11th Regional 3R and Circular Economy Forum in Asia and the Pacific

"Integrating Circular Economy in Major Development Sectors towards Achieving Zero Waste Societies and the SDGs" 8-10 February 2023, Siem Reap, Kingdom of Cambodia

Country Report

(Draft)

<Tuvalu>

This country report was prepared by the Government of Tuvalu as an input for the 11th Regional 3R and Circular Economy Forum in Asia and the Pacific. The views expressed herein do not necessarily reflect the views of the United Nations.



<u>Progress and achievements towards implementation of the Ha Noi 3R Declaration</u> <u>-Sustainable 3R Goals for Asia and the Pacific (2013-2023)-</u>

With the objective of demonstrating renewed interests and commitments of Asia-Pacific countries towards realizing a resource efficient society, the Fourth Regional 3R Forum in Asia-Pacific in 2013 adopted the good-will and legally non-binding "*Ha Noi 3R Declaration – Sustainable 3R Goals for Asia and the Pacific 2013-23.*" The objective of the Country Reporting is to share among international community with various initiatives launched and efforts made (such as new policy instruments, legislations, regulations, institutional arrangements, investments or financing, technological innovation or intervention, partnership mechanisms, such as PPPs, etc.) by the member countries of the Forum in addressing each of the underlined goals of the Ha Noi 3R Declaration. This would help the member countries to share various best practices in 3R and resource efficiency areas across the region. In addition, it would also help bi-lateral and multi-lateral development agencies, donors, development banks in assessing the sustainable needs and challenges of those countries to better plan their existing as well as future capacity building programmes and technical assistance in the areas of 3Rs and sustainable waste management.

With the cooperation of other related ministries, organization and agencies, we request you to kindly fill in the below table as much as possible with relevant data/information. If additional spaces are required, separate sheets could be attached.

Thank you very much for your kind cooperation.

Secretariat of the Regional 3R and Circular Economy Forum in Asia and the Pacific United Nations Centre for Regional Development (UNCRD) Email: 3R@uncrd.or.jp

I. 3R Goals	s in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)
Goal 1	Significant reduction in the quantity of municipal solid waste generated, by instituting policies, programmes, and projects at national and local levels, encouraging both producers and consumers to reduce the waste through greening production, greening lifestyle, and sustainable consumption.
O-1 Wha	t specific 3R policies, programmes and projects, are implemented to reduce the
-	of municipal solid waste?
quantity 0	j municipui soliu wusie:
1 Wastel	Management Act 2017
	on of Green Waste for Composting and mix composting with pig waste dry litter
	r awareness programs for communities and schools on waste management including
3R's	a wareness programs for communities and schools on waste management meruding
_	nentation of the Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026
	pment of Waste Levy for import
	pment of the Container Deposit Legislation
0. Develo	phient of the Container Deposit Legislation
O 2 Wha	t is the level of participation of households in "source" segregation of municipal
	<i>cams?</i> (Please check the appropriate box)
	High (> 90%)
-	
High (2	
	ge (50-~70%)
\Box Low of	r not satisfactory (< 50%)
\Box Does n	ot exist
Q-3 Total	<i>l annual government expenditure per capita (US\$ per capita) in municipal solid</i>
waste ma	nagement in 2014-2015
	S \$22.18 per capita in municipal solid waste management in 2014
	S \$26.85 per capita in municipal solid waste management in 2015
0	es (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
	ne enforcement of Waste Management Law is weak due to people's attitude.
	ick of proper equipment to assist with waste management due to high cost of
	aintenance.
	ick resource person and funding to implement 3R initiatives.
	ick of knowledge and capacity for staffs to better implement activities on waste
	anagement.
-	s of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development –
	ebsites where relevant
	valu integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026
	aste Management Law 2017
	ternational Water Project (IW) Project – Pilot project for pig waste management
	sed Lubricant Oil Project – GEFPAS funded by the UNEP
- Sa	ugavaka Project on Dry litter for all the Main Island.
T .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	t policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake
	xt five years (2016~2021)
	gnificant reduction in the quantity of municipal solid waste through the following
po	licies, programmes and projects;

I. 3R Goals	n Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)
Goal 1	Significant reduction in the quantity of municipal solid waste generated, by instituting policies, programmes, and projects at national and local levels, encouraging both producers and consumers to reduce the waste through greening production, greening lifestyle, and sustainable consumption.
- Inta com - Te I - Min - Tuv - Gre - Sau	alu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026 ernational Waters (IW) Project - Pilot Project for pig waste management and aposts Kete National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2019 - 2030 histry of Local Government and Agriculture Corporate Plan 2021 - 2023 ealu Government Roadmap 2019 - 2022 en Waste to Compost programme agaavaka Project ste Levy Regulation
Is this Goa	<i>l relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste) Full-scale utilization of the organic component of municipal waste, including food Goal 2 waste, as a valuable resource, thereby achieving multiple benefits such as the reduction of waste flows to final disposal sites, reduction of GHG emission, improvement in resource efficiency, energy recovery, and employment creation. Q-1 Does the central government have policies or support to utilize or reduce the organic waste such as composting, energy recovery and improving efficiency in food processing? Central government have the following policies to support the utilization of organic waste; Waste Management Law 2017 Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026 International Water Project (IW Project) on Dry litter (Pig Waste) -- Commercial gardening **Q-2** What is happening to country's organic waste? (Please check the appropriate box) □ mostly landfilled □ mostly incinerated \Box both landfilled and incinerated \Box mostly open dumped or open burned Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation: Financial challenges such as acquiring bigger shredder for tree trunks Disaster waste, the amount of green/organic waste generated during disaster and the Department capacity to handle in relation to available equipment. Lack of human resource. Lack of communities interest, commitment and incentives to do composting and gardening due to limited land available Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant Green waste diversion for composting 100% Food wastes are used for pig feeds International Waters (IW) Project - Pilot project for pig waste management and composts Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021) Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026 International Waters (IW) Project - Pilot Project for pig waste management and composts "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 – 2030 Ministry of Local Government and Agriculture Corporate Plan 2021 - 2023 Tuvalu Government Roadmap 2019 - 2022

