# Financing Needs for Sustainable Transport Systems for the 21st Century

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### Financing Needs for Sustainable Transport

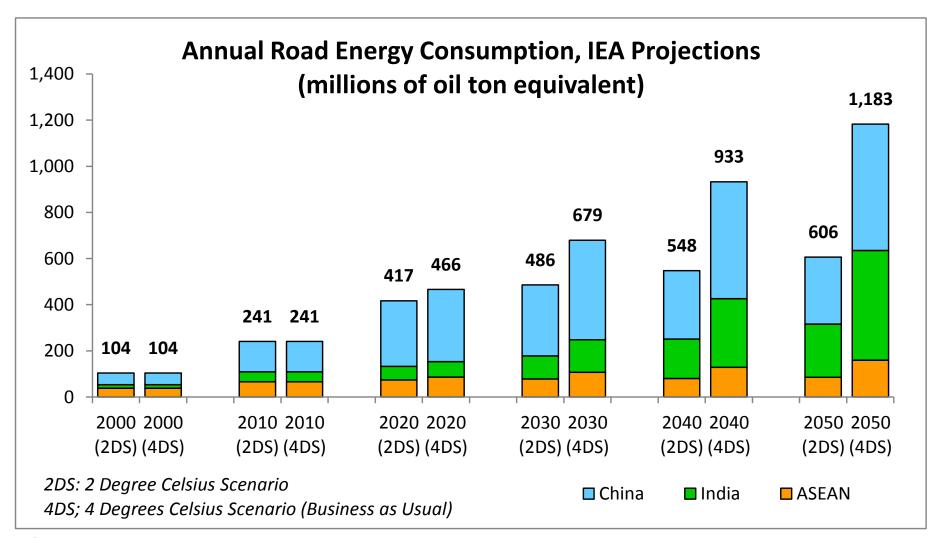
0 CONGESTION0 AIR POLLUTION0 ROAD FATALITIES

>\$ 5 TRILLION INVESTMENT?



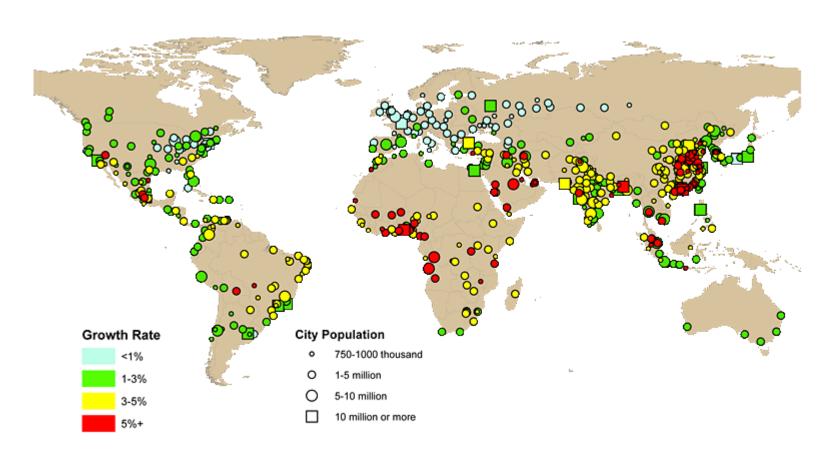


#### Asian Road Energy Use Doubles with Business as Usual





### **Asia is Rapidly Urbanizing**

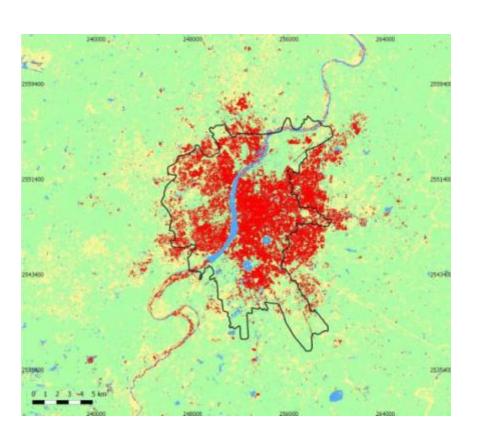


Source: Growth rates of urban agglomerations 1970-2011 (UNDESA, 2011)

