentation:
	ar provision of incentives for H ment in organic waste recyclin		technical know-h	ow at local level / Very
_	of pilot projects, master plan bsites where relevant	is and/or polici	es developed or	under development –
Secondary	nt of Nepal, with the aid of Town Integrated Urban Improvan City through Ministry of Ur	vement Projects	in Biratnagar, Bir	•
_	policies/programmes/projects t five years (2016~2021)	s/master plans	the government	plans to undertake
GoN /SWN	ITSC is planning to design ar g facilities	nd construct the	7 medium scale	MRF plant including
Is this God	al relevant for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	☐ Not at all

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I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Achieve significant **increase in recycling rate** of recyclables (e.g., plastic, paper, metal, etc.), by introducing policies and measures, and by setting up financial mechanisms and institutional frameworks involving relevant stakeholders (e.g., producers, consumers, recycling industry, users of recycled materials, etc.) and development of modern recycling industry.

Q-1 What is the recycling rate of various recyclables?(Please check the appropriate cell & add more waste streams as relevant for the country)

Rate	Very High	High	Average	Poor	Recycling	Definition
	(>90%)	(>70%)	(50-~60%)	(<50%)	does not	of recycling
Type					exist	rate*
Paper			\square			1
Plastic			\square			1
Metal		\square				1
Construction					$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	1
waste						
e-waste					V	3
others				\square		3

^{*}Note: Please specify in the cell which of the following definitions(ie., 1 or 2 or 3) is followed for recycling rate

Definition 1: (collected recyclable waste)/(estimated generation of waste)

Definition 2: (volume of utilized recyclable waste)/(volume of raw material)

Definition 3: (volume of utilized recyclable waste)/(volume of collected waste for recycling)

Q-2 What specific policies are introduced at local and national level for prevention or reduction of waste streams – paper, plastic, metal, construction waste, e-waste?

There are no any specific policies for specific waste streams

Q-3 What is the rate of resource recovery from various waste streams?

Rate	Very High	High	Average	Poor	Recycling
Type	(>90%)	(>70%)	(50-~60%)	(<50%)	does not exist
Paper				V	
Plastic				\square	
Metal				Ø	
Construction					$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$
waste					
e-waste	_	_		_	\(\)

(Please check the appropriate cell & add more waste streams as relevant for the country)

Q-4 What is the level of existence of resource recovery facilities/infrastructures in cities?

~	J	U	2 0	U	
Level	Every Major	Few Major	Does not	Supportive	No supportive
	City	Cities only	exist	policy or	policy or
Type				programmes	programmes
				exists	
Paper		\square			
Plastic		$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$			V
Metal		$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$			V
Construction			\square		
waste					
e-waste			V		V

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I. 3R Goals	s in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in	n municipal solid w	vaste)	
Goal 3	Achieve significant increase metal, etc.), by introducing mechanisms and institutional producers, consumers, recyclevelopment of modern recycles.	policies and n d frameworks ling industry, u	neasures, and by involving relevan	setting up financial nt stakeholders (e.g.,
Challeng	es (policy/ institutional/ techno	ological/ financi	al) faced in imple	mentation:
Lack of cl	ear policy / rare use of innovati	ve technologies	/ financial sustain	ability
_	s of pilot projects, master plan vebsites where relevant	ns and/or polici	ies developed or	under development –
Scrape de	ealers, recycling centers and sor	ne of processing	units are exist in	few major cities
-	t policies/programmes/project ext five years (2016~2021)	s/master plans	the government	plans to undertake
	MTSC is planning to design a astic and metal recycling faciliti		e 7 medium scale	MRF plant including
Is this Go	oal relevant for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	☐ Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in NEPAL Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023) I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste) Build sustainable cities /green cities by encouraging "zero waste" through sound Goal 4 policies, strategies, institutional mechanisms, and multi - stakeholder partnerships (giving specific importance to private sector involvement) with a primary goal of waste minimization Q-1 What specific waste management policies and programmes are introduced to encourage private sector participation in municipal waste management? SWM Act 2011 has made clear provision for private sector participation in municipal solid waste management. Local Self Governance Act 1992 and Local Self Governance Regulations 1993 have provisions of public private partnerships for solid waste management at local levels. Q-2 What are the major waste management areas that have strong involvement of private and business sector? (Please check appropriate boxes and add other areas if not listed below) ✓ waste collection ☑resource recovery ✓ waste recycling ☐ Waste to energy, composting, etc. ☐ PPP projects in waste sector Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation: Lack of clear procedural steps for PPP / lack capacity for PPP procurement at local level. Need to formulate waste minimization policies and directives. Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development include websites where relevant PPP arrangement for municipal waste management in some municipalities such as Baglung,

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

☐ Partially

More than 50 % of the municipalities will have PPP arrangements for waste management

✓ Highly

Pokhara, Waling, Biratnager, Hetauda, Damak, Itahari.