 \Box Partially

 \Box Not at all

□ Highly

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 3 Achieve significant increase in recycling rate of recyclables (e.g., plastic, paper, metal, etc.), by introducing policies and measures, and by setting up financial mechanisms and institutional frameworks involving relevant stakeholders (e.g., producers, consumers, recycling industry, users of recycled materials, etc.) and development of modern recycling industry.

Q-1 What is the recycling rate of various recyclables? (Please check the appropriate cell & add more waste streams as relevant for the country)

Rate	Very High	High	Average	Poor	Recycling	Definition
	(>90%)	(>70%)	(50-~60%)	(<50%)	does not	of recycling
Туре					exist	rate*
Paper					\checkmark	
Plastic				✓		
Metal				✓		
Construction				1		
waste				v		
e-waste				\checkmark		
others		\checkmark				

*Note: Please specify in the cell which of the following definitions(ie., 1 or 2 or 3) is followed for recycling rate Definition 1: (collected recyclable waste)/(estimated generation of waste)

Definition 2: (volume of utilized recyclable waste)/(volume of raw material)

Definition 3: (volume of utilized recyclable waste)/(volume of collected waste for recycling)

Q-2 What specific policies are introduced at local and national level for prevention or reduction of waste streams – paper, plastic, metal, construction waste, e-waste?

- Waste Management Law 2017
- Waste Regulation 2018
- Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026

Q-3 What is the rate of resource recovery from various waste streams?

Rate	Very High	High	Average	Poor	Recycling
Туре	(>90%)	(>70%)	(50-~60%)	(<50%)	does not exist
Paper					\checkmark
Plastic				✓	
Metal				✓	
Construction					
waste				¥	
e-waste				\checkmark	
Green Waste	\checkmark				

(Please check the appropriate cell & add more waste streams as relevant for the country)

Q-4 What is the level of existence of resource recovery facilities/infrastructures in cities?

Leve	l Every Major	Few Major	Does not	Supportive	No supportive
	City	Cities only	exist	policy or	policy or
Туре				programmes	programmes
				exists	
Paper			\checkmark		
Plastic			✓		
Metal		✓			
Construction		✓			

Country Name: Tuvalu

waste			
e-waste	\checkmark		

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)

Goal 3 Achieve significant **increase in recycling rate** of recyclables (e.g., plastic, paper, metal, etc.), by introducing policies and measures, and by setting up financial mechanisms and institutional frameworks involving relevant stakeholders (e.g., producers, consumers, recycling industry, users of recycled materials, etc.) and development of modern recycling industry.

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

The enforcement of Waste Management Law is weak due to lack of awareness officers

- Lack of proper equipment to assist with waste management due to high cost of maintenance
- Lack of funding to implement 3R initiatives
- Lack of knowledge and capacity for staffs to better implement activities on waste management

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Green Waste composting programme
- CDL started in 2018
- International Waters (IW) Project Pilot Project for pig waste management and composts
- Transfer & Recycling Station expected to open in March
- Used Lubricant Oil Project

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021–2030
- Ministry of Local Government and Agriculture Corporate Plan 2021 2023
- Tuvalu Government Roadmap 2019 2022

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

I. 3R Goals in U	rban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in municipal solid waste)
po (gi	aild sustainable cities /green cities by encouraging "zero waste" through sound licies, strategies, institutional mechanisms, and multi - stakeholder partnerships iving specific importance to private sector involvement) with a primary goal of aste minimization
-	cific waste management policies and programmes are introduced to encourage participation in municipal waste management?
- Tuvalu	Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026
	<i>the major waste management areas that have strong involvement of private and</i> <i>or?</i> (Please check appropriate boxes and add other areas if not listed below) ction
resource red	covery
\Box waste recyc	5
	ergy, composting, etc.
	ts in waste sector
• •	olicy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
- Insuffi - Lack o	f capacity and resources cient funding support to implement such initiatives. f proper technology and equipment to build sustainable cities or green cities. ease issues
1 0 1	pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – tes where relevant
- Waste	a Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 Levy Regulation 2018 Management Webpage
	licies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake we years (2016~2021)
- Tuvalu - Waste - "Te Ke	Levy Regulation I Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 Regulation 2018 te" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 – 2030 I Government Roadmap 2019 – 2022
Is this Goal re	elevant for your country? Highly Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 5 Encourage the **private sector**, including small-and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to implement measures to increase **resource efficiency and productivity**, creation of decent work and to improve environmentally-friendly practices through applying environmental standards, clean technologies, and cleaner production.

Q-1 What are the major clean technology related policies aiming to increase energy and resource efficiency of SMEs?