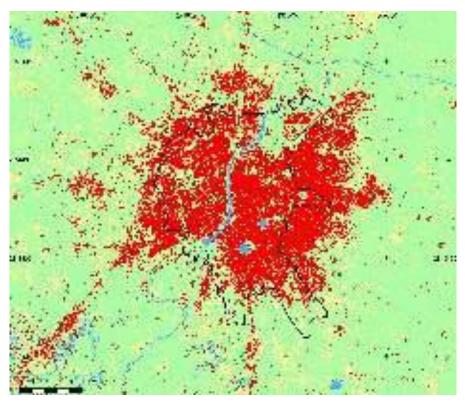


# Ahmedabad, India

3.3 million 1992



6.4 million 2011





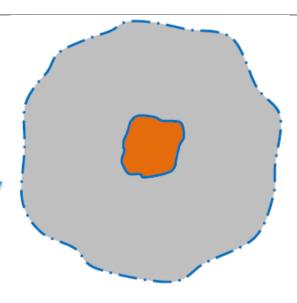
### Two Options: Sustainable or Unsustainable?

# **Today**

Ahmedabad, India

Population: 5.4m

Trips: 5.6m/yr



#### **Year 2041**

Population: 13.2m

Trips: 39.8m/yr



### **Automobility**

**Area**: 6,484 sq. km

**Emissions**: 12.32m tCO<sub>2</sub>/yr **Traffic Fatalities**: 5,232/yr

- Same population
- Same number of trips
- Very different outcomes

