

Goverment Of India

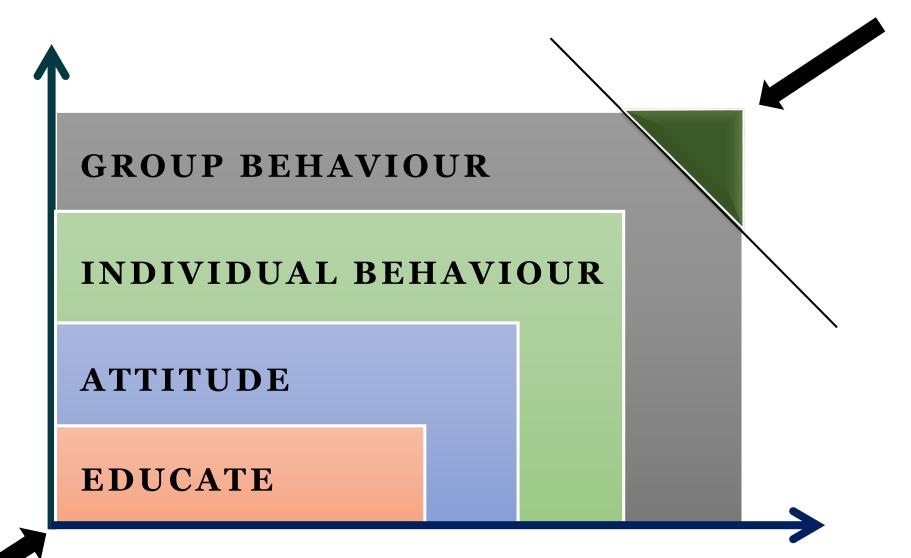
Indian Experience on 3R (Recycle, Reduce & Reuse)

Mr. Rohit Kumar Joint Secretary (Policy & IT) Ministry of Rural Development Government of India Email: jsppm-mord@gov.in You cannot protect the environment unless you empower people, you inform them, and you help them understand that these resources are their own, that they must protect them

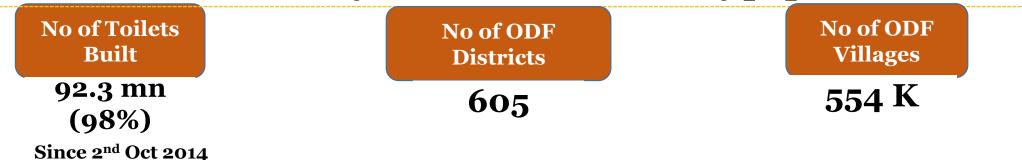
- Policy, Plan, Strategy, Technology, Law, enforcement: fine
- But, more importantly: to make the people at large realise, it is a problem, it is their problem & they have to resolve this
- Effective IEC
- "Mass Movement"

Wangari Maathai: recipient of Nobel Prize on 2004 for "sustainable development, democracy and peace"

Behavioral Matrix



Mass Movement like Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM): led by Hon'ble PM himself: SBM Rural (> 65% of population)*



Solid Waste Management: In more than thousands of villages..