- None

Q-2 What are the capacity building programmes currently in place to build the technical capacity of SMEs in 3R areas?

- None

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack funding to implement activities with private sector.
- Lack capacity and technical expertise to implement activities

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- None

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Dot at all

I. 3R Goals	in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)
Goal 6 <i>0-1 Wha</i> t	Promote the greening of the value chain by encouraging industries and associated suppliers and vendors in socially responsible and inclusive ways.
-	environmental performance evaluation (Ref: ISO 14000)?
□ Very Hi	igh (> 90%)
\Box High (>	
_	e (50-~70%)
	not satisfactory (< 50%)
None	
	percent of companies and industries have introduced social accounting (Ref: SA onsultation with their workers?
□ Very Hi	igh (> 90%)
\Box High (>	70%)
-	e (50-~70%)
	not satisfactory (< 50%)
None	
	government have a programme for promoting greening of the value chain? What plicies, programmes and incentives are introduced to promote greening of value
	s and it is under the Tuvalu Environment Act.
Challenge	s (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
- Lao	ck of Funding
-	of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – ebsites where relevant
- No:	ne
-	policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake at five years (2016~2021)
- No	t Sure
Is this God	al relevant for your country?

I. 3R Goals	s in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)
Goal 7	Promote industrial symbiosis (i.e., recycling of waste from one industry as a resource for another), by providing relevant incentives and support.
	your government have policies and programmes promoting industrial symbiosis in
	l parks or zones? What specific policies, programmes and incentives are introduced
to promote	te industrial symbiosis?
- No	one
~	y many eco-industrial parks or zones or the like, which is supported by the ent, are there in the country?
- No	one
Challenge	es (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
- No	one
Engunlas	s of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development –
-	s of pilot projects, master plans ana/or policies developed or under development – pebsites where relevant
include we	
- No	one
T ()	,
-	t policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake xt five years (2016~2021)
	<i>xi jive yeurs (2010-2021)</i>
- No	one
Is this Go	<i>The set of the set of</i>

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste)

Goal 8 Build **local capacity** of both current and future practitioners, to enable the private sector (including SMEs) to obtain the necessary knowledge and technical skills to foster green industry and create decent, productive work.

Q-1 How many dedicated training facilities or centers are there to cater the needs of SMEs and practitioners in the areas of cleaner production, resource efficiency and environment-friendly technologies, etc.?

None

Q-2 Please provide an indicative figure on annual government (US \$) expenditure on building technical capacity of SMEs and practitioners in the areas of cleaner production, resource efficiency and environment-friendly technologies, etc.?

N/A

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- None

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- None

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- None

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

Highly Partially

 \Box Not at all

I. 3R Goals in Urban/Industrial Areas (3Rs in Industrial waste) Develop proper classification and inventory of hazardous waste as a prerequisite Goal 9 towards sound management of such waste. Q-1 Is there a systematic classification of hazardous waste? If so, please attach. Yes No Q-2 What specific rules and regulations are introduced to separate, store, treat, transportation and disposal of hazardous waste? Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026 Waste Management Act 2017 Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation: No proper collection equipment for hazardous waste No proper facility available to store hazardous wastes before shipping out Lack of knowledge and capacity on handling of hazardous wastes Lack funding to execute what is needed No database in place Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026 Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021) Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026 Waste Management Act Is this Goal relevant for your country? □ Highly □ Partially \Box Not at all

II. 3R Goals in Rural Areas
Goal 10Reduce losses in the overall food supply chain (production, post harvesting and storage, processing and packaging, distribution), leading to reduction of waste while increasing the quantity and improving the quality of products reaching consumers.Q-1 What specific policies, rules and regulations, including awareness programmes, are introduced to minimize food or crop waste?
 Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 Composting program and awareness to communities
Q-2 Is there any continuing education services or awareness programmes for the farmers or agricultural marketing associations on reduction of crop wastes for increased food security?
- Part of waste management awareness programmes, outreach and radio announcement
Q-3 What is the average wastage of crops or agricultural produce between farms to consumers, if there is a study in your country? □ Very High (> 20~ 30%) □ High (10~20%) □ Medium (5~10%) □ Low (< 5%) □ Naglicible (<1%)
□ Negligible (<1%) <i>Challenges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:</i>
 New initiatives on farming system approach for farmers to quickly learn and appreciate. Lack of knowledge and capacity in country No specific policy in place
<i>Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant</i>
 Taiwan Farming Project (Friendly Garden) Agriculture National Strategic Plan 2014 – 2023 Global climate Change Alliances Food security in Island Strategic Plans
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)
 Agriculture National Strategic Plan 2014 – 2023 ¥ Island Strategic Plans 2016 – 2020
<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Dot at all

II. 3R Goals in Rural Areas

Goal 11 Promote full scale **use of agricultural biomass waste and livestock waste** through reuse and/or recycle measures as appropriate, to achieve a number of co - benefits including GHG emission reduction, energy security, sustainable livelihoods in rural areas and poverty reduction, among others.

Q-1 How much amount of -(a) agricultural biomass waste and (b) livestock waste are grossly generated per annum?