#### **Sustainable Transport**

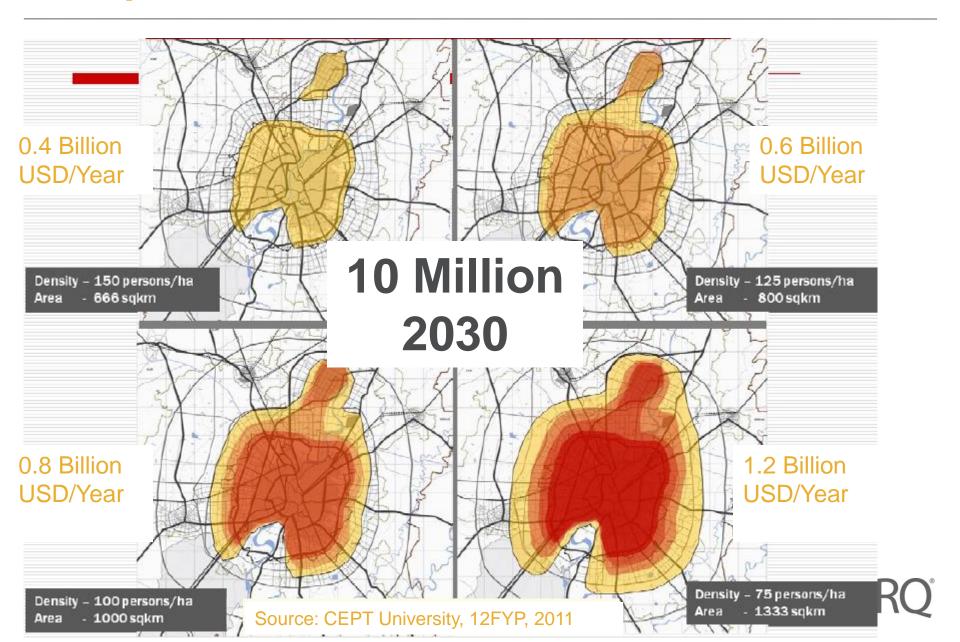
Area: 50% reduction

Emissions: 84% reduction

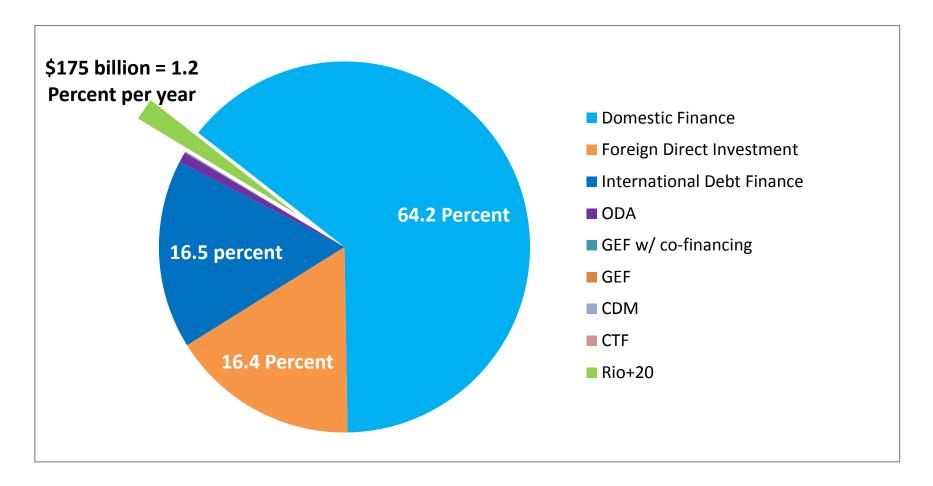
Traffic Fatalities: 74% reduction



### **Transport Infrastructure Investment Estimates**



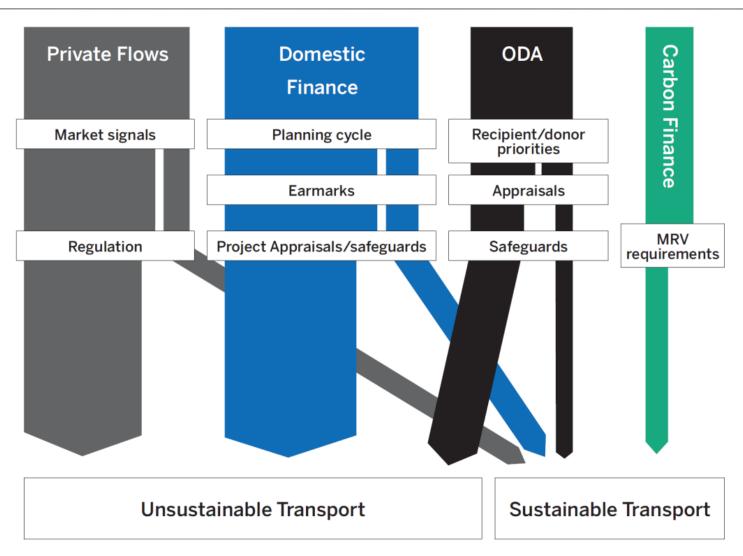
# Unleveraged, \$175 billion is only 1.2 percent of global transport investment (\$1 trillion)



Source: based on Sakamoto/Dalkmann (2010)



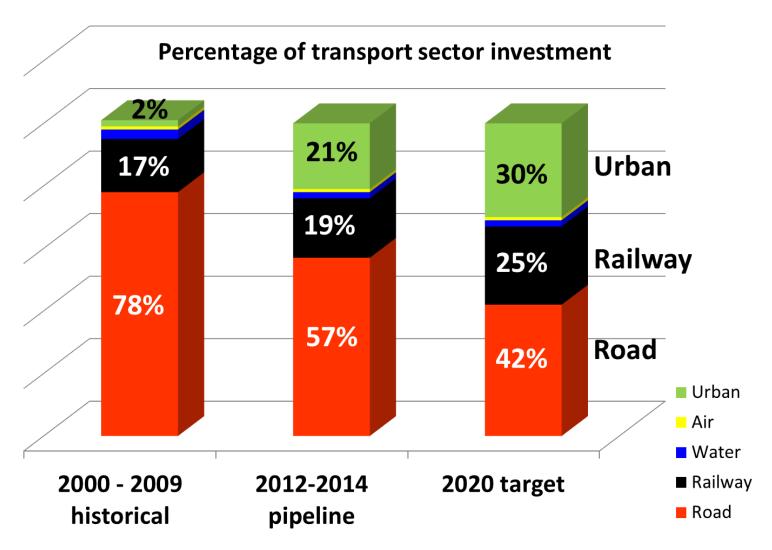
#### Shifting Finance to Sustainable Transport is the Solution



