

Seventh Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific

“Advancing 3R and Resource Efficiency for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development”

Adelaide, SA, Australia, 2-4 November 2016

Country Report

(Draft)

<Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka>

This country report was prepared by the Government of Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as an input for the Seventh Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific. The views expressed herein do not necessarily reflect the views of the United Nations.

Country 3R Progress Report

Name of the Country: Sri Lanka

Name, Designation and Organization Respondent:

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Other Ministries, Organizations, Agencies contributing to Country
Report:

Timeline of Submission: **15 September 2016** (Email:
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*Progress and achievements towards implementation of the Ha Noi 3R Declaration
-Sustainable 3R Goals for Asia and the Pacific (2013-2023)-*

With the objective of demonstrating renewed interest and commitment of Asia-Pacific countries towards realizing a resource efficient society, the Fourth Regional 3R Forum in Asia-Pacific in 2013 adopted the good-will and legally non-binding “*Ha Noi 3R Declaration – Sustainable 3R Goals for Asia and the Pacific 2013-23.*” The objective of the Country Reporting is to share among international community various initiatives launched and efforts made (such as new policy instruments, legislations, regulations, institutional arrangements, investments or financing, technological innovation or intervention, partnership mechanisms, such as PPPs, etc.) by the member countries of the Forum in addressing each of the underlined goals of the Ha Noi 3R Declaration. This would not only help the member countries to learn various 3R best practices in place across the region, but it would also help bi-lateral and multi-lateral development agencies, donors, development banks in assessing the sustainable needs and challenges to better devise their existing as well as future capacity building programmes and technical assistance in the areas of 3Rs and sustainable waste management.

We request you to kindly fill in the below table as much as possible with relevant data/information. If additional spaces are required, separate sheets could be attached.

Thank you very much for your kind cooperation.

Secretariat of the Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific
United Nations Centre for Regional Development (UNCRD)
Email: 3R@uncrd.or.jp

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 1	Significant reduction in the quantity of municipal solid waste generated, by instituting policies, programmes, and projects at national and local levels, encouraging both producers and consumers to reduce the waste through greening production, greening lifestyle, and sustainable consumption.
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Q-1 What specific 3R policies, programmes and projects, are implemented to reduce the quantity of municipal solid waste?

Segregate household waste (glass, plastics, paper, metallic items, electronic items, fluorescent bulbs and coconut shells) for recycling or reuse; Production of compost; Use of biodegradable plastic bags; Planned solid waste disposal in a scientific manner; Some traders offer part exchange for electronic items and use parts of the returned items for repairs.

Q-2 What is the level of participation of households in “source” segregation of municipal waste streams? (Please check the appropriate box)

- Very High (> 90%)
- High (>70%)
- Average (50~70%)
- Low or not satisfactory (< 50%)
- Does not exist

Q-3 Total annual government expenditure per capita (US\$ per capita) in municipal solid waste management in 2014-2015

Not available

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Instituting policies on Solid Waste Handling & Management and enforcing them is difficult; Even though public awareness is given, people do not generally resort to solid waste segregation;

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Pilot solid waste disposal programmes are being implemented in the country with assistance from South Korea; Solid waste collection programmes are implemented with Private Sector participation successfully. Organic component of Municipal Waste is used for energy recovery in some parts of the country; The introduction of reusable plastic boxes to transport vegetables and fruit without getting damaged has resulted in substantial savings (more income for the producer / distributor and less organic wastes).

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 2	Full-scale utilization of the organic component of municipal waste, including food waste, as a valuable resource, thereby achieving multiple benefits such as the reduction of waste flows to final disposal sites, reduction of GHG emission, improvement in resource efficiency, energy recovery, and employment creation.
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Q-1 Does the central government have policies or support to utilize or reduce the organic waste such as composting, energy recovery and improving efficiency in food processing?

Organic component of Municipal Waste is used for energy recovery in some parts of the country; The introduction of reusable plastic boxes to transport vegetables and fruit without getting damaged has resulted in substantial savings (more income for the producer / distributor and less organic wastes). Household composting takes place (pre-fabricated containers for composting is distributed by the Central Environmental Authority for nominal payment).

Q-2 What is happening to country's organic waste?(Please check the appropriate box)

- mostly landfilled
- mostly incinerated
- both landfilled and incinerated
- mostly open dumped or open burned

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Resource constraints in Local Authorities to collect segregated waste material; Even though an attitude change can be made among school children, the seniors at home do not easily adapt to proposed changes in handling waste (unless there is pecuniary benefits).