Not Sure (Will get information from Agriculture Department)

Q-2 How are most of the agricultural biomass wastes utilized or treated? (Please <u>check all</u> <u>appropriate boxes</u>)

- □ as secondary raw material input (for paper, bioplastic, furniture, etc.)
- □ biogas/electricity generation
- composts/fertilizers
- □ mostly left unutilized or open dumped
- \Box mostly open burned

Q-3 What specific policies, guidelines, and technologies are introduced for efficient utilization of agricultural biomass waste and livestock waste as a secondary material inputs towards full scale economic benefits? Relevant websites could be shared for additional information.

- Agriculture National Strategic Plan 2014 - 2023

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack of capacity knowledge
- Lack of funding
- Lack of consultations were not done in a proper channel or manner for the project to meet the needs of Tuvalu
- Lack of trainings and awareness
- Lack of equipment and technology to implement such initiatives.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Nanumea Biomass funded by AUSAID
- Amatuku Biomass funded by AUSAID (Unsuccessful)
- Waste Biomass funded by AUSAID (Incomplete & Unsuccessful)
- Amatuku and Nanumea Biogas Chamber for Cooking funded by USP EU Global Climate Change Alliance Project.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

. Agriculture National Strategic Plan 2014 – 2023

- 2. Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan2017-2026
- 3. International Waters (IW) Project Pilot project for pig waste management and composts
- 4. "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 2030

II. 3R Goals	s in Rural Areas			
Goal 11	Promote full scale use of agricu reuse and/or recycle measures a including GHG emission reducti areas and poverty reduction, amo	s appropri	ate, to achieve a nu y security, sustainab	imber of co - benefits
Is this Go	al relevant for your country? 🛛 🔲	Highly	\Box Partially	\Box Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes
Goal 12 Strengthen regional, national, and local efforts to address the issue of waste, in particular plastics in the marine and coastal environment.
Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are in place to address the issue of plastic wastes in coastal and marine environment?
 Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 Waste Management Act 2017
Q-2 What extent issue of plastic waste is considered in integrated coastal zone management (ICZM)? (Please check the appropriate box) □ Very much □ Somehow □ Not at all
Q-3 Please provide a list of centre of excellences or dedicated scientific and research programmes established to address the impacts of micro-plastic participles (<5 mm) on coastal and marine species? If yes, please provide relevant websites.
- Tuvalu Fisheries Centre
Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:
 Lack of public response to awareness programmes Lack of suitable equipment Lack of human resource
 Illegal dumping of foreign fishing vessels Limited land space for dumping of foreign vessels wastes
<i>Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant</i>
 Joint cleaning up programmes to conservation areas Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)
 Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 National Strategic Plan ("Te Kete") 2021 - 2030

Is this Goal relevant for your country?
□ Highly □ Partially □ Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 13 Ensure environmentally-sound management of e-waste at all stages, including collection, storage, transportation, recovery, recycling, treatment, and disposal with appropriate consideration for working conditions, including health and safety aspects of those involved.

Q-1 How do people usually recycle their e-waste (waste electrical and electronic equipment)? (Please check the appropriate box in order of priority by filling in numbers like 1, 2, 3, 4,....etc., for example 1 => Highest priority)

Check if	Number in	
applicable	priority order	
	1	Take to recycling center / resource recovery facilities
	2	Take to landfill
	3	Take to the retailer
	3	Take to local charity for re-use
	1	Take to second-hand shop for re-use
	3	Ship back to the manufacturer
	4	Ship back to the manufacturer
	1	Recycle in another country
	3	Do not know how people dispose

Q-2 What specific policies and regulations are in place to ensure health and safety aspects of those involved in e-waste management (handling/sorting/resource recovery/recycling)?

- Waste Management Act 2017
- Waste Regulation 2018
- Waste Bye-Laws

Q-3 How much amount of e-waste is generated and recycled per year?

Type of e-waste	Estimated total volume generated	% of collected by permitted recycler	% of volume recycled in collected
Television	(ton/year) 1.5	5%	N/A
Computer	2.5	20%	N/A
Mobile phone	1	2%	N/A
Refrigerators	5	30%	N/A
Washing machines	3	35%	N/A
Air conditioners	2	20%	N/A
Others			

Others..

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack capacity and training to carry e-waste management
- No recycling facility in country
- No proper equipment for handling/sorting/resource recovery/recycling of e-wastes.
- Lack funding support to assist with the e-waste programs
- Lack of Human Resource

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026

- Waste Levy Regulation to charge electronic and electrical equipment imported

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III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 13 Ensure environmentally-sound management of e-waste at all stages, including collection, storage, transportation, recovery, recycling, treatment, and disposal with appropriate consideration for working conditions, including health and safety aspects of those involved.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- Waste Management Act

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

☐ Highly ☐ Partially

 \Box Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 14 Effective enforcement of established mechanisms for preventing illegal and inappropriate export and import of waste, including transit trade, especially of hazardous waste and e-waste.

Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are introduced to prevent illegal import and export of e-waste?