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

 \square Not at all

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I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 5

Encourage the **private sector**, including small-and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to implement measures to increase **resource efficiency and productivity**, creation of decent work and to improve environmentally-friendly practices through applying environmental standards, clean technologies, and cleaner production.

Q-1 What are the major clean technology related policies aiming to increase energy and resource efficiency of SMEs?

Industrial Policy, 2010 has clearly supported and endorsed clean technology for manufacturing sector including SMEs through the following statement:

- Modern and environment friendly technology will be adopted for sustainable and reliable development of manufacturing sector.
- Technical and financial support will be provided for implementation of environment friendly and energy efficient industries.
- Special provision will be taken for promotion of pollution control and carbon neutral industries.

Q-2 What are the capacity building programmes currently in place to build the technical capacity of SMEs in 3R areas?

3R is promoted through adoption of cleaner production, environmental management system, energy efficiency programmes. Ministry of Industry and the departments under the ministry have several programmes for capacity building of the SME in the area which includes training and technical support.

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

It is sometimes, difficult to convince the entrepreneurs that adoption of environment and energy efficient system in their production will improve productivity of the resources used and help to comply legal requirements more easily, which is related to awareness. Apart from that technical and financial support provided to the industries is not sufficient. More funds and technical capacity building of the implementing agency is also necessary. Though such programmes are implemented by the ministry and the departments, a dedicated institution for implementation of such actions would bring much more effectiveness.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Programmes

- Environmental Sector Programme Support (ESPS) supported by DANIDA ended in 2010
- Several small programmes included in annual programmes for the Ministry of Industry and the Departments
- Separate policy for Sustainable Production under development

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Ministry of Industry does not have long term plan but the basics are mention in the development plans prepared by National Planning Commission.

Is this Goal relevant for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	☐ Not at all
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I. 3R Goals	in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)
Goal 6	Promote the greening of the value chain by encouraging industries and associated
	suppliers and vendors in socially responsible and inclusive ways.
	percent of companies and industries have introduced green accounting and voluntary ntal performance evaluation (Ref: ISO 14000)?
□ Very Hi	gh (> 90%)
1	
\square High (>	,
_	e (50-~70%)
☑ Low or	not satisfactory (< 50%)
□ None	
_	percent of companies and industries has introduced social accounting (Ref: SA 8000) ation with their workers?
□ Verv Hi	gh (> 90%)
☐ High (>	
	z (50-~70%)
	not satisfactory (< 50%)
	not satisfactory (< 50%)
□ None	
	government have a programme for promoting greening of the value chain? What blicies, programmes and incentives are introduced to promote greening of value
NA	
Challenges	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
Need to be	formulate
Examples	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development -
_	bsites where relevant
NA	
-	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake t five years (2016~2021)
NA	
Is this God	the relevant for your country? ☑ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)
Goal 7 Promote industrial symbiosis (i.e., recycling of waste from one industry as a resource for another), by providing relevant incentives and support.
Q-1 Does your government has policies and programmes promoting industrial symbiosis in industrial parks or zones? What specific policies, programmes and incentives are introduced to promote industrial symbiosis?
NA
Q-2 How many eco-industrial parks or zones or the like, which is supported by the government, are there in the country?
NA
Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
NA
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant
NA
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years $(2016\sim2021)$
NA
<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country?</i> ✓ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ Not at all

-	Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in mplementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)				
•					
I. 3R Goals	in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)				
Goal 8	Build local capacity of both current and future practitioners, to enable the private sector (including SMEs) to obtain the necessary knowledge and technical skills to foster green industry and create decent, productive work.				
practitione	Q-1 How many dedicated training facilities or centers are there to cater the needs of SMEs and practitioners in the areas of cleaner production, resource efficiency and environment-friendly technologies, etc.?				
No such G country	sovernment training facilities particularly focusing on solid waste management in the				
technical	e provide an indicative figure on annual government (US \$) expenditure on building capacity of SMEs and practitioners in the areas of cleaner production, resource and environment-friendly technologies, etc.?				
Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:					
NA					
_	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – ebsites where relevant				