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

German Alumni Association together with the Goethe Institute, Colombo introduced waste segregation among school children; unfortunately, the Local Authority dumped all segregated wastes into the same trailer (of the tractor) which the school children witnessed.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 3 Achieve significant **increase in recycling rate** of recyclables (e.g., plastic, paper, metal, etc.), by introducing policies and measures, and by setting up financial mechanisms and institutional frameworks involving relevant stakeholders (e.g., producers, consumers, recycling industry, users of recycled materials, etc.) and development of modern recycling industry.

Q-1 What is the recycling rate of various recyclables?(Please check the appropriate cell & add more waste streams as relevant for the country)

Rate Type	Very High (>90%)	High (>70%)	Average (50~60%)	Poor (<50%)	Recycling does not exist	Definition of recycling rate*
Paper		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				1
Plastic				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		1
Metal			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			1
Construction waste					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1
e-waste				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		1
others						

**Note: Please specify in the cell which of the following definitions (ie., 1 or 2 or 3) is followed for recycling rate*

Definition 1: (collected recyclable waste)/(estimated generation of waste)

Definition 2: (volume of utilized recyclable waste)/(volume of raw material)

Definition 3: (volume of utilized recyclable waste)/(volume of collected waste for recycling)

Q-2 What specific policies are introduced at local and national level for prevention or reduction of waste streams – paper, plastic, metal, construction waste, e-waste?

Prevention or reduction of waste is done through public awareness. It is not enforceable. There is interest among households if there are pecuniary benefits.

Q-3 What is the rate of resource recovery from various waste streams?

Rate Type	Very High (>90%)	High (>70%)	Average (50~60%)	Poor (<50%)	Recycling does not exist
Paper		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Plastic				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Metal			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Construction waste				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
e-waste				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

(Please check the appropriate cell & add more waste streams as relevant for the country)

Q-4 What is the level of existence of resource recovery facilities/ infrastructures in cities?

Level Type	Every Major City	Few Major Cities only	Does not exist	Supportive policy or programmes exists	No supportive policy or programmes
Paper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Plastic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Metal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Construction waste			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
e-waste		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 3	Achieve significant increase in recycling rate of recyclables (e.g., plastic, paper, metal, etc.), by introducing policies and measures, and by setting up financial mechanisms and institutional frameworks involving relevant stakeholders (e.g., producers, consumers, recycling industry, users of recycled materials, etc.) and development of modern recycling industry.
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Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
There is no recycling industry in Sri Lanka. Whatever recycling that takes place is at grass root level. Only paper recycling is fairly well established.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant
Recycling household waste (glass, plastics, paper, metallic items, electronic items, fluorescent bulbs and coconut shells) or reuse takes place; Some traders offer part exchange for electronic items and use parts of the returned items for repairs.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 4	Build sustainable cities /green cities by encouraging “zero waste” through sound policies, strategies, institutional mechanisms, and multi - stakeholder partnerships (giving specific importance to private sector involvement) with a primary goal of waste minimization
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Q-1 What specific waste management policies and programmes are introduced to encourage private sector participation in municipal waste management?

Municipal waste collection is done with Private Sector Participation in many townships.

Q-2 What are the major waste management areas that have strong involvement of private and business sector? (Please check appropriate boxes and add other areas if not listed below)

- waste collection
- resource recovery
- waste recycling
- waste to energy, composting, etc.
- PPP projects in waste sector

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

None significant

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Abans Solid Waste Management in Colombo and Sri JayawardenepuraKotte.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 5	Encourage the private sector , including small-and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to implement measures to increase resource efficiency and productivity , creation of decent work and to improve environmentally-friendly practices through applying environmental standards, clean technologies, and cleaner production.
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Q-1 What are the major clean technology related policies aiming to increase energy and resource efficiency of SMEs?

Resource recovery from the waste generated from Small and Medium industries.

Q-2 What are the capacity building programmes currently in place to build the technical capacity of SMEs in 3R areas?

Short courses are organized by the Institution of Engineers, National Engineering and Research (NERD) Centre, Sri Lanka Association for the Advancement of Science and the Sustainable Energy Authority.

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Many industries do not resort to resource recovery and do not realize the value

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Simple Vehicle Service Stations scattered throughout the country adopt oil recovery techniques, thereby causing less damage to the environment.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 6	Promote the greening of the value chain by encouraging industries and associated suppliers and vendors in socially responsible and inclusive ways.
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Q-1 What percent of companies and industries have introduced green accounting and voluntary environmental performance evaluation (Ref: ISO 14000)?