- Waste Management Act 2017

Q-2 Do you have required number of well-trained custom or other officials (for airport. sea-port, land border control, etc.) to track illegal export and import of e-waste? □ Yes □ No

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack of funding and resources
- Lack of capacity and knowledge to carry out activity
- Lack of proper coordination at the national level eg. Environment Department, Customs and Department of Waste Management
- Lack of training and awareness.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Waste Levy Regulation

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- Waste Management Act 2017
- Special collection services for e-waste

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

□ Partially

 \Box Not at all

□ Highly

III. 3R Goa	Is for New and Emerging Wastes
Goal 15	Progressive implementation of " extended producer responsibility (EPR) " by encouraging producers, importers, and retailers and other relevant stakeholders to fulfill their responsibilities for collecting, recycling, and disposal of new and emerging waste streams, in particular e-waste.
	t specific Extended Product Responsibility (EPR) policies are enacted or introduced? is none, then skip Q-2 below)
	aste Levy Regulation e-paid collection bag
Q-2 Pleas	se provide a list of products and product groups targeted by EPR nationally?
- Al	l electronic and electrical equipment are included
Challenge	es (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
- La - La	ack of capacity ack of training and awareness ack of funding to implement the EPR program ack human resources to carry out and enforce the EPR program.
-	s of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – vebsites where relevant
	aste Levy Regulation re-paid collection bag
	t policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake xt five years (2016~2021)
- Wa	avalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 aste Levy Regulation re-paid collection bag
Is this Go	<i>pal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all

III. 3R Goals for New and Emerging Wastes

Goal 16 Promote the 3R concept in health-care waste management.

Q-1 What specific policies and regulations are in place for healthcare waste management?

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- Waste Management Act 2017
- Public Health Act 2008

Q-2 What is the total annual government expenditure towards healthcare waste management (US\$ per year)?

Not available

Q-3 List the agencies or authorities responsible for healthcare waste management.

Ministry of Health and Department of Waste Management

Q-4 What is the common practice for disposal of healthcare wastes?

(Please check the appropriate box and add if any other practice followed)

open dumping (untreated)

 \Box open burning (untreated)

□ ordinary landfilling (untreated)

□ sanitary landfilling (treated)

Low cost small scale incineration (do not meet air emission standards)

□ Highly controlled air incineration (dedicated/modern medical waste incinerators)

 \Box Other methods (please specify names:

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack of capacity and knowledge on how to deal with health care wastes.
- Need more national trainings and awareness on health care wastes.
- Storage equipment.
- Public Health Act 2008 is outdated and needs to Review.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Health care waste collection
- Nappies collection

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- Waste Management Act 2017
- Public Health Care Waste 2008

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

Country Name: Tuvalu

IV. 3R Goa	als for Cross-cutting Issues			
Goal 17	Improve resource efficiency wide in all economic and deve			eening jobs nation -
	nt specific policies and guide urability, environment/eco-frien			et standard (towards
- N	one			
	t specific energy efficiency sc ce sector?	hemes are inti	roduced for produc	ction, manufacturing
- N	ot Sure			
Q-3 Wha	t specific policies are introduce	d to create gre	een jobs in product	and waste sector?
- N	ot Sure			
0	es (policy/ institutional/ techno Capacity and funding	logical/ financ	cial) faced in impler	mentation:
	s of pilot projects, master plar vebsites where relevant	ıs and/or poli	cies developed or ı	ınder development –
-	nt policies/programmes/project ext five years (2016~2021)	s/master plan	s the government	plans to undertake
Is this Go	oal relevant for your country?	🗖 Highly	□ Partially	\Box Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 18 Maximize co-benefits from waste management technologies for local air, water, oceans, and soil pollution and global climate change.
Q-1 Please share how climate mitigation is addressed in waste management policies and
programmes for co-benefits?
- Minimize carbon dioxide and methane from green waste
Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:
- Lack of equipment
- Lack of knowledge
- Lack of human resource
Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development –
include websites where relevant
- Composting programme
- Commercial gardening
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake
within next five years (2016~2021)
- Tuvalu integrated waste policy and action plan 2017 – 2026

- IW Project – reduce pig waste that cause soil pollution

	Is this Goal relevant for your country?	🗖 Highly	\Box Partially	\Box Not at all
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Goal 19 Enhance **national and local knowledge base and research network on the 3Rs and resource efficiency**, through facilitating effective and dynamic linkages among all stakeholders, including governments, municipalities, the private sector, and scientific communities.

Q-1 What specific policies are introduced to encourage triangular cooperation between government, scientific & research institutions and private/business sector in 3R areas?

- Waste Management Act

Q-2 Please share the number and list of dedicated scientific institution, or coordinating centers in the areas of 3Rs (e.g., waste minimization technologies, eco-products, cleaner production, recycling technologies, industrial symbiosis, resource efficiency, etc.)?

- University of the South Pacific
- SPREP

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack of capacity/

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- None

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- None

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

Highly \Box Partially

 \Box Not at all

IV. 3R Goa	ls for Cross-cutting Issues			
Goal 20	Strengthen multi-stakehold private sector in raising consumption and producti- change of the citizens and c	public awareness on, and resource	and advancing efficiency, leadin	the 3Rs, sustainable
~	central government have of			-
	3R-related policies and r	regulations? Whic	h stakeholders	are involved in the
<u> </u>	P(Please <u>check all</u> applicable)			
□ NGOs			trial Association	
Local	Government		emic Institution	
□ Others	s, please add/specify ()		
	t is the level of NGOs' involu efficiency related promotiond		-	-
□ Very ł	high 🗖 Moderate	□ Low	C	Almost Negligible
D Very 1	<i>n and consumption and reso</i> high	Low		Almost Negligible
	es (policy/ institutional/ techr	nological/ financia	l) faced in imple	mentation:
- Lack funds and resources				
 Lack National Training and Awareness. Poor coordination with Stakeholders 				
	of pilot projects, master pl		s developed or	undar davalonmant _
	ebsites where relevant	uns unu or policie	s developed of t	anuer uevelopment –
	a Recycling Company recyclin	ng scrap metals an	d aluminum cans	
-	2. Awareness programmes on waste management			
	an Union Programme Estima			
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)				
 Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 – 2030 Waste Management Act 2017 				
Is this Go	al relevant for your country?	P 🗖 Highly	\Box Partially	\Box Not at all

Goal 21 Integrate the 3Rs in formal education at primary, secondary, and tertiary levels as well as non-formal education such as community learning and development, in accordance with Education for Sustainable Development.