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

☐ Partially

☐ Not at all

NA

NA

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country? ✓ Highly

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I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)
Goal 9 Develop proper classification and inventory of hazardous waste as a prerequisite towards sound management of such waste.
Q-1 Is there a systematic classification of hazardous waste? If so, please attach.
☐ Yes ☑ No
Q-2 What specific rules and regulations are introduced to separate, store, treat, transportation and disposal of hazardous waste?
Solid Waste Management Act, 2011
Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
NA
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant
NA
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021) NA
Is this Goal relevant for your country? \square Highly \square Partially \square Not at all
15 inis Goul recevant for your country: 11 Inginy 11 artially 11 Not at all

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•	Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in NEPAL ing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)
•	
II. 3R Goals	in Rural Areas
Goal 10	Reduce losses in the overall food supply chain (production, post harvesting and storage, processing and packaging, distribution), leading to reduction of waste while increasing the quantity and improving the quality of products reaching consumers.
	specific policies, rules and regulations, including awareness programmes, are to minimize food or crop waste?
No such S	pecific policies, rules and regulations
~	re any continuing education services or awareness programmes for the farmers or all marketing associations on reduction of crop wastes for increased food security?
_	Pest Management Farm Schools in selected Terai districts. No such specific es to reduce crop wastes and increase food security.
~	is the average wastage of crops or agricultural produce between farms to consumers, a study in your country?
☑ Very H	igh (> 20~ 30%)
☐ High (1	0~20%)
☐ Mediun	n (5~10%)
□ Low (<	5%)
☐ Negligil	· · · ·
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

It is very much difficult to transform from traditional farming system to advanced systems so as

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development -

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

☑ Highly

☐ Partially

to increase quality of food production while increasing food security.

include websites where relevant

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

NA

□ Not at all

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II.	3R	Goals	in	Rural	Areas
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II. 3R Goals	in Rural Areas
Goal 11	Promote full scale use of agricultural biomass waste and livestock waste through reuse and/or recycle measures as appropriate, to achieve a number of co - benefits including GHG emission reduction, energy security, sustainable livelihoods in rural areas and poverty reduction, among others.
	nuch amount of $-(a)$ agricultural biomass waste and (b) livestock waste are grossly per annum?
No such st	udies have been carried out in the country
Q-2 How appropriate	is most of the agricultural biomass wastes utilized or treated? (Please check all eboxes)
	ndary raw material input (for paper, bioplastic, furniture, etc.)
□ composi	ts/fertilizers left unutilized or open dumped open burned
of agricult	specific policies, guidelines, and technologies are introduced for efficient utilization tural biomass waste and livestock waste as a secondary material inputs towards full omic benefits? Relevant websites could be shared for additional information.
NA	
	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
-	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – bsites where relevant
NA	
-	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake at five years (2016~2021)
NA	
Is this God	al relevant for your country? ☑ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ Not at all

NEPAL Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023) III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes Goal 12 Strengthen regional, national, and local efforts to address the issue of waste, in particular plastics in the marine and coastal environment. Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are in place to address the issue of plastic wastes in coastal and marine environment? The Government of Nepal (GON) ban the use of plastic bag through the country by introducing plastic bag ban and control guideline Q-2 What extent issue of plastic waste is considered in integrated coastal zone management (ICZM)? (Please check the appropriate box) ☐ Very much ☐ Somehow ☐ Not at all Q-3 Please provide a list of centre of excellences or dedicated scientific and research programmes established to address the impacts of micro-plastic participles (<5 mm) on coastal and marine species? If yes, please provide relevant websites. ENPHO / CHEPHED / Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation: To provide alternative easy option instead of plastic

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development -

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

☐ Partially

Completely ban on use of plastic bags throughout the Kathmandu Valley

include websites where relevant

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country? ✓ Highly

NA

 \square Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)

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III. 3	3R (Goals	for	New	and	Emer	ging	Wastes
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Goal 13 Ensure environmentally-sound management of e-waste at all stages, including collection, storage, transportation, recovery, recycling, treatment, and disposal with appropriate consideration for working conditions, including health and safety aspects of those involved.