- Very High (> 90%)
- High (>70%)
- Average (50~70%)
- Low or not satisfactory (< 50%)
- None

Q-2 What percent of companies and industries have introduced social accounting (Ref: SA 8000) in consultation with their workers?

- Very High (> 90%)
- High (>70%)
- Average (50~70%)
- Low or not satisfactory (< 50%)
- None

Q 3 Does government have a programme for promoting greening of the value chain? What specific policies, programmes and incentives are introduced to promote greening of value chain?

In general, industries do not recognize this matter as important.

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

The Government of Sri Lanka is trying to carry out Green Accounting. It has established Green Accounting in the Forestry Sector. It is initiating work in the water sector. Voluntary Environmental Performance Evaluation is not done. The Central Environmental Authority renews licenses issued to industries annually taking any impact to the environment into consideration.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

None significant.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 7	Promote industrial symbiosis (i.e., recycling of waste from one industry as a resource for another), by providing relevant incentives and support.
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Q-1 Does your government have policies and programmes promoting industrial symbiosis in industrial parks or zones? What specific policies, programmes and incentives are introduced to promote industrial symbiosis?

This is not done formally. It takes place at community level.

Q-2 How many eco-industrial parks or zones or the like, which is supported by the government, are there in the country?

None are eco-industrial parks

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

The value of by-products of some industries being possible inputs for other industries is not publicized very much.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Not significant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 8	Build local capacity of both current and future practitioners, to enable the private sector (including SMEs) to obtain the necessary knowledge and technical skills to foster green industry and create decent, productive work.
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Q-1 How many dedicated training facilities or centers are there to cater the needs of SMEs and practitioners in the areas of cleaner production, resource efficiency and environment-friendly technologies, etc.?

There are no specific Training Centres for technical skills enhancement to foster green industry and create productive work but there have been electronic advertisements during the past one year for such opportunities in 2 to 3 Centres in Colombo.

Q-2 Please provide an indicative figure on annual government (US \$) expenditure on building technical capacity of SMEs and practitioners in the areas of cleaner production, resource efficiency and environment-friendly technologies, etc.?

Insignificant

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

This is becoming increasingly popular.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

None

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 9	Develop proper classification and inventory of hazardous waste as a prerequisite towards sound management of such waste.
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Q-1 Is there a systematic classification of hazardous waste? If so, please attach.

Yes No

Q-2 What specific rules and regulations are introduced to separate, store, treat, transportation and disposal of hazardous waste?

The relevant manufacturing Standards. The Central Environmental Authority has set Guidelines to specify quality Standards for industrial effluent disposal into inland waterways and into the sea.

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Small industries are disposing effluent and solid waste indiscriminately.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

II. 3R Goals in Rural Areas

Goal 10 **Reduce losses in the overall food supply chain** (production, post harvesting and storage, processing and packaging, distribution), leading to reduction of waste while increasing the quantity and improving the quality of products reaching consumers.

Q-1 What specific policies, rules and regulations, including awareness programmes, are introduced to minimize food or crop waste?

Crop waste is minimized by the introduction of Plastic boxes to transport them

Q-2 Is there any continuing education services or awareness programmes for the farmers or agricultural marketing associations on reduction of crop wastes for increased food security?

At the time of introduction of this requirement there were extensive publicity programmes.

Q-3 What is the average wastage of crops or agricultural produce between farms to consumers, if there is a study in your country?

Very High (> 20~ 30%)

High (10~20%)

Medium (5~10%)

Low (< 5%)

Negligible (<1%)

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

At the time of introduction of this requirement there was much resistance from the cultivators and middle-men. As time passed, they realized the usefulness and adhere to it steadfastly, now.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

II. 3R Goals in Rural Areas

Goal 11	Promote full scale use of agricultural biomass waste and livestock waste through reuse and/or recycle measures as appropriate, to achieve a number of co - benefits including GHG emission reduction, energy security, sustainable livelihoods in rural areas and poverty reduction, among others.
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Q-1 How much amount of – (a) agricultural biomass waste and (b) livestock waste are grossly generated per annum?

Q-2 How are most of the agricultural biomass wastes utilized or treated? (Please check all appropriate boxes)

- as secondary raw material input (for paper, bioplastic, furniture, etc.)
- biogas/electricity generation
- composts/fertilizers
- mostly left unutilized or open dumped
- mostly open burned

Q-3 What specific policies, guidelines, and technologies are introduced for efficient utilization of agricultural biomass waste and livestock waste as a secondary material inputs towards full scale economic benefits? Relevant websites could be shared for additional information.