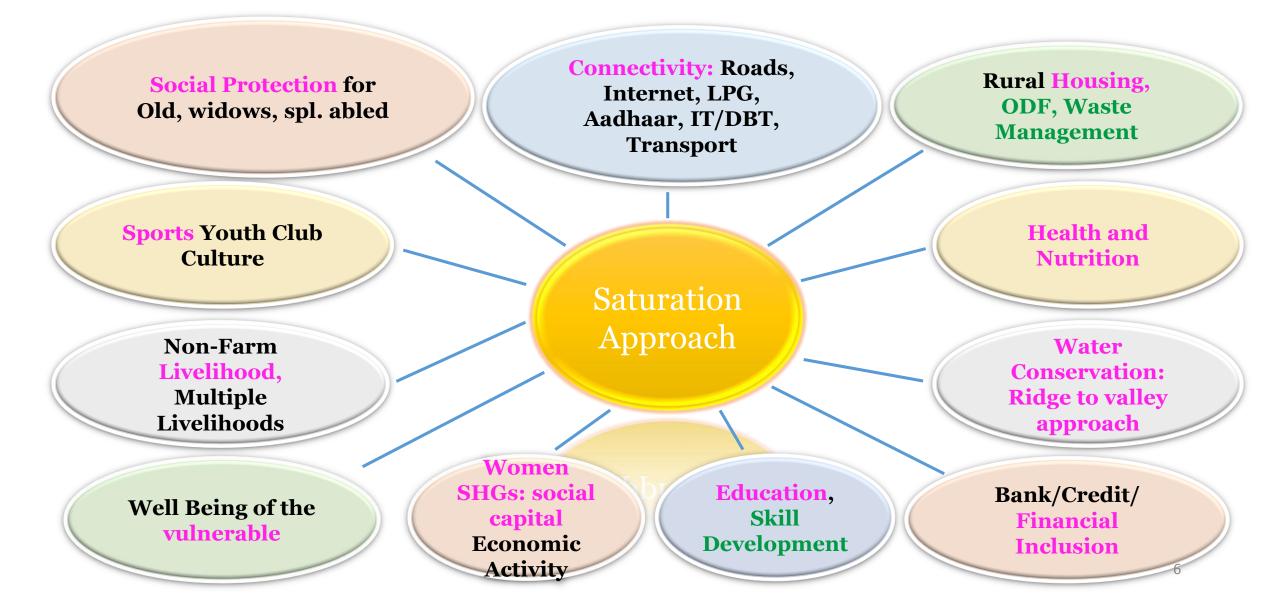






- 3 R is just not about Reduce, Recycle & Reuse of waste
- But, it is also of Governance issues: keeping in view of the resource constraint
- linked to address 1st the basic needs of the rural people, which is the priority from common man's perspective...as compared to 3 "Rs"
- i. e. to address the Rural Poverty
- 3 Rs: Reduce Poverty, Reduce Inefficiency, Reduce wastage of Resources

"R" Reduce Poverty: Multidimensional Poverty No more just the income criterion



"R"educe Inefficiency: Good Governance Framework

Ensure collaborative, transparent and timely delivery of public services towards better outcomes from the implementation of its programmes

Service Enablers

-1	

Fourteenth Finance Commission Grants



Co-operative Federalism

3

Convergence of resources at the cutting edge level with the Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) as the fundamental institution



"R"educe wastage of resources: Evidence based Planning: GAP Analysis



Mission Antyodaya Program – Gap Analysis -Planning through GPDP/Convergence of resources

Sector wise gaps in villages/ Gram Panchayats

प्रमास उपये	Gram Pa TATE: ANDHRA PRADESH	y of Panch anchayat Develop > DISTRICT: CHITTO SRIKALAHASTI YAT: KODANDARAM	OR > DEVELOP	MENT BL	оск: पंचायती राज			
illages:Subbanaidu-Khandriga [595869] Strength Moderate Gap Critical Gap								
Domain	Parameter Description	Village Status	GP Status		Suggestions			
	Is the village Open Defecation Free	Yes	Yes		Build and use toilet. Gram Sabha should penalise those who make GP unclean.			
	Community Waste Disposal System	Yes	Yes		MGNREGA can be used to create waste disposal system.			
Health and Sanitation	Availability of Community bio gas or recycle of waste for production use	Yes	Yes					
	Availability of drainage facilities	Closed Drainage	Closed Drainage		Village drain planning. MGNREGA can be used .			
	Availability of PHC/CHC Sub Centre	Sub Centre	Sub Centre					
	Availability of Veterinary Clinic Hospital	No	No					
	Availability of Govt. Seed Centre	No	No					
Agriculture, allied and livelihood	% households engaged exclusively in Non-Farm activities	52	52.00		Contact the Block Mission Manager, National Rural Liveihood Mission of your state.			
	Availability of markets	Weekly Haat	Weekly Haat		Farmer groups can be created to build access to markets.			
Housing	% of household with kuccha wall and kuccha roof	4.00	4.00		Check the waiting list for PMAY- G.			
	% of Area irrigated	20.00	20.00		Call Kisan call centre 1800-180- 1551.			
Land Improvement	Availability of soil testing centres	No	No		Anyone from the village can open soil testing centre.			
	Availability of Fertiliser Shop	No	No					
Animal Husbandry	% of households supported by village based Livestock Extension Workers	8.00	8.00		Call agriculture helpline 1094 for details			
Drinking Water	Availability of Piped tap water	100% habitations covered	100% habitations covered					
	Whether the village is connected to All weather road	Yes	Yes					
Roads	Whether village has an internal cc/ brick road	Yes	Yes		MGNREGA can be used to create internal cc/brick road.			
	1 112 10.15							