Q-1 Provide a list of formal programmes that addresses areas of 3R and resource efficiency as part of the academic curriculum?

- Waste management have been integrated as part of health science in Primary School level.
- Constant Awareness programmes to all Pre-Schools on the main island including 3R's

Q-2 Please provide an overview of the Government policies and programmes to promote community learning and development (non-formal education) on 3R and sustainable waste management.

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021–2030
- Awareness programs focusing on 3R for communities and schools.

Q-3 Please provide a list of academic and research institutions offering PhD programmes in the areas of 3Rs and resource efficiency?

University of the South Pacific

Q-4 Please provide a list of management institutions (offering BBA / MBA courses) which have integrated resource efficiency and life cycle assessment (LCA) as part of their curriculum or course development?

University of the South Pacific

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack funds and resources.
- Lack of awareness programmes due to limited funds available.
- Need assistance in the integration of the 3Rs in formal education.

- Long procedures and process to integrate the 3Rs in formal education.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 2030

Is this Goal relevant for your country?
☐ Highly □ Partially □ Not at all

Country Name: Tuvalu

Goal 22 Integrate the 3R concept in relevant policies and programmes, of key ministries and agencies such as Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Trade and Commerce, Ministry of Energy, Ministry of Water Resources, Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Construction, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Labour, Ministry of Land and Urban Development, Ministry of Education, and other relevant ministries towards transitioning to a resource-efficient and zero waste society.

Q-1 Please list the name of the Ministries and major Government Agencies which are promoting 3R and resource efficiency as part of their policy, planning and developmental activities at local and national level.

- Department of Waste Management
- Department of Environment
- Tuvalu Overview Project
- Fisheries Department
- Tuvalu non-Governmental Organizations
- Funafuti Town Council
- Department of Trade

Q-2 What type of coordination mechanism are there among ministries and agencies for a resource efficient economic development?

Official regular coordination meeting among ministries and agencies

- □ Official ad-hoc coordination meeting among ministries and agencies
- □ Informal meeting among ministries and agencies
- Other coordination mechanisms (please add/specify)

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Insufficient funding and resources.
- Lack of National training regarding 3R.
- Lack of facility to conduct training.
- Human resource

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 2030
- Tuvalu Government Roadmap 2019 2022

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

Goal 23	Promote green and socially responsible procurement at all levels, thereby creating
	and expanding 3R industries and markets for environmentally-friendly goods and
	products.

Q-1 What specific policies are introduced to promote green and social responsible procurement?

- Tuvalu Energy Efficiency Act

Q-2 Please provide details of eco-labelling schemes of your country.

- Energy Consumption Stars (The Tuvalu Efficiency Act) recommended the Australian Standard (4 Stars)

Q-3 Please provide a list of criteria for eco-labeled products and services in your country.

- Not Available

Q-4 Please provide the list of Ministries and major Government Agencies which have adopted green procurement policy.

- Energy Department
- Tuvalu Electricity Corporation

Q-5 What % of municipalities have adopted the green procurement policy?

- Not available

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Importation of low quality products
- Chinese business imported Chinese products who does not meet the standard level of product and of course the environmentally- friendly goods.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Tuvalu 100% renewable energy by 2025
- Energy Efficiency Act regulate certified products who meet the standard energy efficiency level to be imported.

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Energy efficiency Act
- Tuvalu 100 % Renewable Energy target by 2025

<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all	v? ☐ Highly
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IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 24 Phase out harmful subsidies that favour unsustainable use of resources (raw materials and water) and energy, and channel the freed funds in support of implementing the 3Rs and efforts to improve resource/energy efficiency.
Q-1 Are there any government subsidy programmes that directly or indirectly favour unsustainable use of resources (raw materials, water, and energy)? If so, please provide a list of such programmes along with the responsible Ministry or Agency administering and implementing it.
- Yes Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:
- Lack of Funding
<i>Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant</i>
- Not Sure
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)
- Not Sure
<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all

Goal 25 Protect public health and ecosystems, including freshwater and marine resources by eliminating illegal activities of open dumping, including dumping in the oceans, and controlling open burning in both urban and rural areas.

Q-1 Is waste management a public health priority in your country?

- Yes

Q-2 What are the rules and regulations to prevent open dumping and open burning of waste?

- Waste Management Act 2017
- Waste Regulation 2018

Q-3 Rank the five most important rivers in terms of water quality (BOD values) passing through major cities and urban areas?

- None

Q-4 What are the specific laws, rules and regulations in place to prevent littering in river and water bodies?

- Waste Management Act 2017

Q-5 What are the specific laws, rules and regulations in place to prevent marine littering?