Q-1 How do people usually recycle their e-waste (waste electrical and electronic equipment)? (Please check the appropriate box in order of priority by filling in numbers like 1, 2, 3, 4,....etc., for example 1 => Highest priority)

				υ ,	1 3/
Check if	Numb		in		
applicable	priorit	y orde	er		
		2		Take to	recycling center / resource recovery facilities
		1		Take to	o landfill
		3		Take to	the retailer
				Take to	o local charity for re-use
		4		Take to	second-hand shop for re-use
				Ship ba	ack to the manufacturer
				Ship ba	ack to the manufacturer
			•	Recycl	e in another country
				Do not	know how people dispose

Q-2 What specific policies and regulations are in place to ensure health and safety aspects of those involved in e-waste management (handling/sorting/resource recovery/recycling)?

There is no any specific polices or regulation for handling /sorting /resource recovery / recycling of e-waste.

Q-3 How much amount of e-waste is generated and recycled per year?

Estimated total volume	% of collected by	% of volume recycled
generated	permitted recycler	in collected
(ton/year)		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
	generated (ton/year)	generated permitted recycler (ton/year)

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

Lack of database for waste generation / Lack of clear policy / lack of responsible institution / lack of technical know-how and appropriate technology / financial sustainability

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

include websites where retevant			
NA			
Important policies/programmes/project within next five years (2016~2021)	s/master plans	the government	plans to undertake
NA			
Is this Goal relevant for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	☐ Not at all

Voluntary	Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	NEPAL
Implement	ing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	
III. 3R Goal	s for New and Emerging Wastes	
Goal 14	Effective enforcement of established me inappropriate export and import of waste hazardous waste and e-waste.	1 0 0
Q-1 What	specific policies and regulations are introdu	ced to prevent illegal import and export
of e-waste	?	
	o any specific policies and regulation to preve sel Convention, GON is working for specific p	
~	ou have required number of well-trained cus border control, etc.) to track illegal export an	VV V 1
□ Yes 🗷	₫ No	
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financ	ial) faced in implementation:
Lack of cl	ear policy, regulation / Lack of institutional	set up. Formulation of legal documents

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development -

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

☑ Highly

☐ Partially

☐ Not at all

regarding e-waste and hazardous waste should be initiated in the country.

include websites where relevant

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

NA

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	NEPAL
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	

III. 3R Goals	s for New and Emerging Wastes
Goal 15	Progressive implementation of "extended producer responsibility (EPR)" by encouraging producers, importers, and retailers and other relevant stakeholders to fulfill their responsibilities for collecting, recycling, and disposal of new and emerging waste streams, in particular e-waste.
~	specific Extended Product Responsibility (EPR) policies are enacted or introduced? none, then skip Q -2 below)
NA	
Q-2 Please	provide a list of products and product groups targeted by EPR nationally?
Need to for	rmulate policy regarding EPR
Challenges	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
Lack of cle	ar policy and institutional mechanism
	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – bsites where relevant
NA	
-	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake t five years (2016~2021)
NA	
Is this God	d relevant for your country? ☑ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)

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III 3R Goal	als for New and Emerging Wastes	
Goal 16	Promote the 3R concept in health-care waste management.	
Q-1 What	t specific policies and regulations are in place for healthcare waste managen	nent?
manageme	SWM Act 2011 and regulation gave the broader framework for health canent. The Act has made clear provision regarding responsibility of healthcanent. Healthcare Waste Management Guideline, 2014	
Q-2 What (US\$ per y	at is the total annual government expenditure towards healthcare waste man	ıagement
NA		
Q-3 List th	the agencies or authorities responsible for healthcare waste management.	
Ministry o	of Health / Health Department / SWMTSC / Concern Hospitals, health care insof Federal Affairs and Local Development. Ministry of Population and Envises Management Technical Support Center.	
Q-4 What	t is the common practice for disposal of healthcare wastes?	
☑open du ☐ open bu ☐ ordinar; ☐ sanitary ☑ Low co ☑ Highly o	heck the appropriate box and add if any other practice followed) umping (untreated) in some cases urning (untreated) ry land filling (untreated) in some cases ry land filling (treated) ost small scale incineration (do not meet air emission standards) in some cases controlled air incineration (dedicated/modern medical waste incinerators) in somethods (please specify names: Autoclaving)in some cases	
	res (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:	
	echnical know-how and sustainable and user friendly technology s of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under develo	opment –
_	vebsites where relevant	•
	re waste management system in Civil hospital, Bir hospital, western regiona ,PrasutiGriha Thapathali etc	l hospital
within nex	nt policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to usext five years (2016~2021) treated health care waste disposal practices	ndertake
Is this God	pal relevant for your country? ☑ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ No.	t at all

NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goa	ls for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 17	Improve resource efficiency and resource productivity by greening jobs nation-wide in all economic
	and development sectors.
Q-1 What	specific policies and guidelines are introduced for product standard (towards quality/durability,
environme	nt/eco-friendliness, labor standard)?
Nepal Sta	ndards (NS) is being provided by Government of Nepal
Q-2 What s	specific energy efficiency schemes are introduced for production, manufacturing and service sector?
NA Q-3 What s	specific policies are introduced to create green jobs in product and waste sector?
NA	
Challenges	(policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
NA	
Examples	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites
where relev	vant
NA	
Important p	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years
(2016~202	1)
NA	<u></u>
Is this Goa	l relevant for your country? ☑ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	NEPAL
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 18 Maximize co-benefits from waste management technologies for local air, water, oceans, and soil pollution and global climate change.
Q-1 Please share how climate mitigation is addressed in waste management policies and
programmes for co-benefits?
Source segregation makes easier to use the organic waste for composting and other inorganic waste for re-use and recycles. Basically organic waste generates the GHG. Composting practices is one of the best option to recycle the organic waste and quite helpful to reduce GHG emission and climate mitigation.
Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
Composting needs land and nearby the city area. In the case of Nepal, it is very difficult to get the land for composting nearby city area. If the land is far from the city center or waste generation area it became financially not viable or it cannot be financially sustainable.
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development — include websites where relevant
Compost plant of Nepalese waste management in Lele Lalitpur(www.neplesewastemanagement.com)
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)
Maximize composting practices in HH and community level.
Is this Goal relevant for your country? Mighly Partially Not at all

·	Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in ting Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	NEPAL
Implemen	ting 11a 1 (013) Declaration (2013 · 2023)	
IV. 3R Goa	als for Cross-cutting Issues	
Goal 19	Enhance national and local knowledge base resource efficiency , through facilitating effe stakeholders, including governments, municip communities.	ctive and dynamic linkages among all palities, the private sector, and scientific
	nt specific policies are introduced to encou ent, scientific & research institutions and priva	
scientific cooperati	ack of clear specific policy to encourage triang and research institution and private sector we h on. Government has been encouraging the ies in area of 3R and encouraging the private sec	have very limited practices of triangular research institution likewise NAST,
in the are recycling	se share the number and list of dedicated scient eas of 3Rs (e.g., waste minimization technolog technologies, industrial symbiosis, resource ef Tribhuwan University central department enviro	gies, eco-products, cleaner production, fficiency, etc.)?
Challeng	es (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financi	al) faced in implementation:
Lack of cand priva	lear policy and mechanism for coordination bet	ween government, research institution
_	s of pilot projects, master plans and/or polici rebsites where relevant	ies developed or under development –
NA		

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

To established the triangular cooperation between government, research institution and private

☐ Partially

Highly

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

sector for 3R activities

 \square Not at all

NEPAL		

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IV. 3R Goal	ls for Cross-cut	ting Issues		
Goal 20	private sec consumptio	tor in raising publ n and production,	lic awareness and a	overnments, civil society, and the advancing the 3Rs, sustainable ncy, leading to the behavioural terns.
formulate	3R-related			ti-stakeholders in the process to keholders are involved in the
	Government s, please add/s	specify()	☑Industrial As ☑Academic In	
				de production and consumption, the appropriate box)
□ Very l	nigh	✓Moderate	□ Low	☐ Almost Negligible
_			s on beneficial aspec (Please check the app	ets of 3R, sustainable production propriate box)
□ Very l	nigh	☐ Moderate	✓Low	☐ Almost Negligible
o .	•	titutional/ technolog avior change activit		d in implementation:
-	of pilot proj ebsites where	· -	and/or policies deve	eloped or under development –
NA				
-	t policies/pro xt five years (naster plans the go	overnment plans to undertake
	the TLOs an		m in SWM at local le	vel basically in behavior change
Is this Go	al relevant fo	r vour country? 5	☑ Highly □ Par	tially Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives	in
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~20)23)

NEPAL			

IV.	3R	Goals	for	Cross-	-cutting	Issues
1 . .	\mathcal{I}	Oduis	101	CIODO	Cutting	100000

Goal 21 Integrate the 3Rs in formal education at primary, secondary, and tertiary levels as well as non-formal education such as community learning and development, in accordance with Education for Sustainable Development.

Q-1 Provide a list of formal programmes that addresses areas of 3R and resource efficiency as part of the academic curriculum?