	System	Yes	Yes	create waste disposal system.
Health and Sanitation	Availability of Community bio gas or recycle of waste for production use	Yes	Yes	
	Availability of drainage facilities	Closed Drainage	Closed Drainage	Village drain planning. MGNREGA can be used .
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Roads	Whether village has an internal cc/ brick road	Yes	Yes	MGNREGA can be used to create internal cc/brick road.
	Availability of Public Transport	Auto	Auto	
Rural Electrification	Availability of electricity for domestic use	>12 hrs	>12 hrs	Renewable electricity equipments can be used at susidized rates.
Non-conventional energy	% of Household using clean energy (LPG/Bio gas)	36.00	36.00	
Poverty alleviation	% of households mobilized into SHGs	8.40	8.40	Contact the Block Mission Manager, National Rural Liveihood Mission of your state
programme	% of SHGs accessed bank loans	21	21	Contact the Block Mission Manager, National Rural Liveihood Mission of your state

प्राप्ति जयते सत्यमेव जयते	Gram Paters	SRIKALAHASTI	pment Plan DOR > DEVELOPMEN	IT BLO
	% of households mobilized into Producer Groups (PGs)	8.40	8.40	CNL
Poverty alleviation programme	% of households supported by village based Agricultural Extension Workers	32.00	32.00	0 0
	% of SHGs Promoted	21	21	
Vocational education	Availability of Vocational Educational Centre	Yes	Yes	
Women & Child Development	Availability of Aanganwadi Centre	Yes	Yes	C
	% of children aged 0-3 years registered under Aanganwadi	100.00	100.00	F
	% of children aged 0-3 years immunised	100.00	100.00	
	% of children categorized as Non-Stunted as per ICDS record	13.51	13.51	1
	Availability of Post Office	Yes	Yes	
	Telephone Services	Mobile	Mobile	
Social Welfare	Availability of Internet Cafe/Common Service Centre	No	No	4
	Availability of Banks	Yes	Yes	
	Availability of ATM	No	No	
Education	Availability of School	Primary School	Primary School	

Public Distribution

vailability of Public listribution System (PDS ांचायती राज

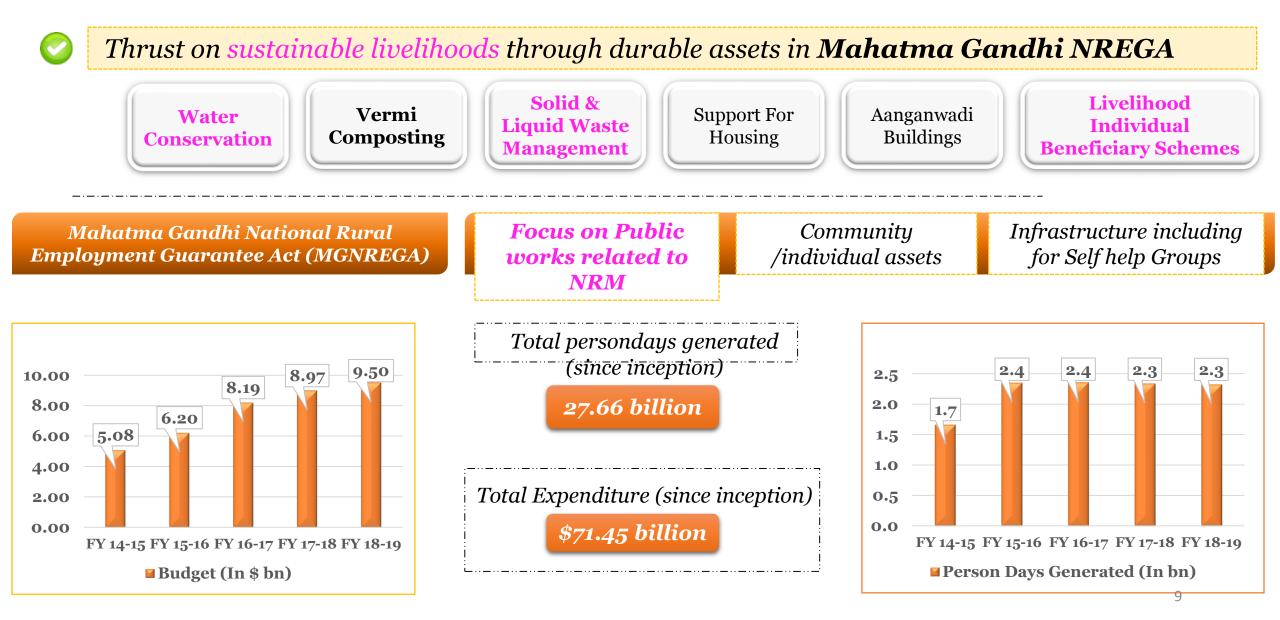
act the Block Mission iger, National Rural mood Mission of your state priculture beloline 1094 f