Agricultural Extension Officers educate farmers to use agricultural biomass waste and livestock waste (to a certain extent) as fertilisers.

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 12 Strengthen regional, national, and local efforts to address the issue of **waste, in particular plastics** in the marine and coastal environment.

Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are in place to address the issue of plastic wastes in coastal and marine environment?

No specific policies. Voluntary clean up takes place.

Q-2 What extent issue of plastic waste is considered in integrated coastal zone management (ICZM)? (Please check the appropriate box)

Very much Somehow Not at all

Q-3 Please provide a list of centre of excellences or dedicated scientific and research programmes established to address the impacts of micro-plastic particulates (<5 mm) on coastal and marine species? If yes, please provide relevant websites.

None

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 13 Ensure **environmentally-sound management of e-waste** at all stages, including collection, storage, transportation, recovery, recycling, treatment, and disposal with appropriate consideration for working conditions, including **health and safety aspects** of those involved.

Q-1 How do people usually recycle their e-waste (waste electrical and electronic equipment)? (Please check the appropriate box in order of priority by filling in numbers like 1, 2, 3, 4,....etc., for example 1 => Highest priority)

Check if applicable	Number in priority order	
	1	Take to recycling center / resource recovery facilities
	4	Take to landfill
	3	Take to the retailer
	5	Take to local charity for re-use
	2	Take to second-hand shop for re-use
		Ship back to the manufacturer
		Ship back to the manufacturer
		Recycle in another country
		Do not know how people dispose

Q-2 What specific policies and regulations are in place to ensure health and safety aspects of those involved in e-waste management (handling/sorting/resource recovery/recycling)?

Q-3 How much amount of e-waste is generated and recycled per year?

Type of e-waste	Estimated total volume generated (ton/year)	% of collected by permitted recycler	% of volume recycled in collected
Television			
Computer			
Mobile phone			
Refrigerators			
Washing machines			
Air conditioners			
Others...			

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Parts of discarded electronic items are used for repair purposes. Hence, there is a demand for e-waste in the country.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 14	Effective enforcement of established mechanisms for preventing illegal and inappropriate export and import of waste, including transit trade, especially of hazardous waste and e-waste.
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Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are introduced to prevent illegal import and export of e-waste?

None

Q-2 Do you have required number of well-trained custom or other officials(for airport, sea-port, land border control, etc.) to track illegal export and import of e-waste?

Yes No

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Sri Lankan customs procedures are very strict. Export or import of hazardous waste and e-waste will not be normally allowed.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 15	Progressive implementation of “ extended producer responsibility (EPR) ” by encouraging producers, importers, and retailers and other relevant stakeholders to fulfill their responsibilities for collecting, recycling, and disposal of new and emerging waste streams, in particular e-waste.
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Q-1 What specific Extended Product Responsibility (EPR) policies are enacted or introduced? (If there is none, then skip Q-2 below)

None

Q-2 Please provide a list of products and product groups targeted by EPR nationally?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 16 Promote the 3R concept in health-care waste management.

Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are in place for healthcare waste management?

Usually incinerated

Q-2 What is the total annual government expenditure towards healthcare waste management (US\$ per year)?

Q-3 List the agencies or authorities responsible for healthcare waste management.

Ministry of Health and Indigenous Medicine

Q-4 What is the common practice for disposal of healthcare wastes?

(Please check the appropriate box and add if any other practice followed)

- open dumping (untreated)
- open burning (untreated)
- ordinary landfilling (untreated)
- sanitary landfilling (treated)
- Low cost small scale incineration (do not meet air emission standards)
- Highly controlled air incineration (dedicated/modern medical waste incinerators)
- Other methods (please specify names:)

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 17 Improve resource efficiency and resource productivity by greening jobs nation - wide in all economic and development sectors.

Q-1 What specific policies and guidelines are introduced for product standard (towards quality/durability, environment/eco-friendliness, labour standard)?

Product standards are specified in Sri Lanka Standards usually based on BS, EN or American Standards

Q-2 What specific energy efficiency schemes are introduced for production, manufacturing and service sector?

Energy audits are done improvements made accordingly

Q-3 What specific policies are introduced to create green jobs in product and waste sector?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name
Sri Lanka

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 18 Maximize co-benefits from waste management technologies for local air, water, oceans, and soil pollution and global climate change.