- Waste Management Act 2017
- Waste Regulation 2018

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack enforcement of Policy and Regulations.
- Lack funds and resources.
- Lack human resources to implement and enforce laws.
- Difficulties in changing behavior of communities.
- Lack of awareness and training at the national level.
- Lack of proper equipment to carry out testing of the pollution/contamination of water and marine.

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- None

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Waste Management Act 2017
- Waste Regulation 2018
- Pacific Marine Programme
- Marine Poilution Act 1992

Is this Goal relevant for your country? Highly Partially Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues	
Goal 26 Facilitate the international circulation of re-usable and recyclable resources as well as remanufactured products as mutually agreed by countries and in accordance with international and national laws, especially the Basel Convention, which contributes to the reduction of negative environmental impacts and the effective management of resources.	
Q-1 What are major recycling industries in your country?	
- None	
Q-2 Please specify the regulation on transboundary movement of hazardous waste.	
- Tuvalu is party to the Waigani/Basel Convention but not a member to the Basel Convention	
Q-3 If your government has restriction on import of non-hazardous waste or quality control of non-hazardous waste, please list it up.	
- Fertilizers	
Q-4 Does your government restrict import of remanufactured goods?	
- Yes	
Q-5 Does your government regard remanufactured goods as secondhand goods, and regulate it as secondhand goods?	
- Yes	
 Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation: Lack of awareness and training at the national level. Lack of funding and resources. No policy in place. Tuvalu is not a member to the Basel Convention but it is a party to the Waigani Convention. 	
<i>Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant</i>	
- None	
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)	
- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026	
<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all	

IV. 3R Goals	s for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 27	Promote data collection, compilation and sharing, public announcement and application of statistics on wastes and the 3Rs, to understand the state of waste
	management and resource efficiency.
Q-1 Please give an overview on availability of various data and information on material flow	

Q-1 Flease give an overview on availability of various and and information on material flow and waste management by checking (X or \checkmark) the appropriate boxes. (Please respond on both "Data Availability" and Monitoring Base")

Data Type	Data Availability			Monitoring Base	
	Good	Very limited	No data exist	Good	Not good
Waste generation	✓			\checkmark	
Material flow		\checkmark			~
Cyclical use		✓			✓
Amount of final disposal	~			✓	
Disposal to land	~			~	
Direct disposal to water			✓		✓
Import of waste			✓		✓
Export of waste		√		✓	
Total landfilled waste	~			~	
Import of recyclables			✓		✓
Export of recyclables		√		~	
Hazardous waste generation (solid, liquid, sludge, etc.)		~		✓	
e-waste generation		~		✓	

(Please add any other date type relevant to your country)

Q-2 What are the current and planned government policies and programmes to strengthen data and information availability in waste sector?

- Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 2026
- "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 2030
- Island Strategic Plans

Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:

- Lack training and awareness.
- Lack knowledge and capacity.
- Lack of human resource

Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant

- Waste Levy Regulation
- Waste Database

Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)

- Waste Collection

- Establishment of the Transfer and Recycling Station

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues				
Goal 27	Promote data collection, of application of statistics on management and resource eff	wastes and	0, 1	
<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all				

Goal	28 Promote heat recovery (waste-to-energy), in case wastes are not re-usable or recyclable and proper and sustainable management is secured.
~	What are the government policies and programmes, including incentives, for -to-energy programmes?
_	Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026.
-	"Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 – 2030
Chall	enges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
-	Lack of training and capacity building in waste – to – energy.
-	Lack funding.
-	Lack resources.
-	Lack proper technology to implement such new initiatives of waste – to – energy.
-	Not encouraging incineration due to green house gases related to climate change
Exam	ples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development -
inclu	le websites where relevant
-	Training Provided
-	rtant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake
within	1 next five years (2016~2021)

Is this Goal relevant for your country?
☐ Highly Partially □ Not at all

IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues		
Goal 29 Promote overall regional cooperation and multi-stakeholder partnerships based on different levels of linkages such as government-to-government, municipality-to-municipality, industry-to-industry, (research) institute-to-institute, and NGO-to-NGO. Encourage technology transfer and technical and financial supports for 3Rs from developed countries to less developed countries.		
Q-1 Please provide a list of on-going bilateral/multi-lateral technical cooperation in 3R areas?		
Basel/Waigani Convention		
<i>Q-2 What actions are being taken to promote inter-municipal or regional cooperation in areas of waste exchanges, resource recovery, recycling, waste-to-energy and trade of recyclables?</i> Export of Recyclable Cans to Korea		
Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation:		
Lack of Machines to crush cans		
<i>Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant</i> Department of Waste Management Facebook Page		
Important policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within next five years (2016~2021)		
<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country</i> ? Highly Partially Not at all		