act the District Magistrate

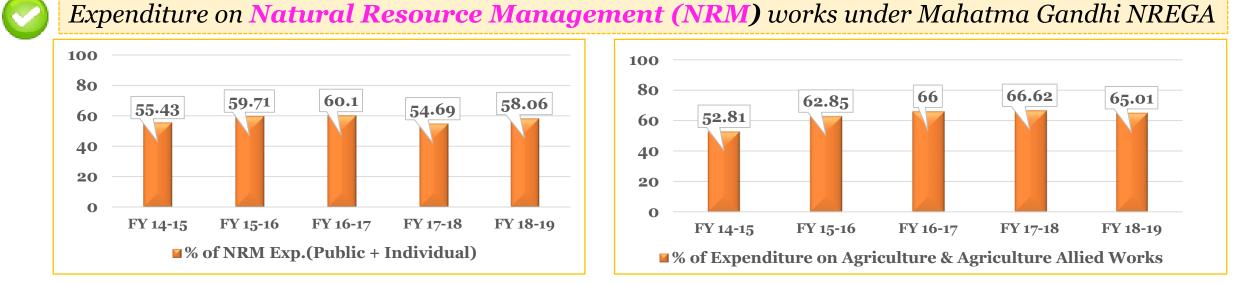
your child to Village Healt

ne from the village car the internet café/comr

Priority Areas: Guaranteed Rural Employment, NRM



All works: leading to NRM & SDGs



"R" : Reduce leakages - Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT)*



*Source : <u>https://dbtbharat.gov.in/</u> #Data as on : 28.02.2019

All leading to SDGs..

Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (**GSA**) Achievements -> 14th Apr - 5th May 2018



Extended Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (**EGSA**) Achievements -> 1st June - 15th August 2018

#	Scheme	GSA	EGSA	Description			
1	PM <mark>Ujjawala</mark> Yojana	0.81 mn	4.06 mn	Total Gas Connections Issued → "Reduce" de- forestation			
2	PM Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojana - <mark>Saubhagya</mark>	1.02 mn	2.28 mn	Households Electrified			
3	"Ujaalaa" : LEDs for All	2.3 mn	4.29 mn	No of LED Bulbs			
Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM)							

Reduce poverty through promotion of diversified and gainful self employment and skilled wage employment opportunities resulting in appreciable increase in incomes of rural poor



Interventions

Greening the Rural Roads

Use of locally available materials and use of **New/Green Technologies** for construction of road under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)



*Source : <u>http://pib.nic.in/newsite/PrintRelease.aspx?relid=187259</u>

Success Story

The Better India

Nagpur – 1st Indian City to treat, reuse 90% of Sewage

- Three years ago the Nagpur Municipal Corporation began treating and reusing 130 million litres per day (MLD).
- □ Today, it is on the **cusp of treating 480 out of the total 525 MLD** the city generates
- □ it will become the **first city in India to recycle more than 90% of the sewage water generated** by its residents and businesses
- It has already received a commitment from the government-run National Thermal
 Power Corporation (NTPC) to procure 150 million litres per day (MLD) of treated
 sewage water

Maharashtra State Power Generation Company Limited (Mahagenco) intends to procure 190 million litres per day of treated sewage water for its thermal power stations

Success Story

Solid Waste Management

Surat Municipal Corporation

#	Component	Features
1	Door to Door Garbage Collection System	 >1.2 mn Households covered into Door to Door segregated garbage Collection All Vehicles deployed in garbage collection are equipped with the Vehicle Tracking System
2	Vehicle Tracking System	• Radio Frequency Identification Tag (RFID) is installed on all Door to Door vehicles
3	Material Recovery Facility Centre	 Centre Dry waste is segregated into Plastic Waste, Glass, Cardboard & Paper, Rubber, C&D Waste, Industrial Waste, E-Waste, Toys and other dry waste There are 7 MRF centres are functioning and 1 MRF centre is under process
4	Organic Waste Management	 1 Mobitrash has started their operation for onsite composting from residential area in Surat City 1 TPD organic waste processing plant has been started at Anjana transfer station 50 TPD Bio Gas production installed at APMC market. On site composting is being implemented in 22 public gardens
5	Bio-Gas Plant	 Installation of Bio-Gas Plant at APMC market on PPP model for processing of organic waste Total Capacity: 50 mt/Day
6	Container Free City	 SMC eliminate 1086 containers throughout the city Total 132 Driver-Cleaners, 325 Sanitation Workers remain free from the Container lifting activity, are engaged in other health activities
7	Smart Underground Waste Collection System	 75 container spots which will be upgraded with smart underground waste bin is proposed under the Smart City Mission in Area Based Development (ABD) projects with capital cost of \$.4.5 bn It includes automatic emptying of underground dustbins and their cleaning With the Smart Underground Waste Collection System, sensor based alerts are received at SMAC Centre for timely emptying of all containers