Source: Sakamoto et al. (2010)



#### **Asian Development Bank: Funding Urban Transport**



Source: Asian Development Bank (2013)



**International Organizations** 

**National Governments** 

**City and Local Governments** 



# National Governments can Maximize Shift through Two Key Areas that Improve Sustainable Transport Finance

Increasing the Effectiveness of Sustainable Transport Financing



Leveraging Sustainable Transport Financing for Greatest Impact



# Six National Government Actions to Improve Sustainable Transport Financing

Leveraging Sustainable Transport Financing for Greatest Impact

National policy programs that implement domestic, international and climate finance

Engage private sector and create supportive conditions for investment

Use local funding and innovative sustained financing

Increasing the Effectiveness of Sustainable Transport Financing

Institutional changes to streamline funding to local level

Impact-based monitoring and evaluation

Capacity building and policy guidance



# National policy programs that implement domestic, international and climate finance

- Strong policy frameworks (urban transport finance program, link to Mobility Plans, enabling framework condition for raising local revenue, etc.)
- Backed with domestic planning and finance (national & local)
- Aligned with
- multi-lateral development bank safeguards
- climate finance (e.g. GCF)
- supported by private finance



#### Thailand in Focus

- National transport planning recognizes sustainability through ASI
- CTF provided \$70 million to co-finance BRT system as part of \$300 million in CTF financing nationally
- NAMAs to be developed as tool for GHG reduction

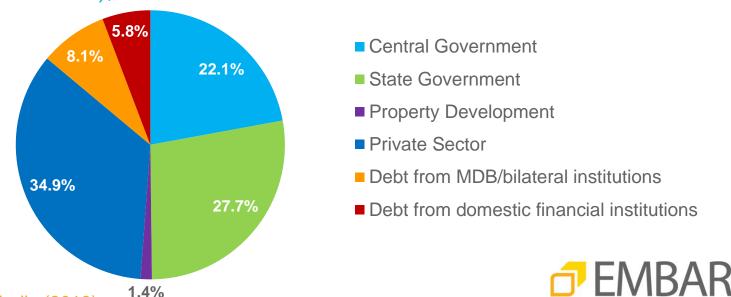




# Engage private sector and create supportive conditions for investment

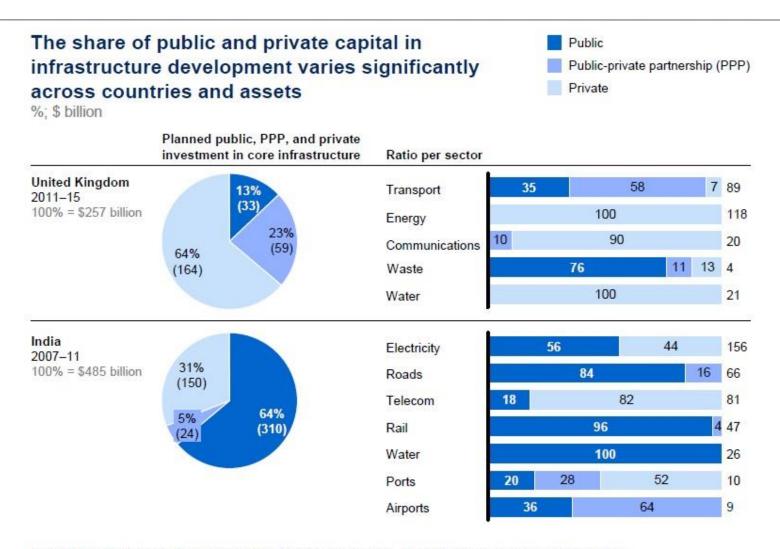
- Viable regulatory and legal environment
- Reduce risk of investment, especially political
- Transparent procurement framework
- Expand PPPs and private finance to urban transport from airports and ports