Masters Degree Programmes in Environmental Science, Environment Management and Environment Engineering under various Universities have integrated solid waste management in their academic curricula

Q-2 Please provide an overview of the Government policies and programmes to promote community learning and development (non-formal education) on 3R and sustainable waste management.

SWM Act 2011 has made the provision for community participation in waste management in waste minimization activities called 3R .SWMTSC and municipalities have been conducting the various trainings for communities regarding waste handling, reuse, recycling of organic and inorganic waste including composting and other recycling options of different waste material.

Q-3 Please provide a list of academic and research institutions offering PhD programmes in the areas of 3Rs and resource efficiency?

Tribhuvan University, Kathmandu University and Pokhara University

Q-4 Please provide a list of management institutions (offering BBA / MBA courses) which have integrated resource efficiency and life cycle assessment (LCA) as part of their curriculum or course development?

Not identified

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technolog	gical/financial) faced in implementation:
Low priority and lack of clear policy to enco	ourage 3R through academic institution

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

NA

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

NA

Is this Goal relevant for your country? \square Highly \square Partially \square Not at all

NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 22

Integrate the 3R concept in relevant policies and programmes, of key ministries and agencies such as Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Trade and Commerce, Ministry of Energy, Ministry of Water Resources, Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Construction, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Labour, Ministry of Land and Urban Development, Ministry of Education, and other relevant ministries towards transitioning to a resource-efficient and zero waste society.

Q-1 Please list the name of the Ministries and major Government Agencies which are promoting 3R and resource efficiency as part of their policy, planning and developmental activities at local and national level.

Ministry of Federal affairs and Local Development

Ministry of Urban Development

Ministry of Environment and population

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

Ministry of Health

Ministry of Industry

Ministry of Finance

Q-2	What	type	of	coordination	mechanism	is	there	among	ministries	and	agencies	for	a
reso	urce ef	ficier	ıt e	conomic deve	lopment?								

☐ Official regular coordination meeting among ministries and agencies
☑ Official ad-hoc coordination meeting among ministries and agencies
☐ Informal meeting among ministries and agencies
\square Other coordination mechanisms (Provision of solid waste management council)
Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
Lack of Clear institutional responsibility for inter-ministerial coordination
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant
NA
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)
NA

☑Highly

☐ Partially

 \square Not at all

NEPAL

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 23 Promote green and socially responsible procurement at all levels, thereby creating and expanding 3R industries and markets for environmentally-friendly goods and products.
Q-1 What specific policies are introduced to promote green and social responsible
procurement?
NA
Q-2 Please provide details of eco-labeling schemes of your country.
NA
Q-3 Please provide a list of criteria for eco-labeled products and services in your country.
Carpet, Pashmina and Paper
Q-4 Please provide the list of Ministries and major Government Agencies which have adopted green procurement policy.
NA
Q-5 What % of municipalities has adopted the green procurement policy?
NA
Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
NA
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development include websites where relevant
NA
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)
NA
Is this Goal relevant for your country? ☐ Highly ☐ Partially ☐ Not at all

NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goal	s for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 24	Phase out harmful subsidies that favour unsustainable use of resources (raw materials and water) and energy, and channel the freed funds in support of implementing the 3Rs and efforts to improve resource/energy efficiency.
unsustain	there any government subsidy programmes that directly or indirectly favour able use of resources (raw materials, water, and energy)? If so, please provide a list programmes along with the responsible Ministry or Agency administering and ting it.
NA	
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
NA	
-	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – ebsites where relevant
NA	
-	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake at five years (2016~2021)
NA	

 \square Highly

☑ Partially

□ Not at all

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)

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NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 25

Protect public health and ecosystems, including freshwater and marine resources by eliminating illegal activities of open dumping, including dumping in the oceans, and controlling open burning in both urban and rural areas.

Q-1 Is waste management a public health priority in your country?

Yes, waste management is a public health priority issue. SWM Act clearly speaks in preamble "Whereas, it is expedient to make the management of the solid waste in a systematic and effective way by reducing at its source, re-use, processing or discharge and for maintaining a clean and healthy environment through the reduction of adverse effects that may be caused to the public health and environment by amending and consolidating the laws relating to the management of solid waste like most essential services laws". It shows the GON priority in SWM.

Q-2 What are the rules and regulations to prevent open dumping and open burning of waste?

SWM Act, 2011 and Rule 2013 has made various provision regarding prevent open dumping and open burning and pollution control from solid waste.

Q-3 Rank the five most important rivers in terms of water quality (BOD values) passing through major cities and urban areas?