Cleanliness Is Next to Godliness

Mahatma Gandhi

Thank You



Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs Government of India





Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban): Taking forward the mandate of 3R and Solid Waste Management in India

Ninth Regional 3R Forum in Asia and Pacific 4th -6th March 2019, Bangkok, Thailand

Presentation By:

Binay Jha Director-Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban)





Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban)

Key Objectives

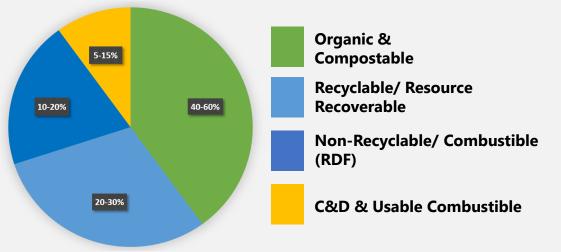
1	Eradication of Open Defecation in all Statutory	1
•	towns	į.
		1

100% Scientific Solid Waste Management in all Statutory towns

Estimated cost of implementation: USD 10 Billion

Amount of Waste Generated | 1.46 lakh Tonnes per day

Composition of Municipal Solid Waste in India



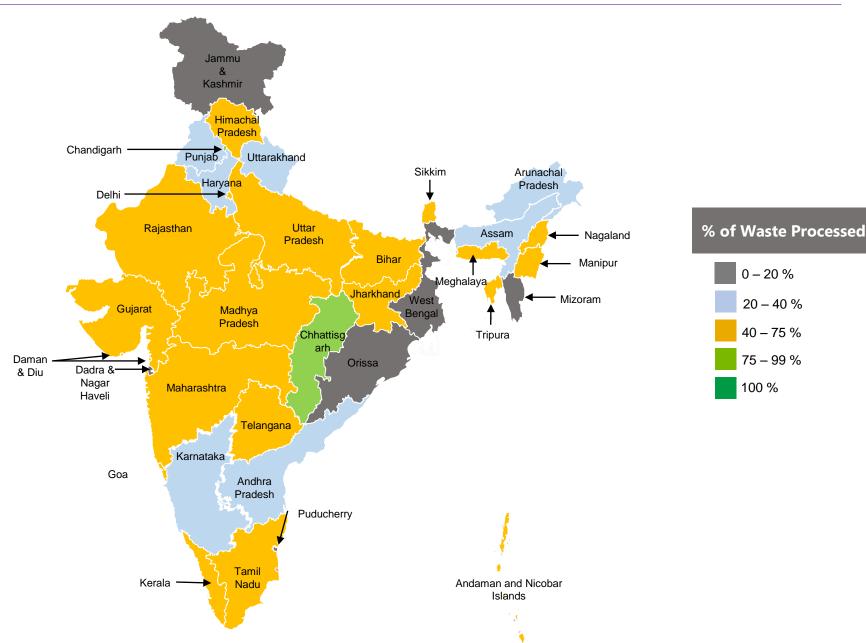
Achievements in Solid Waste Management under the mission