Q-1 Please share how climate mitigation is addressed in waste management policies and programmes for co-benefits?

None significant

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 19	Enhance national and local knowledge base and research network on the 3Rs and resource efficiency , through facilitating effective and dynamic linkages among all stakeholders, including governments, municipalities, the private sector, and scientific communities.
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Q-1 What specific policies are introduced to encourage triangular cooperation between government, scientific & research institutions and private/business sector in 3R areas?

Q-2 Please share the number and list of dedicated scientific institution, or coordinating centers in the areas of 3Rs (e.g., waste minimization technologies, eco-products, cleaner production, recycling technologies, industrial symbiosis, resource efficiency, etc.)?

None

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 20 Strengthen multi-stakeholder partnerships among governments, civil society, and the private sector in raising public awareness and advancing the 3Rs, sustainable consumption and production, and resource efficiency, leading to the behavioural change of the citizens and change in production patterns.

Q-1 Does central government have official dialogue with multi-stakeholders in the process to formulate 3R-related policies and regulations? Which stakeholders are involved in the dialogue? (Please check all applicable)

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> NGOs | <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial Association |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Local Government | <input type="checkbox"/> Academic Institution |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Others, please add/specify () | |

Q-2 What is the level of NGOs' involvement in 3R, sustainable production and consumption, resource efficiency related promotional activities? (Please check the appropriate box)

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Very high | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moderate | <input type="checkbox"/> Low | <input type="checkbox"/> Almost Negligible |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|

Q-3 What is the level of citizens' awareness on beneficial aspects of 3R, sustainable production and consumption and resource efficiency. (Please check the appropriate box)

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Very high | <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Low | <input type="checkbox"/> Almost Negligible |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 21	Integrate the 3Rs in formal education at primary, secondary, and tertiary levels as well as non-formal education such as community learning and development, in accordance with Education for Sustainable Development.
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Q-1 Provide a list of formal programmes that addresses areas of 3R and resource efficiency as part of the academic curriculum?

Sustainable development and energy efficiency are emphasized in school education

Q-2 Please provide an overview of the Government policies and programmes to promote community learning and development (non-formal education) on 3R and sustainable waste management.

Q-3 Please provide a list of academic and research institutions offering PhD programmes in the areas of 3Rs and resource efficiency?

Q-4 Please provide a list of management institutions (offering BBA / MBA courses) which have integrated resource efficiency and life cycle assessment (LCA) as part of their curriculum or course development?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 22	Integrate the 3R concept in relevant policies and programmes, of key ministries and agencies such as Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Trade and Commerce, Ministry of Energy, Ministry of Water Resources, Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Construction, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Labour, Ministry of Land and Urban Development, Ministry of Education, and other relevant ministries towards transitioning to a resource-efficient and zero waste society.
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Q-1 Please list the name of the Ministries and major Government Agencies which are promoting 3R and resource efficiency as part of their policy, planning and developmental activities at local and national level.

Q-2 What type of coordination mechanism are there among ministries and agencies for a resource efficient economic development?

- Official regular coordination meeting among ministries and agencies
- Official ad-hoc coordination meeting among ministries and agencies
- Informal meeting among ministries and agencies
- Other coordination mechanisms (please add/specify)

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 23	Promote green and socially responsible procurement at all levels, thereby creating and expanding 3R industries and markets for environmentally-friendly goods and products.
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Q-1 What specific policies are introduced to promote green and social responsible procurement?

Q-2 Please provide details of eco-labelling schemes of your country.

Q-3 Please provide a list of criteria for eco-labeled products and services in your country.

Q-4 Please provide the list of Ministries and major Government Agencies which have adopted green procurement policy.

Q-5 What % of municipalities have adopted the green procurement policy?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 24 Phase out harmful subsidies that favour unsustainable use of resources (raw materials and water) and energy, and channel the freed funds in support of implementing the 3Rs and efforts to improve resource/energy efficiency.

Q-1 Are there any government subsidy programmes that directly or indirectly favour unsustainable use of resources (raw materials, water, and energy)? If so, please provide a list of such programmes along with the responsible Ministry or Agency administering and implementing it.

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 25	Protect public health and ecosystems, including freshwater and marine resources by eliminating illegal activities of open dumping, including dumping in the oceans, and controlling open burning in both urban and rural areas.
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Q-1 Is waste management a public health priority in your country?

Q-2 What are the rules and regulations to prevent open dumping and open burning of waste?

Q-3 Rank the five most important rivers in terms of water quality (BOD values) passing through major cities and urban areas?