Bagmati /SetiPokhara / Bisnumati/ Narayani /Manohara

Q-4 What are the specific laws, rules and regulations in place to prevent littering in river and water bodies?

SWM Act 2011 and Rules 2013

Q-5 What are the specific laws, rules and regulations in place to prevent marine littering?

NA

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

Compliance of existing legal provision due to institutional capacity.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Clean Bagmati Campaign

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Bagmati Action Plan /

Is this Goal relevant for your country? \square Highly \square Partially \square Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)

NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 26

Facilitate the international circulation of re-usable and recyclable resources as well as remanufactured products as mutually agreed by countries and in accordance with international and national laws, especially the Basel Convention, which contributes to the reduction of negative environmental impacts and the effective management of resources.

Q-1 What are major recycling industries in your country?

Plastic Recycling Industries Paper recycling industries Metal Recycling Industries

Q-2 Please specify the regulation on trans-boundary movement of hazardous waste.

Though ratified Basel convention, no such specific regulation on trans-boundary hazardous waste has been formulated

Q-3 If your government has restriction on import of non-hazardous waste or quality control of non-hazardous waste, please list it up.

The movement is based on the spirit of Basel Convention

Q-4 Does your government restricts import of remanufactured goods?

Yes

Q-5 Does your government regards remanufactured goods as secondhand goods, and regulates it as secondhand goods?

No

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

Technology and technical know-how

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

NA

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

NA

Is this Goal relevant for your country? \square Highly \square Partially \square Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/In	itiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration	$(2013 \sim 2023)$

NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Promote data collection, compilation and sharing, public announcement and application of statistics on wastes and the 3Rs, to understand the state of waste management and resource efficiency.

Q-1 Please give an overview on availability of various data and information on material flow and waste management by checking $(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$ the appropriate boxes. (Please respond on both

"Data Availability" and Monitoring Base")

Data Type	Data Availability			Monitorin	Monitoring Base	
	Good	Very limited	No data exist	Good	Not good	
Waste generation		Ø		Ø		
Material flow					\square	
Cyclical use			Ø	Ø		
Amount of final disposal				Ø		
Disposal to land		Ø		Ø		
Direct disposal to water			Ø		\square	
Import of waste			Ø		Ø	
Export of waste			Ø		Ø	
Total landfilled waste		Ø		\square		
Import of recyclables			Ø			
Export of recyclables		\square			\square	
Hazardous waste generation (Solid, liquid, sludge, etc.)			Ø		\square	
e-waste generation			Ø		Ø	

(Please add any other date type relevant to your country)

Q-2	What are the	current and p	planned go	overnment _j	policies d	and progr	ammes to	strengthen	data
and	information	availability in	ı waste sec	tor?					

GON is updating the database regarding waste through baseline survey.

GON is promoting academic institutions for data collection

GON is encouraging municipalities to update the SWM database.

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

Rapid population growth and urbanization

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

NA

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

To generate the authentic database for waste management including 3R

I,	s this	Goal relev	vant for	your country	7? ⊻ H	ighly l	⊒ Partiall	y ⊔ Not at all

NEPAL

IV. 3R Goal	s for Cross-cutting Issues			
Goal 28	Promote heat recovery (warecyclable and proper and sus	0.,		are not re-usable or
Q-1 What	are the government policies	and programm	es, including inc	centives, for waste-to-
energy pro	ogrammes?	-		
<i>5.</i> 1				
Promotion	of waste to energy by giving t	ax exemption in	equipment impor	rt
Promotion	of waste to energy by purchas	ing energy		
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ techno	logical/ financi	al) faced in imple	mentation:
Lack of co	ordination between multiple re	elated agencies.		
Examples	of pilot projects, master plan	ns and/or polici	es developed or	under development –
include we	ebsites where relevant	_	_	-
NA				
-	policies/programmes/project t five years (2016~2021)	s/master plans	the government	t plans to undertake
NA				
Is this God	al relevant for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	☐ Not at all