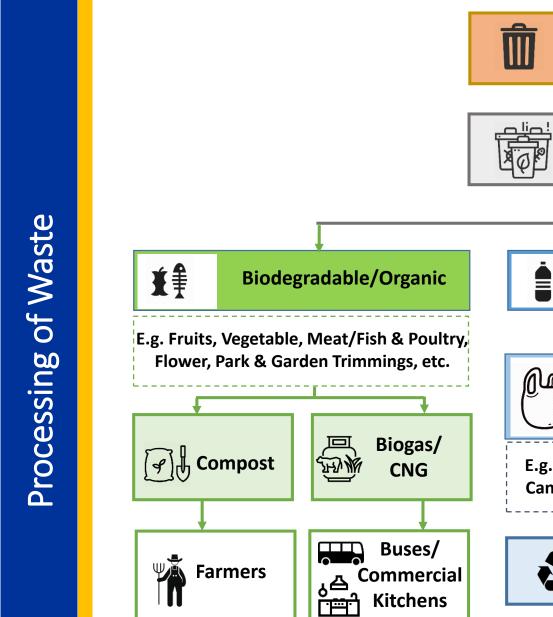
	Parameter	Unit	Target	Achieved	Completion
	Door to door collection of waste	Wards	84,229	72,503	86%
	Segregation of waste	Wards	84,229	50,248	59.6%
$\mathbf{\Delta}$	Processing of solid waste collected	Tonnes/ Day	145,000 tonnes	75,400 tonnes	50.19%

Processing of Municipal Solid Waste

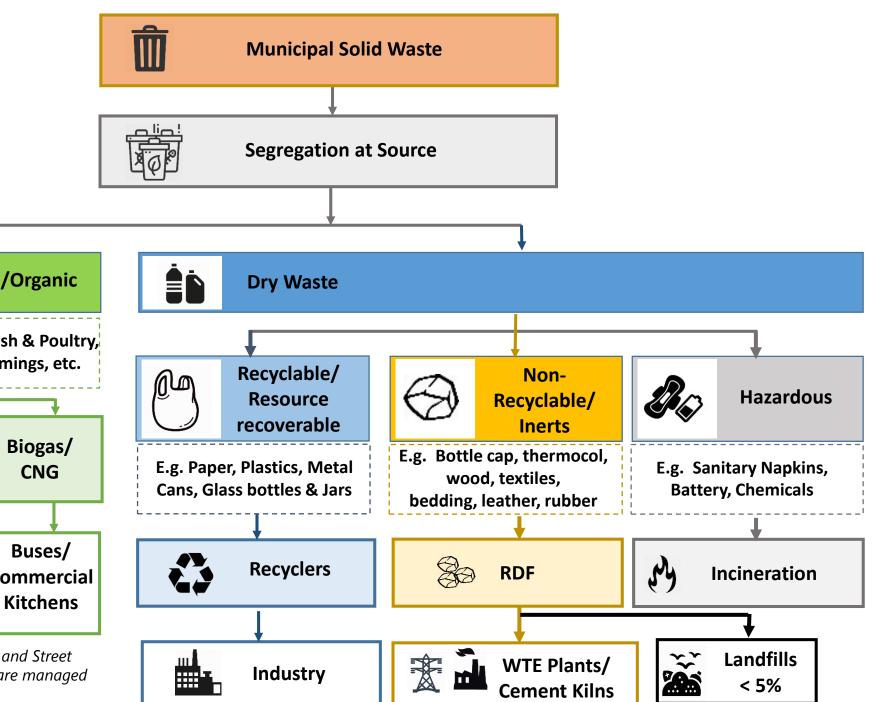








Note: Construction & Demolition and Street and Household Sweeping Waste are managed separately.







Solid Waste Management – Interventions by GoI

Key Initiatives

- Enabling policies for the marketing of By-products of solid waste processing -Compost, Energy, RDF
- Institution of Standards, Guidelines & Protocols
- Swachh Survekshan-Increase in city ranking based on performance on Solid Waste Management indicators
- Star Rating protocol for Garbage free cities - single-metric system designed to enable a holistic evaluation of the entire Solid Waste Management (SWM) value chain
- Transforming Urban Landscape-Success stories in Solid Waste Management
- Regular progress tracking and handholding support



Expected Outcomes





Enabling Policies for Solid Waste Management

35% provided as Viability Gap Funding/Grant by Government of India for all Solid Waste management projects

Waste to Compost	•	M/o Chemicals & Fertilizers has notified policy on promotion of City Compost providing Market Development Assistance of Rs. 1,500 per tonne to fertilizer companies/ ULBs/Compost manufacturers
Waste to Energy	ŀ	M/o Power has revised the Tariff Policy 2006 under the Indian Electricity Act, 2003, making it mandatory for State DISCOMS to purchase power from Waste-to-Energy plants.
Plastics in Road Construction	•	M/o Road Transport and Highways has notified use of plastic waste in bituminous mixes in construction of National highways
C&D Waste Management	•	Central Public Works Dept. has notified mandatory use of recycled portions of C&D Waste in construction activities, if the same is available within 100 kms. of the construction site.
RDF	•	Industrial units such as cement plants situated within 100 km of RDF plants are mandated to replace at least 5% of their fuel requirements with RDF