Total Investment in Urban Transport India's 12th Five Year Plan (2012-2017); 35% from Private Sector



Source: EMBARQ India (2013)

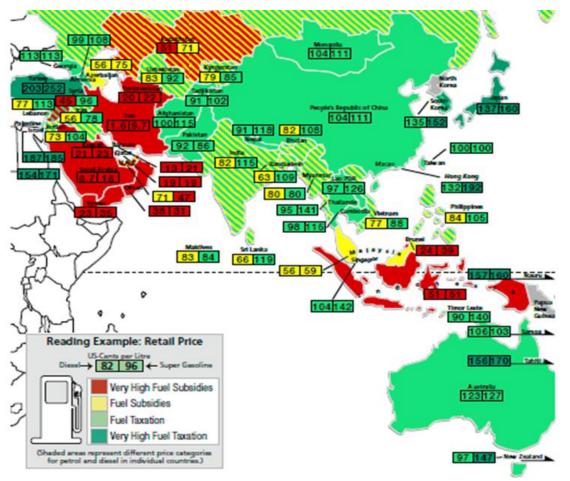
#### Opportunity for PPPs and Private Finance of Transport in India



SOURCE: HM Treasury, United Kingdom; Planning Commission, India; McKinsey Global Institute analysis



# Use local funding and innovative sustained financing



- Correct fuel pricing and reduce fuel subsidies (national level)
- Incorporate parking fees, road user fees, vehicle taxes, and congestion pricing into financing
- Use innovative financing mechanisms that capture future benefits

Source: GIZ (2011), International Fuel Prices 2010/2011, 7th Edition



#### Innovation in Hong Kong: Rail + Property Model

Recognizing that easy access to metro is valuable, Mass Transit Railway (MTR) finances part of construction costs for new subway lines with profits from new housing, commercial, and retail, allowing MTR to expand and operate without government subsidies.





# Institutional changes to streamline funding to local level

- Clear roles for national, sub-national, and local gov'ts
- Link funding from national government to local projects that meet specific conditions and criteria
- Coordinate funding, planning, operations, and private actors
- Consistent guidelines for budgeting, classifying transport projects, and conducting evaluations
- Legislative mandates and changes where necessary



#### JnNURM II in India

- Expands JnNURM I with \$40 billion over five years
- Emphasis on local projects through collaboration with local and state officials from first stage of project identification
- Builds capacity and knowledge sharing at local level





**BEFORE** 

Janmarg (BRT) Ahmedabad, India **AFTER** 





### Impact-based Monitoring and Evaluation

- Performance outcomes keep projects on track and align international, national, and local objectives
- Incorporate indicators of health, safety, equity, access, environment, quality, and economic productivity for comprehensive sustainable transport
- National governments should implement needs assessment, policy planning, monitoring, and ex-post impact evaluation
- Organize outcomes and track progress with a scorecard



### Illustrative Scorecard to Evaluate Funding

#### Safeguard 1:

Does not affect environmentally sensitive areas and mitigates negative impacts on natural resources Jobs

**Productivity** 

**Physical Activity** 

Safeguard 2:

Mitigates effects of involuntary resettlement and compensates for displacement

**Vulnerable Access** 

**Needs of Women** 

**Equity** 

#### **Recommended Outcomes**

Reduces traffic deaths compared to business as usual

Reduces GHG emissions compared to business as usual

Increases non-motorized and public transport

**Mandatory Outcomes** 



# Capacity building and policy guidance

- > Build capacity at local level for developing and implementing sustainable transport plans
- Encourage peer-to-peer knowledge exchanges between local and national governments, and MDBs
- Provide technical guidance for evaluation of project alternatives and outcomes





### Importance of Regional Forum

- Highlight the importance of national governments and facilitate knowledge sharing between governments, peer-topeer capacity building initiative
- Coordinate regional capacity building on finance
- Forums like EST Asia enable international cooperation that advances the sustainable transport agenda
- Develop monitoring framework (based on Bangkok Declaration)
- Offer guidance on scorecards
- Next EST: Session with Ministry of Finance?



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