	0 Pay special attention to issues and challenges faced by developing countries
Goal 3	
<u>01</u>	including SIDS in achieving sustainable development.
	lease describe any past and on-going cooperation with SIDS (Small Island Developing
states)	countries in 3R areas.
-	Waigani Convention.
-	Stockholm Convention.
	SPREP Regional trainings on 3R and waste management.
-	PRIF Pilot project on recyclable wastes
~	ease list 3R related projects linked to climate change, biodiversity, disaster managemen
and su	stainable tourism. (This is <u>to be reported by SIDS countries only</u>)
_	IW Project under the Ridge to Reef Project
_	Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project under Green Climate Fund (GCF)
_	Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter)
Challa	nges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
-	Lack of funding
-	Equipment
-	Equipment Human resource
-	Human resource
- - - Exami	Human resource Land space
-	Human resource Land space oles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development -
-	Human resource Land space oles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant
includ -	Human resource Land space oles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project
includ - -	Human resource Land space oles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project
includ - - -	Human resource Land space oles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter)
includ - - - Import	Human resource Land space oles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter) tant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake
includ - - - Import	Human resource Land space bles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter) tant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertak next five years (2016~2021)
includ - - - Import	Human resource Land space bles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter) tant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertak next five years (2016~2021) Climate Change Act
includ - - Import within - -	Human resource Land space bles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter) tant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertak next five years (2016~2021) Climate Change Act Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy
includ - - Import within - -	Human resource Land space bles of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development - e websites where relevant IW Project Tuvalu Climate Adaptation Project Saugavaka Project (focusing on dry pig litter) tant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertak next five years (2016~2021) Climate Change Act

IV. 3R	Goals for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 3	Promote 3R + "Return" concept which stands for Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and "Return" where recycling is difficult due to the absence of available recycling industries and limited scale of markets in SIDS, especially in the Pacific Region.
	<i>That specific policies, programme, including pilot projects, are implemented to promote Return" concept? (This is to be reported by SIDS countries only)</i>
- - -	Recycling of scrap metals and aluminum cans through exporting overseas. Waste oils are exported to Fiji for recycling through the Pacific Energy. Green Waste diversion for composting.
Challe	enges (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
-	Limited scale or markets for recycled materials.
-	Market for scrap metals is low.
-	Exporting of recyclable wastes overseas is costly.
-	Lack of training and awareness to the private sector on 3R+Return.
-	Lack of proper equipments and technology for processing of recyclable wastes for export.
-	Lack of funds and resources.
-	No 3R+Return policy in place.
-	ples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development –
includ	e websites where relevant
-	Exporting or scrap metals and aluminum can for recycling overseas by Katoaga
	Recycling Company.
-	Exporting of waste oils to Fiji by Pacific Energy Ltd.
-	Green waste diversion for composting by department of Waste Management.
- Impar	Waste Levy for imports.
-	tant policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake next five years (2016~2021)
-	Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026.
-	"Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 – 2030.

<i>Is this Goal relevant for your country?</i> Highly Partially Not at all
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IV. 3R Goals for Cross-cutting Issues Goal 32 Complete elimination of illegal engagement of children in the informal waste sector and gradually improve the working conditions and livelihood security, including mandatory provision of health insurance, for all workers. Q-1 What is the approximate market size (in US\$) of the informal waste sector? Havent Evaluate and will let known later -Q-2 Number of annual labor inspections in waste sector? 80 -Q-3 Is health insurance a mandatory to all informal workers in waste sector by law? _ Yes Q-4 What specific policies and enforcement mechanisms are in place to prevent illegal engagement of children in waste sector? Waste Management Act -**O-5** Number of landfill sites accessible to register waste pickers? 1 on the Capital and so the outer islands have 1 too -Q-6 Average life span of informal waste workers? - 65 years *Q***-7** Any government vaccination programmes for informal waste workers? Yes Q-8 Any public awareness programmes for informal waste workers on health and safety measures? - Yes Challenges (policy/institutional/technological/financial) faced in implementation: Financial and technical Examples of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development – include websites where relevant Department of Waste Management Facebook page Important policies/programs/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake within *next five years (2016~2021)* - None

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 \Box Partially

 \Box Not at all

Highly

Is this Goal relevant for your country?

Country Name: Tuvalu

IV. 3R Goa	als for Cross-cutting Issues
Goal 33	Promote 3Rs taking into account gender considerations.
-	use give a brief assessment on how the national, provincial and municipal ents incorporate gender considerations in waste reduction, reuse and recycle.
ac	urrently gender is considered in all 3R's programmes mainly in community base tivities. Both the National and local government ensured gender is observed and actice at all levels of development.
Challeng	es (policy/ institutional/ technological/ financial) faced in implementation:
- La	ack of awareness and training.
- La	ack of resources and funds.
- C	ulture and the mindset of the communities
Example	s of pilot projects, master plans and/or policies developed or under development –
include w	vebsites where relevant
- C	leaning up campaign included all gender
- Tu	uvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026 encourages gender balance
in	acquiring new positions
Importan	t policies/programmes/projects/master plans the government plans to undertake
-	xt five years (2016~2021)
	avalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 – 2026
	b Kata" National Churcher of fan Crasteinelle Deselonment 2021 - 2020

- "Te Kete" National Strategy for Sustainable Development 2021 - 2030

Is this Goal relevant for your country?
Highly
Partially
Not at all

Q- Please provide a brief comprehensive summary of important 3R and resource efficiency policies /programmes/ projects/ master plans of your country.

3R is envisioned as one of the Department of Waste Management goals to achieve this year in accordance with the Tuvalu Integrated Waste Policy and Action Plan 2017 - 2026. In doing so, the department will strive to setup its Waste Levy Regulation and Prepaid Bag System this year as one of the initiatives to address the issue of waste.

A study visits at the end of January to Palau, one of the successful island states in the Pacific on its recycling programs to study and to obtain its financial mechanism related to its Container Deposit Legislation.

More youth will engage in collection, compacting and storage of collected cans from the public. This will help to create jobs to lower the number of unemployment in the country which leads to a high crime rates.