India- Solid Waste Management (SWM) Scenario- Challenges

PROJECTED GENERATION OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE



436 Million Tonnes Per Annum

62 million tonnes Per Annum



(as per Census 2011)

projected for 2030

165 million tonnes Per Annum

(projected for 2050)

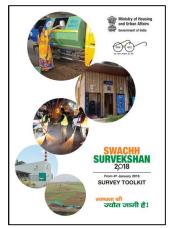
India's Waste to Wealth Status:

Waste to Compost Potential : 5.4 MillionTPA Waste to Compost Production Capacity (Functional Plants): 4 Million TPA Production Capacity (Plants Under Cons.): 0.7 millionTPA Waste to Energy Potential : 511 MW Prod. Capacity (Functional Plants) : 88.4 MW Prod. Capacity (Plants Under Cons.): 415 MW





Swachh Survekshan – Annual Cleanliness survey-Competitive framework for evaluating progress and expediting efforts an Innovative step



- City ranking survey on mission-related parameters, to foster competition among cities as well as monitor progress under the mission,
- First ever Pan India Sanitation Survey impacting around 40 crore citizens
- Largest ever swachh survey in the world
- Increased focus on innovation, outcomes and sustainability

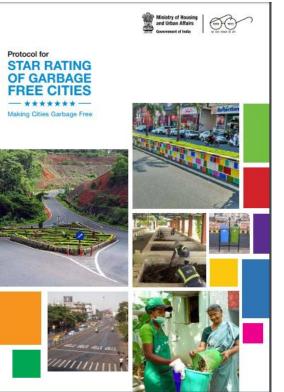
	Survey methodology	Swachh Survekshan - 2016	Swachh Survekshan - 2017	Swachh Survekshan - 2018	Swachh Survekshan - 2019
1	ULB documentation	73 Cities	434 Cities		
2	Independent observation and verification	With Million+ population and State Capitals	With 1 Lakh+ Population and State Capitals	4,203 Cities	All Cities
3	Citizen feedback	Cleanest City: Mysuru	Cleanest City : Indore	Cleanest City : Indore	Ongoing (Jan'19)





Star Rating Protocol for Garbage Free Cities

SEVEN STAR RATING devised to ensure holistic evaluation across entire SWM Chain



SINGLE METRIC MEASURABLE

A **star rating framework** in consultation with cities to ensure no visible garbage and enhanced waste processing in all cities/towns, launched on 20th January 2018

Third party certification at 3, 5 and 7 star stages

The rating is based on **12 key components**

- 1. Door-to-Door Collection
- 2. Segregation at source
- **3. Sweeping** of public, commercial and residential areas (no visible eyesores on streets)
- 4. Waste Storage Bins, Litter Bins and material recovery facility
- 5. Bulk Waste Generators compliance
- 6. Scientific Waste **Processing**, Scientific **Landfilling** and **C&D** Waste Management

- 7. User Fees, Penalties, Spot Fines for littering and Enforcement of Ban on Plastic
- 8. Citizen grievance redressal and feedback system
- 9. Eradication of crude dumping of garbage and **dump remediation**
- 10. Cleaning of **storm drains** and surface of **water bodies**

OWARDS

OUTCOMES

- 11. Visible **beautification** in the city
- 12. Waste reduction

RIGOROUS VERIFICATION





Innovative Solutions by States & Cities



KERALA

Leading the way in decentralized waste management





CHHATTISGARH

Moving towards a **Zero Landfill State**



AMBIKAPUR

Successfully

Treasure

converting Trash to

BENGALURU

Successfully Managing waste from Bulk Waste Generators

Segregation of waste by **Residences and Bulk Waste Generators into minimum 5** fractions