1. Kelaniriver 2. Mahaweliriver 3. Nilwalariver 4. Ma oya 5. Gin gagna

Q-4 What are the specific laws, rules and regulations in place to prevent littering in river and water bodies?

Q-5 What are the specific laws, rules and regulations in place to prevent marine littering?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 26	Facilitate the international circulation of re-usable and recyclable resources as well as remanufactured products as mutually agreed by countries and in accordance with international and national laws, especially the Basel Convention, which contributes to the reduction of negative environmental impacts and the effective management of resources.
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Q-1 What are major recycling industries in your country?

Q-2 Please specify the regulation on transboundary movement of hazardous waste.

Q-3 If your government has restriction on import of non-hazardous waste or quality control of non-hazardous waste, please list it up.

Q-4 Does your government restrict import of remanufactured goods?

Q-5 Does your government regard remanufactured goods as secondhand goods, and regulate it as secondhand goods?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 27 Promote data collection, compilation and sharing, public announcement and application of statistics on wastes and the 3Rs, to understand the state of waste management and resource efficiency.

Q-1 Please give an overview on availability of various data and information on material flow and waste management by checking (X or ✓) the appropriate boxes. (Please respond on both "Data Availability" and Monitoring Base")

Data Type	Data Availability			Monitoring Base	
	Good	Very limited	No data exist	Good	Not good
Waste generation			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Material flow		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Cyclical use			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Amount of final disposal			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Disposal to land			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Direct disposal to water			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Import of waste			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Export of waste			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Total landfilled waste		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Import of recyclables			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Export of recyclables			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hazardous waste generation (solid, liquid, sludge, etc.)			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
e-waste generation			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

(Please add any other data type relevant to your country)

Q-2 What are the current and planned government policies and programmes to strengthen data and information availability in waste sector?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name
Sri Lanka

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 28 Promote heat recovery (waste-to-energy), in case wastes are not re-usable or recyclable and proper and sustainable management is secured.

Q-1 What are the government policies and programmes, including incentives, for waste-to-energy programmes?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 29	Promote overall regional cooperation and multi-stakeholder partnerships based on different levels of linkages such as government-to-government, municipality-to-municipality, industry-to-industry, (research) institute-to-institute, and NGO-to-NGO. Encourage technology transfer and technical and financial supports for 3Rs from developed countries to less developed countries.
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Q-1 Please provide a list of on-going bilateral/multi-lateral technical cooperation in 3R areas?

Q-2 What actions are being taken to promote inter-municipal or regional cooperation in areas of waste exchanges, resource recovery, recycling, waste-to-energy and trade of recyclables?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 30	Pay special attention to issues and challenges faced by developing countries including SIDS in achieving sustainable development.
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Q-1 Please describe any past and on-going cooperation with SIDS (Small Island Developing States) countries in 3R areas.

Q-2 Please list 3R related projects linked to climate change, biodiversity, disaster management and sustainable tourism. (This is to be reported by SIDS countries only)

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

**Voluntary Progress/Achievements/Initiatives in
Implementing Ha Noi 3R Declaration (2013~2023)**

Country Name Sri Lanka

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 31	Promote 3R + “Return” concept which stands for Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and “Return” where recycling is difficult due to the absence of available recycling industries and limited scale of markets in SIDS, especially in the Pacific Region.
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Q-1 What specific policies, programme, including pilot projects, are implemented to promote 3R+ “Return” concept? (This is to be reported by SIDS countries only)

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 32	Complete elimination of illegal engagement of children in the informal waste sector and gradually improve the working conditions and livelihood security, including mandatory provision of health insurance , for all workers.
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Q-1 What is the approximate market size (in US\$) of the informal waste sector?

Q-2 Number of annual labor inspections in waste sector?

Q-3 Is health insurance a mandatory to all informal workers in waste sector by law?

No

Q-4 What specific policies and enforcement mechanisms are in place to prevent illegal engagement of children in waste sector?

The Child Protection Authority and the Sri Lanka Police enforce the rules relating to child labour

Q-5 Number of landfill sites accessible to register waste pickers?

Q-6 Average life span of informal waste workers?

Q-7 Any government vaccination programmes for informal waste workers?

None

Q-8 Any public awareness programmes for informal waste workers on health and safety measures?

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programs/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues

Goal 33 Promote 3Rs taking into account gender considerations.

Q-1 Please give a brief assessment on how the national, provincial and municipal governments incorporate gender considerations in waste reduction, reuse and recycle.

Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

Not available

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all