•	Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in ting Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	NEPAL
implement	ting Ita Noisin Centration (2013-2023)	
IV. 3R Goa	ls for Cross-cutting Issues	
Goal 29	Promote overall regional cooperation and no different levels of linkages such as gover municipality, industry-to-industry, (research) Encourage technology transfer and technical developed countries to less developed countries	nment-to-government, municipality-to-institute-to-institute, and NGO-to-NGO. al and financial supports for 3Rs from
Q-1 Pleas	se provide a list of on-going bilateral/multi-late	eral technical cooperation in 3R areas?
Output Ai	id for solid waste management in municipalities	s supported by WB.
	t actions are being taken to promote inter-munexchanges, resource recovery, recycling, waste	
Establish Promotion	ning the municipal capacity in 3R basic infrastructure for recycling a 3R activities at local level	
	change for 3R	
Improve i	inancial sustainability in SWM	
Challenge	es (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financi	al) faced in implementation:
Weak tech	nnical capacity of concern institution	
_	s of pilot projects, master plans and/or police rebsites where relevant	ies developed or under development –
NA		

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake

☑Highly

Partially

□ Not at all

within next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

NA

IV. 3R Goals	s for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 30	Pay special attention to issues and challenges faced by developing countries including SIDS in achieving sustainable development.
	e describe any past and on-going cooperation with SIDS (Small Island Developing untries in 3R areas.
NA	
	e list 3R related projects linked to climate change, biodiversity, disaster management nable tourism. (This is to be reported by SIDS countries only)NA
NA	
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
Manageme	ent capacity/ Weak institutional mechanism / Lack of financial resource
-	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – bsites where relevant
NA	
-	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake t five years (2016~2021)
NA	
Is this God	al relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

NEPAL		

IV. 3R Goals	s for Cross-cutting Issues			
Goal 31	Promote 3R + "Return" co "Return" where recycling is industries and limited scale of	s difficult due	to the absence of	of available recycling
~	specific policies, programme, rn" concept? (This is <u>to be re</u>			plemented to promote
NA				
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ techno	logical/ financi	al) faced in imple	mentation:
NA				
-	of pilot projects, master plands Subsites where relevant	ns and/or polici	ies developed or	under development –
NA				
-	policies/programmes/project t five years (2016~2021)	s/master plans	the government	t plans to undertake
NA				
Is this God	l relevant for your country?	☐ Highly	☐ Partially	☐ Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)
IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 32 Complete elimination of illegal engagement of children in the informal waste sector
and gradually improve the working conditions and livelihood security, including mandatory provision of health insurance , for all workers.
Q-1 What is the approximate market size (in US\$) of the informal waste sector?
NA
Q-2 Number of annual labor inspections in waste sector?
Around 30 thousand
Q-3 Is health insurance a mandatory to all informal workers in waste sector by law?
NA
Q-4 What specific policies and enforcement mechanisms are in place to prevent illegal engagement of children in waste sector?
Engagement of children's in any place as labor is prohibited by laws
Q-5 Number of landfill sites accessible to register waste pickers?
No access of waste pickers in landfills but they collects the recyclables from transportations and collection centers
Q-6 Average life span of informal waste workers?
Data is not exist
Q-7 Any government vaccination programmes for informal waste workers?
Data is not exist
Q-8 Any public awareness programmes for informal waste workers on health and safety measures?
Around 100 awareness programs were conducted for informal waste workers on health and safety measures and it improves the situation of informal waste worker and their family.
Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:
Lack of clear responsibility to see the informal waste workers
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant
Prism project supported by EU
Important policies/programs/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

☑ Highly

 \square Partially

To create the decent job for informal waste workers

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

 \square Not at all

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	NEPAL
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	

Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in	NEPAL
Implementing Ha Noi3RDeclaration (2013~2023)	

IV. 3R Goa	ls for Cross-cutting Issues					
Goal 33	Promote 3Rs taking into account gender considerations.					
	se give a brief assessment on ho te gender considerations in w		· -			
risky job. sweeping. the female that make To promo	They are not using safety too. But if we look the policy level e member of the family. It means easy to handle the recyclable te 3R activities, municipal, pro	ols and someting it is very few. In they can play material and activincial and national sometimes.	nes they took their Similarly, Most of many very crucial rol dded value of recy onal Government	r child with her during f the kitchen handles by e in source segregation clables. will take considerations		
Basically	issue for gender equality an focus has to be given to reduce the waste worker to use safety	e the health im	pact and safety is	sues. Similarly need to		
	es (policy/ institutional/ techno					
To encour	age the people in 3R activities.					
-	s of pilot projects, master pla ebsites where relevant	ns and/or poli	cies developed or	under development –		
NA						
_	t policies/programmes/project xt five years (2016~2021)	ts/master plan	s the governmen	nt plans to undertake		
NA						
Is this Go	al relevant for your country?	☑ Highly	☐ Partially	□ Not at all		