PUNE

Mainstreaming the marginalized sections





Technical Advisories launched under SBM-U



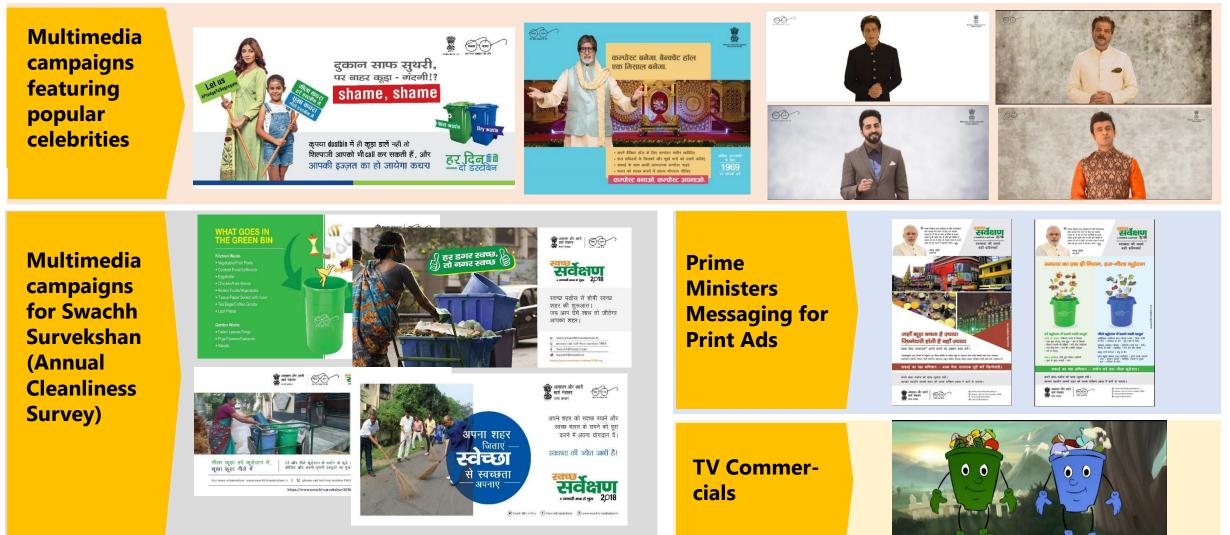
- ✓ Municipal Solid Waste Management Manual (2016)-3 Volumes
- ✓ Guidelines on 'My Swachh Neighbourhood' and 'Implementing MSW 2016 Rules for Bulk Solid Waste Generators'
- ✓ Waste to Wealth Technology Compendium
- ✓ Standard Operating Procedures-Segregation at Source
- Advisory on onsite and decentralised composting of MSW
- ✓ Guidelines for ULBs on implementing Bulk Waste Management Rules
- ✓ Transforming Urban Landscapes- Best Practice for Solid Waste management
- ✓ Standard Operating Procedures-Swachh Hospitals, Swachh Schools, Swachh Offices, Swachh Railway Stations, Swachh Parks, Swachh Clubs, Swachh Roads, Swachh RWAs and Swachh Volunteering





IEC Campaigns for Solid Waste Management

IEC Campaigns to address the issue of littering and encouraging segregation and processing of waste







Other Capacity Building Initiatives



Workshops/e-Learning on SWM

- ✓ Conducted 10+ major national workshops on Implementation of SWM 2016 Rules in collaboration with CPCB across India
- ✓ Conducted 24 SWM workshops across India in collaboration with NIUA (660 participants)
- ✓ Conducted 15+ regional peer-to-peer exposure visits





State Workshop on City Compost National Workshop on SWM Rules



Exposure Visits to Cities





Swachhata App-ICT based Grievance Redressal System



Swachhata App has been envisioned as an effective tool towards enabling citizens to have their grievances addressed by the concerned Municipal Corporation



15 Million Registered Users



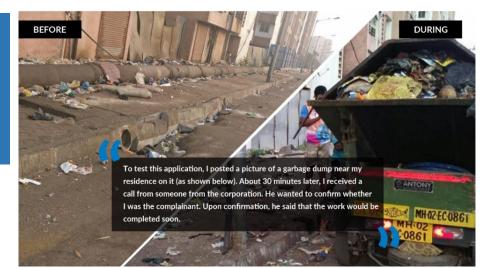
16.7 Million Resolved Complaints



4,023 Cities



97% Resolution Rate

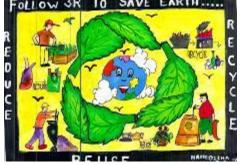




Eighth Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific hosted by MoHUA

9-12 April, 2018 Indore, Madhya Pradesh







Theme: Achieving Clean Water, Clean Land and Clean Air through 3R and Resource Efficiency – A 21st Century Vision for Asia-Pacific Communities"

Management of Plastic Waste and synergies with 3R concept

Benefits of 3Rs on Public Health, Livelihood Generation and creation of Waste Entrepreneurship

Control of land based sources of plastic impacting Global and Marine systems

Benefits of Plastic Ban and illegal disposal of plastic in eco-sensitive and eco-fragile areas

Thank You

(A)